

**SCREENING HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

**Prepared for**

**Duck and Otter Creeks Partnership, Inc.  
6200 Bayshore Drive  
Oregon, Ohio 43618-1024**

**Prepared by**

**Tetra Tech EM Inc.  
200 East Randolph Drive, Suite 4700  
Chicago, Illinois 60601**

**October 28, 2005**

# CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS .....	iv
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT .....	vi
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY .....	1
1.0 INTRODUCTION .....	1
1.1 SCREENING HHRA SCOPE .....	1
1.2 SCREENING HHRA TECHNICAL APPROACH .....	2
1.3 SCREENING HHRA ORGANIZATION .....	3
2.0 DATA EVALUATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF COPCS .....	3
2.1 DATA COLLECTION AND EVALUATION .....	3
2.1.1 Sources of Secondary Data .....	3
2.1.2 Data Evaluation Methodology .....	4
2.2 COPC IDENTIFICATION .....	6
2.2.1 Evaluation of Detection Frequency .....	8
2.2.2 Evaluation of Essential Nutrients .....	8
2.2.3 Use of a Toxicity-Concentration Screen .....	8
3.0 EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT .....	12
3.1 EXPOSURE SETTING CHARACTERIZATION .....	12
3.2 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL .....	15
3.2.1 Potential Receptors and Exposure Pathways .....	15
3.2.2 Exposure Scenarios .....	16
3.3 EXPOSURE QUANTIFICATION .....	18
3.3.1 EPC Calculations .....	19
3.3.2 Pathway-Specific Intake Equations and Exposure Parameters .....	21
4.0 TOXICITY ASSESSMENT .....	21
4.1 TOXICITY VALUES FOR CARCINOGENIC COPCs .....	21
4.1.1 SF Development .....	21
4.1.2 SFs for PCBs .....	22
4.1.3 SFs for PAHs .....	23
4.2 TOXICITY VALUES FOR NONCARCINOGENIC COPCs .....	24
4.2.1 Reference Dose Development .....	24
4.2.2 RfDs for PCBs .....	24
4.2.3 RfDs for PAHs .....	25
4.2.4 Lead .....	25
4.3 ESTIMATION OF TOXICITY VALUES FOR DERMAL EXPOSURE .....	26
5.0 RISK CHARACTERIZATION .....	27
5.1 RISK CHARACTERIZATION METHODOLOGY .....	28
5.2 HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION METHODOLOGY .....	29
5.3 QUALITATIVE RISK CHARACTERIZATION – SEDIMENT .....	31
5.3.1 Comparison to EPA Region 9 Residential Soil PRGs .....	31
5.3.2 Comparison to Exposure Area Concentrations .....	31
5.4 QUALITATIVE RISK CHARACTERIZATION – FISH TISSUE .....	31

## CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>		<u>Page</u>
5.5	RESULTS .....	32
	5.5.1 Quantitative Risk Characterization Results .....	32
	5.5.2 Qualitative Sediment Results .....	40
	5.5.3 Qualitative Fish Tissue Results .....	41
	5.5.4 Summary .....	43
6.0	UNCERTAINTIES .....	44
6.1	DATA EVALUATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF COPCs .....	44
6.2	EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT .....	46
	6.2.1 Identification of Complete or Potentially Complete Exposure Pathways .....	46
	6.2.2 Estimation of Receptor- and Exposure Pathway-specific Exposures .....	46
6.3	TOXICITY ASSESSMENT .....	47
	6.3.1 Extrapolation of Animal Data to Humans .....	48
	6.3.2 Limited Availability of Chemical-Specific Data .....	48
	6.3.3 Modeling of SFs .....	48
	6.3.4 Estimation of Toxicity Values for Dermal Exposure .....	48
6.4	RISK CHARACTERIZATION .....	49
	REFERENCES .....	50

## FIGURES

- 1 SITE LOCATION
- 2 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATIONS BY YEAR
- 3 SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATIONS BY YEAR
- 4 HUMAN HEALTH CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL
- 5 HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS
- 6 EXPOSURE DOSE EQUATIONS

## TABLES

- 1 SECONDARY DATA SOURCES
- 2 SEDIMENT-SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR DUCK CREEK
- 3 SEDIMENT-SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR OTTER CREEK
- 4 SURFACE WATER-SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR DUCK AND OTTER CREEK COMBINED
- 5 SEDIMENT-SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL REACHES OF DUCK CREEK
- 6 SEDIMENT-SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL REACHES OF OTTER CREEK
- 6a COMPLETE LIST OF SEDIMENT ANALYTES
- 6b COMPLETE LIST OF SURFACE WATER ANALYTES
- 7 IDENTIFICATION OF SURFACE WATER CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
- 8 IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN
- 9 HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS
- 10 EXPOSURE PARAMETER VALUES
- 11 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC SURFACE AREA CALCULATIONS
- 12 CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC INPUT FACTORS FOR DERMAL EXPOSURE RESULTS
- 13 MEDIUM-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS
- 14 TOXICITY FACTORS
- 15 COMPARISON OF MAXIMUM DETECTED SEDIMENT CONCENTRATIONS TO U.S. EPA REGION 9 RESIDENTIAL SOIL PRGs
- 16 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 3 (OC-3)
- 17 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 4 (OC-4)
- 18 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 5 (OC-5)
- 19 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 2 (DC-2)
- 20 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 3 (DC-3)
- 21 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 4 (DC-4)
- 22 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, RISK, AND HAZARD RESULTS: EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 5 (DC-5)
- 23 SUMMARY OF EXPOSURE AREA, RECEPTOR-, AND EXPOSURE PATHWAY-SPECIFIC AND TOTAL RISKS AND HAZARDS

## APPENDIXES

- A PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG, DUCK AND OTTER CREEK SITE VISIT, FEBRUARY 2 AND 3, 2005
- B ANALYTICAL RESULTS



## ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

ADD	Average daily dose
AScI	AScI Corporation
AWQC	Ambient water quality criterion
BEC	BEC Laboratories, Inc.
COPC	Chemical of potential concern
CSM	Conceptual site model
DL	Detection limit
ELCR	Excess lifetime cancer risk
ENVIRON	ENVIRON International Corporation
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EPC	Exposure point concentration
ETC	Environmental Testing and Certification Corporation
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
G.I.	Gastrointestinal
GCN	Generic cleanup number
GOF	Goodness-of-fit
HHRA	Human health risk assessment
HQ	Hazard quotient
IEUBK	Integrated Exposure Uptake Biokinetic Model for Lead in Children
LADD	Lifetime average daily dose
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect levels
MAOC	Maumee River Area of Concern
NCP	National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan
OEPA	Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
OERR	Office of Emergency and Remedial Response
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
OSWER	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response
PAH	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons
Partnership	The Duck and Otter Creek Partnership, Inc.
PbB	Blood lead concentration
PBT	Persistent bioaccumulative toxin
PCB	Polychlorinated biphenyl
PCDD	Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin
PCDF	Polychlorinated dibenzofuran

ppm	Parts per million
PTRL	PTRL Environmental Services, Inc.
QAPP	Quality assurance project plan
RAGS	Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund
RBRG	Risk-based remediation goals
RCRIS	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information System
RfD	Reference dose
RME	Reasonable maximum exposure
SF	Slope factor
SQL	Sample quantitation limit
SVOC	Semivolatile organic compound
TEF	Toxicity equivalent factor
Tetra Tech	Tetra Tech EM Inc.
TTL	Toledo Testing Laboratory, Inc.
UCL	Upper confidence limit
USCB	U.S. Census Bureau
USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
USDC	U.S. Department of Commerce
WSU	Wright State University
XRF	X-ray fluorescence

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

This screening human health risk assessment was completed as part of Phase 1 of a two-phased human health and ecological risk assessment study of Duck and Otter Creeks. Phase 1 was funded by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Great Lakes National Program Office (GLNPO).

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Duck and Otter Creeks watershed in the Maumee River Area of Concern has been an urban and industrial hub on Lake Erie for over 100 years. As a result, the health of both creeks has been impacted over time. Historical impacts on the creeks have included major habitat modifications and degradation of water and sediment quality. A sediment quality assessment of Duck and Otter Creeks was completed in 1999, and the assessment report identified the potential for sediment toxicity and bioaccumulation-related risks (that is, risks related to contaminant concentrations building up in receptor tissues) to ecological receptors. Human health risks were noted to be a matter of concern because individuals may wade or play in publicly accessible areas of the creeks. However, the report did not specifically assess potential exposures or characterize risks to human receptors associated with the creeks.

The Duck and Otter Creek Partnership, Inc. (Partnership) has planned a two-phase human health and ecological risk assessment study for Duck and Otter Creeks. The overall purpose of the study is “to determine whether sediment contaminants pose a significant risk to human health or the environment, and if so, to identify specific chemicals contributing to toxicity and define the spatial extent [where risks are located] of risks [to human and ecological receptors].” This screening human health risk assessment (HHRA) was prepared as part of the first phase of this study.

The screening HHRA was prepared in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) guidance. The primary guidance document upon which the screening HHRA is based is called “Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A)” and is referred to as RAGS. This document recommends preparing a risk assessment that includes four primary parts: data evaluation and identification of chemicals of potential concern (COPC), exposure assessment, toxicity assessment, and risk characterization.

Data evaluation concerns how and which data are selected for use in the risk assessment. It is important to understand that no new samples were collected in order to prepare the screening HHRA. Only data and materials generated previously by other organizations and individuals were used. The “secondary data” used in the screening HHRA was carefully selected following a plan developed in accordance with policies and procedures recommended by EPA’s Great Lakes National Program Office.

COPCs are those chemicals that may be associated with the site and that are present at concentrations that could potentially result in adverse health effects to people. COPCs were identified using a conservative

process that helped make sure no potentially significant chemicals were overlooked. COPCs identified for the screening HHRA included: metals, volatile organic compounds, semivolatile organic compounds, including a class of chemicals referred to as polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) which are typically associated with incomplete combustion, pesticides, and polychlorinated biphenyls.

The exposure assessment looks at where, how, and which people may be exposed to COPCs in Duck and Otter Creek. Risk assessors review where the contamination is located, what kinds of activities people engage in that may result in their exposure in the creeks (for example, walking along or wading in the creeks), and how people may come into contact with COPCs in sediment or surface water (for example, directly contacting contaminated sediment or drinking water from the creeks). Specifically, the exposure assessment looked at the following:

- **Where:** For surface water the exposure assessment looked at exposure throughout both Duck and Otter Creeks. For sediment, Duck and Otter Creek were each divided into five different segments called exposure areas and exposures were calculated for each area. Fish ingestion was considered only in Hecklinger Pond, the upstream-most segment of Duck Creek (exposure area DC-1).
- **How:** The screening HHRA looked at ingestion of and direct contact with surface water, ingestion of and direct contact with sediment, and ingestion of fish tissue.
- **Who:** The screening HHRA looked at adults, youths (age 7 to 18), and children (age 1 to 6)

Exposures were calculated using equations and input values recommended by EPA and OEPA. The input values were selected to generate a reasonable maximum exposure (RME) – that is, the highest reasonably expected exposure. For sediment in exposure areas where only a small number of samples were collected, exposures were estimated by comparing concentrations to EPA- and OEPA-recommended screening levels and to concentrations measured in other exposure areas.

The toxicity assessment identifies values that reflect how much of an adverse health effect may result from potential exposure to a COPC. Adverse effects are grouped into two general types: carcinogenic (that is, cancer forming) and non-carcinogenic (for example, liver effects or impacts to the central nervous system). COPC-specific toxicity values were identified in accordance with EPA recommendations.

The risk characterization combines the exposure assessment and toxicity assessment parts of the risk assessment and produces estimates of carcinogenic risk (risk) and non-carcinogenic hazards (hazards). Risks represent the probability of an individual developing cancer. A risk of 1E-04 (or  $1 \times 10^{-4}$ ) represents one chance in an exposed population of 10,000 people. Calculated risks were compared to

EPA's acceptable risk range of 1E-06 to 1E-04. Risks were also compared to OEPA's statewide goal of 1E-05 for total additive carcinogenic risk. Hazards are calculated as a ratio of the calculated exposure and an acceptable exposure associated with no adverse effects. Hazards were compared to a value of 1 which represents OEPA's statewide goal for additive non-carcinogenic risk.

Risks and hazards for sediment in the two upstream-most (northern) exposure areas in Otter Creek (OC-1 and OC-2) and for Hecklinger Pond (DC-1) were evaluated qualitatively by comparing concentrations to screening values and to concentrations measured in other sediment exposure areas. Risks and hazards from potential ingestion of fish from Hecklinger Pond were also evaluated qualitatively by comparing fish tissue concentrations to acceptable levels.

The results of the risk characterization are summarized below:

- All risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water are less than 1E-06 and 1, respectively
- All hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment are less than 1
- Risks calculated for all sediment exposure areas in both creeks exceed EPA's point of departure (1E-06) in all exposure areas except for adult-, youth-, and child-specific risks in the downstream-most exposure area in Duck Creek (DC-5)
- Risks calculated for sediment exposure areas DC-2, DC-3, and DC-4 equal or exceed OEPA's statewide goal of 1E-05
- Sediment risks are driven by potential exposure to PAHs, particularly benzo(a)pyrene
- Based on a qualitative evaluation, potential exposure to lead may be associated with elevated risks only in exposure area OC-4. This result is driven by a lead concentration measured at a single sediment sample location in this exposure area.
- Based on a qualitative evaluation, infrequent consumption of fillets from fish caught in Hecklinger Pond is not expected to be associated with significant risks or hazards to human receptors. However, individuals who consume fish from Hecklinger Pond on a more regular basis may experience risks greater than 1E-06.

The screening HHRA results are subject to uncertainty introduced in all of the four primary parts of the process. The largest sources of uncertainty are associated with (1) the collection of medium-specific samples by different organizations, for different reasons, and using different techniques and the analysis of these samples using different laboratory procedures and (2) relatively small number and representativeness of medium-specific samples.

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

The Duck and Otter Creeks watershed in the Maumee River Area of Concern (MAOC) has been an urban and industrial hub on Lake Erie for over 100 years (see Figure 1). As a result, the health of both creeks has been impacted over time. Historical impacts on the creeks have included major habitat modifications and degradation of water and sediment quality. Despite significant improvements in water quality in the creeks, sediment contamination remains a concern. A sediment quality assessment of Duck and Otter Creeks was completed in 1999, and the assessment report identified the potential for sediment toxicity and bioaccumulation-related risks to ecological receptors (ChemRisk 1999). However, the report also noted that additional data collection was required to determine whether the potential adverse effects actually posed a threat. Human health risks were noted to be a matter of concern because individuals may wade or play in publicly accessible areas of the creeks. However, the report did not specifically assess potential exposures or characterize risks to human receptors associated with the creeks.

The Duck and Otter Creek Partnership, Inc. (Partnership) has planned a two-phase human health and ecological risk assessment study for Duck and Otter Creeks. The overall purpose of the study is “to determine whether sediment contaminants pose a significant risk to human health or the environment, and if so, to identify specific chemicals contributing to toxicity and define the spatial extent of risks [to human and ecological receptors]” (Partnership 2004). As part of the first phase of this study, Tetra Tech EM Inc. (Tetra Tech) has prepared this screening human health risk assessment (HHRA) for Duck and Otter Creeks. The methodology and assumptions used to prepare the screening HHRA were previously submitted to and discussed with the Partnership (Tetra Tech 2005d, 2005e). In addition to potential sediment exposures, the Partnership agreed to consider potential surface water and fish tissue exposures.

The rest of this section summarizes the scope of the screening HHRA (Section 1.1), the overall technical approach (Section 1.2) of the screening HHRA, and the organization of the screening HHRA (Section 1.3).

### **1.1 SCREENING HHRA SCOPE**

Consistent with the Partnership’s objective, the screening HHRA focuses on potential exposures, and carcinogenic risks (risks) and noncarcinogenic hazards (hazards) associated with potential exposures to human receptors in the creeks themselves (for example, potential exposure to contaminants in surface water, sediment, and aquatic biota [e.g. fish]). Contamination present near or adjacent to the creeks will

be addressed as potential sources of in-creek contamination. However, the screening HHRA does not quantitatively address potential exposure to contaminants present in media outside of the creeks.

As suggested by its title, the screening HHRA represents the first step in assessing potential human exposures to contaminants in media from Duck and Otter Creeks and characterizing risks and hazards associated with these exposures. Data gaps (e.g. limitations) associated with the available analytical data necessitate modifications of standard risk assessment procedures in some cases as discussed elsewhere in this document. Uncertainties introduced as a result of these limitations and modifications are discussed in the uncertainty section of this report. It is the Partnership's intent that the results of this screening HHRA, supplemented with analytical data associated with samples collected in the future to fill identified data gaps, will be used to prepare a final HHRA as part of Phase 2 of the overall study.

## **1.2 SCREENING HHRA TECHNICAL APPROACH**

The screening HHRA will be conducted in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance. Some of the key EPA guidance documents that will be used to conduct the screening HHRA are listed below. This list is not comprehensive, and other EPA guidance documents as well as documents prepared by other organizations may also be used as appropriate.

- EPA. 1989. "Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume 1: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A)" (RAGS). Interim Final. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response (OERR). Washington, DC. EPA/540/1-89/002. December.
- EPA 1991. "RAGS, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Standard Default Exposure Factors." Interim Final. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive 9285.6-03. March 25.
- EPA 1992. "Guidance for Data Usability in Risk Assessment (Part A) Final." OERR. Publication 9285.7-09A. April.
- EPA 1997. "Exposure Factors Handbook." Volumes 1 through 3. Office of Research and Development. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa, -Fb, and -Fc. August.
- EPA. 2002. "Calculating Upper Confidence Limits for Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites." OSWER 9285.6-10. December.
- EPA 2003. "Human Health Toxicity Values in Superfund Risk Assessments." OSWER Directive 9285.7-53. December 5.



- EPA 2004a. “ProUCL Version 3.0 User’s Guide. Prepared by A. Singh, A.K. Singh, and R.W. Maichle.” National Exposure Research Laboratory Environmental Sciences, Technical Support Center for Monitoring and Site Characterization.
- EPA 2004b. “Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment). Final. OSWER. EPA/540/R/99/005. July.

### **1.3 SCREENING HHRA ORGANIZATION**

As described in EPA guidance, an HHRA is typically conducted in four basic steps (EPA 1989). These four steps are (1) data evaluation and identification of chemicals of potential concern (COPC), (2) exposure assessment, (3) toxicity assessment, and (4) risk and hazard characterization. These four steps and uncertainties associated with the screening HHRA process are discussed in Sections 2.0 through 6.0, respectively. References, figures, tables, and appendixes cited in the text are presented after Section 6.0.

## **2.0 DATA EVALUATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF COPCS**

The primary objectives of this section are to discuss the sources of analytical data available for media associated with Duck and Otter Creeks (Section 2.1) and to discuss methods that were used to identify COPCs for the screening HHRA (Section 2.2). COPCs are chemicals carried through the screening HHRA for which risks and hazards are estimated.

### **2.1 DATA COLLECTION AND EVALUATION**

Data relevant to Duck and Otter Creeks are available from a variety of sources. This data is considered secondary data since it was generated by others; no new sampling in the creeks was conducted to support the screening HHRA. These sources are summarized in Section 2.1.1. The methods used to evaluate analytical data from these sources for the purpose of identifying data that will be used in the screening HHRA are summarized in Section 2.1.2. Secondary data sources were identified and evaluated in accordance with the site-specific secondary quality assurance project plan (QAPP) (Tetra Tech 2005b).

#### **2.1.1 Sources of Secondary Data**

Secondary data relevant to Duck and Otter Creeks are available from a variety of sources. Much of the available data are from studies or sampling efforts conducted by the Ohio Environmental Protection

Agency (OEPA). The OEPA studies are typically part of an evaluation of the Maumee River Area of Concern (MAOC) and include studies of overall stream quality (OEPA 1994 and 1998, 1992 to 1998, 1995; ASci Corporation [ASCI] 1997) and stream quality in the vicinity of specific disposal or industrial operations along Duck and Otter Creeks (OEPA 1997a, 1997b, 1997c, 1998). Secondary data have also been generated as part of the following activities:

- Investigations of industrial operations along Duck and Otter Creeks (PTRL Environmental Services, Inc. [PTRL] 1997a, 1997b, 1997c; ENVIRON International Corporation [ENVIRON] and The Mannik & Smith Group, Inc. [Mannik & Smith] 2003)
- Preparation of spill reports and routine water quality sampling by the City of Oregon (2003, 2004a, 2004b, 2005a, 2005b, 2005c)
- Investigation of a release from the City of Toledo Wastewater Treatment Plant lime sludge ponds (City of Toledo 1988)
- Investigations of Hecklinger Pond (BEC Laboratories, Inc. [BEC] 1998, 2003, 2004; Environmental Testing and Certification Corporation [ETC] 1989; OEPA 2003; Toledo Testing Laboratory, Inc. [TTL] 1988; City of Toledo 1989a, 1989b, 1991; and Wright State University [WSU] 1991)

Tetra Tech commissioned an environmental database search for the Duck and Otter Creek watersheds (EDR 2005). The search effort identified and mapped sites along and releases to Duck and Otter Creeks that are listed in various government databases such as Ohio Spills, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information System (RCRIS), the hazardous material incident report system, and others. (Note: the results of this environmental database search have been provided to the Partnership in electronic format).

Table 1 summarizes the secondary data sources identified and the type and location of medium-specific samples associated with each data source. Figures 2 and 3 show the location of surface water and sediment sampling locations, respectively, by year associated with the identified secondary data sources.

### **2.1.2 Data Evaluation Methodology**

This section summarizes the evaluation process employed to determine whether to include and combine various analytical data sets in the screening HHRA. EPA's "Guidance for Data Usability in Risk Assessment (Part A) Final" identifies five primary criteria that ideally should be satisfied before data is used in a quantitative risk assessment (EPA 1992). These criteria are summarized below.

- Reports should be available to risk assessors that include site descriptions and present the sampling program design, sampling locations, analytical methods, detection limits, sampling results, and sample quantitation limits (SQL).
- Documentation should be available for review of sampling results as they relate to geographic locations (that is, chain-of-custody documentation, standard operating procedures, and field and analytical records).
- Sampling results should be available for each medium within an exposure area, should have been generated using a broad spectrum of analytical techniques, and should be accompanied by documentation of any field measurements needed to support fate and transport modeling.
- Acceptable analytical methods should have been used with SQLs capable of detecting concentrations of significant health concern.
- A data validation review should have been performed, including a consideration of data completeness, comparability, representativeness, precision, and accuracy.

These five criteria were the primary basis for determining the analytical data sets that will be combined for use in the screening HHRA (Tetra Tech 2005b). It should be noted that the data sets associated with the studies, investigations, and activities listed in Section 2.1.1 meet most of these criteria. However, not all of the data sets meet all of the criteria.

Specifically, some of the sediment samples collected as part of the Phase III – 1997 OEPA sampling program (OEPA 1992 to 1998) were analyzed using a variety of screening analytical procedures including x-ray fluorescence (XRF) and immunoassay tests. The sediment quality assessment report (ChemRisk 1999) noted a poor correlation between the results from the immunoassay tests and the corresponding fixed laboratory results. Although EPA encourages the use of field screening analytical techniques under the Triad approach (EPA 2004d), the screening data must have a reasonable correlation to the fixed laboratory results. Given the complexity of the sediment matrix (as reflected in the poor correlation between the screening and fixed and fixed laboratory results), the availability of existing fixed laboratory data, and the expectation that additional fixed laboratory results will be collected as part of Phase 2 of the project, the existing screening data were not considered in the screening HHRA.

Uncertainties associated with using analytical results from data sets that do not meet all of EPA's recommended criteria are discussed in Section 6.0.

## **2.2 COPC IDENTIFICATION**

Medium-specific COPCs were identified using a four-step process applied to all available secondary data determined to be usable in the screening HHRA (EPA 1989, 1992). The first step in the COPC identification process for each medium was to identify all chemicals that were positively identified in a least one sample, including chemicals with no data qualifiers and chemicals with data qualifiers indicating known identities but unknown concentrations (for example, J-qualified data). Summary statistics were calculated for all detected chemicals as discussed in Section 2.2.1

### **2.2.1 Summary Statistics**

The following summary statistics were calculated for chemicals in Duck and Otter Creek sediment and surface for both the complete data sets (that is, all reaches combined), as well as for individual reaches within each creek (sediment only): (1) the number of detected samples, total number of samples, and detection frequency; (2) the minimum and maximum reported concentration for censored (nondetect) data; (3) the minimum and maximum reported concentration for detected data; (4) the arithmetic mean; (5) the geometric mean; and (6) the 50<sup>th</sup>, 90<sup>th</sup>, and 95<sup>th</sup> percentiles. In addition, for chemicals within individual reaches of both creeks, distribution tests were conducted and calculations of the upper confidence limit (UCL) of the mean and exposure point concentrations (EPC) were performed. The calculation of EPCs is discussed further in Section 3.3.1.

Statistical results for the full sediment data sets for Duck and Otter Creeks are provided in Tables 2 and 3, respectively, the full surface water data set in Table 4, and sediment statistical results for individual reaches for each creek are provided in Tables 5 and 6. Tables 6a and 6b present complete lists of all sediment and surface water analytes, respectively. Details of the methods for calculating each of the parameters in the summary tables are provided below.

The minimum and maximum concentrations were reported separately for detected and censored (nondetect, or data below the detection limit [DL]) data. For censored data, the values represent the minimum and maximum DL. For calculations of the mean and percentiles, one-half the DL was substituted for each censored datum. Both the arithmetic and geometric means were reported. The geometric mean was calculated by taking the arithmetic mean of the natural logs of the data, and back-transforming the mean to original units. The percentiles were calculated using a nonparametric approach (that is, based on the rank-ordered concentrations) following methods described in Gilbert (1987).

As discussed in RAGS, these initial medium-specific lists of chemicals may be reduced based on the following factors (EPA 1989):

- Comparison with appropriate background concentrations
- Evaluation of detection frequency
- Evaluation of essential nutrients
- Use of a toxicity-concentration screen

In addition to the four factors recommended by EPA as listed above, the screening HHRA also considered factors and methods recommended by OEPA (OEPA 2005b). Specifically, OEPA provided recommendations regarding:

- Persistent bioaccumulative toxins (PBT)
- Consideration of the cumulative impact of multiple contaminants
- Appropriate medium-specific screening levels

Finally, various secondary data included results for biological samples and indices, general water quality parameters, and non-specific parameters. With the exception of analytical results associated with fish tissue samples associated with Hecklinger Pond, the screening HHRA did not consider these biologically-related data.

Appropriate background concentrations were not identified for either surface water or sediment. Therefore, only the last three EPA-recommended criteria, as well as consideration of PBTs as recommended by OEPA were used to identify COPCs for the screening HHRA. (Note: OEPA's recommendations regarding the cumulative impact of multiple contaminants and the selection of appropriate medium-specific screening levels are addressed as part of the use of a toxicity screen). Tables 7 and 8 document the basis for each chemical's retention as a COPC in surface water and sediment, respectively. Each of the criteria used to select COPCs is briefly discussed below in Sections 2.2.1 through 2.2.6.

### **2.2.1 Evaluation of Detection Frequency**

EPA's RAGS states "Chemicals that are infrequently detected may be artifacts in the data due to sampling, analytical, or other problems, and therefore may not be related to site operations or disposal practices (EPA 1989). However, RAGS also cautions that an evaluation of a chemical's detection frequency in one medium must consider the following additional factors:

- A chemical's potential relationship to site operations
- A chemical's detection in other media
- The concentration at which a chemical was detected in each medium

Historically, a detection frequency of 5 percent has often been used as a basis for identifying COPCs (EPA 1989). The screening HHRA will eliminate chemicals as COPCs if they were detected in less than 5 percent of medium-specific samples, contingent on consideration of the additional factors listed above. Also, as discussed in Section 2.2.4, detected PBTs will be retained as COPCs regardless of the frequency at which they were detected in a particular medium.

### **2.2.2 Evaluation of Essential Nutrients**

In accordance with EPA guidance, essential nutrients such as magnesium, calcium, potassium, and sodium will be eliminated as COPCs in the screening HHRA (EPA 1989).

### **2.2.3 Use of a Toxicity-Concentration Screen**

The screening HHRA will compare the maximum concentration detected of each analyte to medium-specific screening levels. Chemicals for which the maximum detected concentration is less than the medium-specific screening level will be eliminated as COPCs in that medium except as described below. Sediment-specific analytical results were compared to EPA Region 9 residential soil preliminary remediation goals (PRG) (EPA 2004c). Surface water-specific analytical results were compared to OEPA's generic cleanup numbers (GCN) for direct contact with groundwater (OEPA 2005a).

As necessary, the chemical-specific screening levels were adjusted to reflect target risk and hazard targets of 1E-06 and 0.1, respectively. This required that EPA Region 9 residential soil PRGs based on a noncarcinogenic endpoint were multiplied by an adjustment factor of 0.1. Similarly, OEPA's GCNs,

based on both carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic endpoints were multiplied by an adjustment factor of 0.1.

The cumulative impact of multiple contaminants was considered when applying the toxicity-concentration screen. Specifically, all chemicals with a maximum detected concentration greater than medium-specific screening levels were retained as COPCs. Further, ratios of the maximum detected concentration to the medium-specific screening level for each chemical were calculated. These ratios were then summed. When the summed ratios exceeded OEPA's 1E-05 and 1 risk and hazard goals, chemicals contributing significantly to these risks and hazards were identified and retained as COPCs. Chemicals retained on this basis described as "contributes to cumulative risk" or "contributes to cumulative hazard."

#### **2.2.4 Persistent, Bioaccumulative Toxins (PBT)**

OEPA recommends retaining any detected PBTs as COPCs regardless of the frequency with which they were detected in a medium (OEPA 2005b). OEPA has identified the following chemicals as PBTs (OEPA 2005d):

- 4,4'-DDD
- 4,4'-DDE
- 4,4'-DDT
- Aldrin
- Benzo(a)pyrene
- Dieldrin
- Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
- Mercury

(Note: In comments received on the draft screening HHRA [Tetra Tech 2005f], OEPA requested that additional chemicals be identified and retained as COPCs because they were identified as PBTs in EPA [2004e] and OEPA [2005d]. A comparison of these additional PBT chemicals to existing COPCs revealed that six additional chemicals would have been identified as COPCs. These additional chemicals are: anthracene, beryllium, chlordane, chromium, heptachlor, and phenanthrene. These additional chemicals were not identified as COPCs for the purpose of the screening HHRA because they were

reported at maximum detected concentrations less than the screening levels discussed in Section 2.2.3. The impact of not including these six additional chemicals as COPCs is also discussed in Section 6.0).

In addition to retaining the seven individual chemicals listed above as COPCs (PCBs are a class of compounds), the following decisions were made regarding other chemicals as COPCs:

- In addition to benzo(a)pyrene, all detected carcinogenic polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) were retained as COPCs regardless of detection frequency
- All detected PCB aroclors were retained as COPCs regardless of detection frequency

### **2.2.5 Biological Results, Water Quality Parameters, and Non-Specific Parameters**

Secondary data included results for various biological samples and indices (results), water quality parameters, and non-specific parameters. In accordance with general risk assessment practices, HHRA do not consider (1) biological results unless human receptors are or could be exposed to chemicals present in biota, (2) water quality parameters, and (3) non-specific parameters. Therefore, except as described below, biological results, water quality parameters, and non-specific parameters were not considered in the selection of COPCs specifically and the screening HHRA in general. Each of these types of results and parameters is briefly discussed below.

#### **Biological Samples and Indices**

Secondary data considered in the screening HHRA included tallies of the number, lifestage, mass, and number of various biological species in Duck and Otter Creeks (OEPA 1992 to 1998, 1994 and 1998, and 1995). With the exception of information regarding the species, lifestage, and numbers of fish identified in Duck and Otter Creeks (these data were used to evaluate the presence of fishable populations in the creeks), these data were not considered in the screening HHRA. The reason these data were not considered is because it is unlikely that human receptors will be exposed to chemicals actually or potentially present in the biological species samples (e.g. invertebrates) except indirectly as a result of fish ingestion.

Similarly, OEPA evaluated the relative health and condition of Duck and Otter Creeks using several different biological indices. These indices included the index of biotic integrity, an invertebrate community index, and a qualitative habitat evaluation index. These data provide information that will be



used in an ecological risk assessment of the creeks. However, they are not useful for evaluating potential human exposures, and the risks and hazards associated with these exposures. Therefore, these data were not considered in the screening HHRA.

The only biological results considered directly in the screening HHRA were analytical results associated with fish tissue samples from fish collected in Hecklinger Pond (at the head of Duck Creek). COPCs in fish tissue samples were identified as described elsewhere in this section.

### **Water Quality Parameters**

A large number of surface water samples collected from Duck and Otter Creeks were analyzed entirely or in part for a large variety of general water quality parameters. These parameters include:

- Ammonia
- Biochemical oxygen demand
- Chemical oxygen demand
- Chloride
- Coliforms
- Conductivity
- Dissolved oxygen
- E. Coli
- Fecal coliforms
- Fecal streptococci
- Hardness
- Nitrate
- Nitrate + Nitrite
- Nitrite
- Nitrogen
- Oil and grease
- Oxidation reduction potential
- Phosphates
- Phosphorous
- Sulfide
- Temperature
- Total Kjeldahl nitrogen
- Total filterable residue
- Total nonfilterable residue
- Turbidity
- pH

These parameters are typically used to assess the overall quality of the water in water bodies. Also, toxicity factors which could be used to evaluate potential risks and hazards associated with these parameters are unavailable (EPA 2003). Therefore, these water quality parameters were not considered further in the screening HHRA.

## **Non-Specific Parameters**

Two types of compounds were analyzed for in a limited number of instances on a non-specific basis. Specifically, a small number of sediment samples reported analytical results in terms of total PCBs and total PAHs. In the majority of instances PCBs were analyzed for in terms of aroclors and PAHs were analyzed for in terms of specific compounds. Because toxicity factors are not available for total PCBs and total PAHs and the majority of the analytical results are presented in terms of specific PCB aroclors and specific PAH compounds for which toxicity factors are available, the analytical results associated with total PCBs and total PAHs were not considered in the identification of COPCs.

### **3.0 EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT**

This section discusses methods that will be used to estimate the type and magnitude of human exposure to COPCs in sediment, surface water, and aquatic life in Duck and Otter Creeks. Exposure is defined as contact with a chemical or physical agent (EPA 1989). The exposure assessment will consist of three fundamental steps: (1) exposure setting characterization, (2) exposure pathway identification, and (3) exposure quantification. Each of these steps is summarized below in Sections 3.1 through 3.3.

#### **3.1 EXPOSURE SETTING CHARACTERIZATION**

The exposure setting consists of the physical setting of the site and the human populations living near the site. Figure 1 shows the location of the Duck and Otter Creeks watershed. In general the area is mixed use with residential and commercial land use dominating along upstream and center portions of each stream, becoming more heavily industrial along the northern third of each stream. Sections 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 discuss general receptor locations and meteorology of the area, respectively. Section 3.1.3 discusses the demographics of the study area.

##### **3.1.1 General Receptor Locations**

The watershed is located in the MAOC along the boundary between Toledo and Oregon, Ohio. Specifically, Duck Creek is located in Toledo and discharges into the Maumee River, while Otter Creek is located in Oregon and discharges into Maumee Bay – a part of Lake Erie. Other population centers located around the watershed include Perrysburg, Rossford, Walbridge, Northwood, and Millbury. The

majority of the watershed is located in Lucas County. However, the southern portion of the watershed is located in Wood County.

### **3.1.2 Meteorology**

The climate in the area surrounding the watershed is cold in winter and warm and occasionally hot in summer. The average high temperature ranges from 87 degrees in July to 33 degrees in January. The highest recorded temperature was 105°F in 1999. The lowest recorded temperature was -16°F in 1985. The average monthly precipitation ranges from 3.84 inches in June to 2.00 inches in January. The average annual precipitation is 34 inches (USDA 1980).

### **3.1.3 Demographics**

In general, the following types of information are required to characterize the number, type, and location of potential human receptors (including sensitive subpopulations) that may be exposed to contaminants in the creeks.

- Population density
- Locations of special subpopulations (including children and elderly people)
- The estimated number of exposed individuals
- A detailed estimated of the exposed population

This information was collected for increasing distances from a point located at the approximate center of the Duck and Otter Creeks watershed up to a maximum of 6 miles and is summarized below.

#### **Demographic Information**

Based on 2000 U.S. Census Bureau (USCB) population data, approximately 214,000 people live within 6 miles of the approximate center of the watershed (U.S. Department of Commerce [USDC] 2002). The majority (about 94 percent) of the individuals living within 6 miles of the approximate center of the watershed are identified as being either white (about 68 percent) or black (about 26 percent). The population density varies between 4,640 and 3,057 people per square mile up to 2 miles from the approximate center of the watershed. The population density drops by about one-half beyond 2 miles,

ranging from about 1,555 to 2,053 people per square mile from 2 to 6 miles from the approximate center of the watershed (USDC 2002).

Population statistics were reviewed for the cities of Toledo and Oregon and for Lucas and Ottawa Counties – these two counties border Wood County (the county in which the watershed is located) to the west and east, respectively (USCB 2001). Based on this information, it is clear that the significant majority of the people living within 6 miles of the approximate center of the watershed reside in the City of Toledo. Also, based on information for the cities of Toledo and Oregon, it is expected that there are slightly more female and male receptors present within 6 miles of the approximate center of the watershed. Specifically, the split is about 47 percent male and 53 percent female. Also, approximately one-quarter of the population is under the age of 18 and about 12 percent is over the age of 65.

### **Special Subpopulations**

EPA defines special subpopulations as human receptors or segments in the population that may be potentially at higher risk because of receptor sensitivity to COPCs (for example, elderly, infants and children, and fetuses of pregnant women) (EPA 1989). Consistent with EPA guidance and for the purposes of the screening HHRA, special subpopulations were identified based on the location of hospitals and medical facilities, schools, retirement and nursing homes, and child care facilities. Each of these potential subpopulation groups is addressed below:

- **Hospitals** – there are 19 hospitals in the Toledo area and two hospitals in the Oregon area that are part of the Ohio Hospital Association or the Hospital Council of Northwest Ohio. The closest hospital to Otter Creek is St. Charles Mercy Hospital, which is approximately 0.5 mile from the creek at the intersection of Navarre and Wheeling Roads.
- **Schools** – there are approximately seven schools in the area in the City of Oregon. The school located closest to one of the creeks is First St. John Lutheran School which is located at 2471 Seaman Road about 0.25 mile from Otter Creek.
- **Retirement/Nursing Homes** – there are two or more retirement/nursing homes located near the creeks. The facility located closest to one of the creeks is the Lutheran Housing Service located just south of Duck Creek at its intersection with Wheeling Road.
- **Child Care Facilities** – the City of Oregon has approximately three child care facilities located near the creeks. The closest of these facilities is within about 0.5 mile of Duck Creek.

## **3.2 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL**

The screening HHRA characterizes risks and hazards to human receptors associated with potential exposures to COPCS in media in Duck and Otter Creeks. For the purposes of the screening HHRA, the potential future land use along both creeks is considered to be the same as the current land use. The single exception to this assumption is the potential development of the wetland located just downstream of Hecklinger Pond along Duck Creek as community ecological education center (Tetra Tech 2005a).

Figure 4 is a human health conceptual site model (CSM) for Duck and Otter Creeks under current land use conditions. The CSM links potential or actual releases to potential human exposures. Specifically, the CSM identifies (1) potential contaminant sources and mechanisms of release, (2) potential receptors and exposure pathways, and (3) exposure scenarios. The purpose of the screening HHRA is to characterize risks and hazards to human receptors. Therefore, potential contaminant sources and mechanisms of release into the creeks are identified only generally and are not discussed in detail in the screening HHRA. The remainder of this section summarizes potential receptors and exposure pathways (Section 3.2.1) and exposure scenarios (Section 3.2.2).

### **3.2.1 Potential Receptors and Exposure Pathways**

Identification and evaluation of potential current and future receptors and exposure pathways for Duck and Otter Creeks was performed based primarily on three factors: physical setting, field observations, and demographics. Potential receptors and exposure pathways were identified on these factors as summarized below.

#### **Potential Receptors**

Exposures within Duck and Otter Creeks are expected to occur almost exclusively as a result of recreational activities, including wading and hiking through and along the streams. Fishing is assumed to be limited primarily to Hecklinger Pond. Therefore, potential receptors are referred to as recreationalists. As shown in Figure 4, the screening HHRA will consider three potential receptor groups: child (1 to 6 years of age), youth (7 to 18 years of age), and adult recreationalists. Child recreationalists are assumed to be exposed exclusively in residential (or near residential) portions of the streams, as well as portions of the streams that pass through public recreational areas such as Collins Golf Course. Children are also

assumed to have de minimus exposure in the portions of the streams that pass through heavily industrial or isolated areas (generally, the northernmost portions of both streams).

Youth and adult recreationalists are assumed to be potentially exposed throughout the length of both streams. However, exposures are expected to be most frequent in those sections of the streams that pass through residential or near residential areas and public recreational areas, and least frequent in those sections of the streams that pass through more heavily industrial and isolated areas.

Municipal, industrial, and commercial workers may also be exposed to COPCs in surface water and sediment in Duck and Otter Creeks. However, worker's exposures are assumed to occur as part of their work duties that are subject to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations. Accordingly, it was assumed that these workers will follow appropriate health and safety plans as required by OSHA. These health and safety plans may include the use of personal protective equipment (such as gloves and rubber boots) designed to eliminate or reduce potential exposures. Therefore, the screening HHRA did not consider further any potential exposures by workers in Duck and Otter Creeks.

### **Exposure Pathways**

Receptors are expected to be potentially exposed to COPCs in Duck and Otter Creeks through a variety of exposure pathways as shown in the human health CSM (see Figure 4). The potentially complete exposure pathways that were evaluated in the screening HHRA include the following:

- Direct contact with surface water and sediment
- Incidental ingestion with surface water and sediment
- Ingestion of aquatic life (e.g. fish) (assumed to be limited to fish caught in Hecklinger Pond)

#### **3.2.2 Exposure Scenarios**

Complete exposure pathways and scenarios exist when a point of contact exists between an affected medium and a receptor. For Duck and Otter Creeks, potentially complete exposure scenarios are identified in the human health CSM (see Figure 4) and are associated with the following receptors:

- Child recreationalists (1 to 6 years of age)

- Youth recreationalists (7 to 18 years of age)
- Adult recreationalists

Portions of the creeks pass through residential areas. Some yards open directly onto the creeks (see Photographs No. 21 and 22 in Appendix A). In other cases, the creeks pass closely by school yards and Duck Creek passes through Collins Golf Course (see Photographs No. 9 through 11 in Appendix A). An area of woods along Otter Creek (near Starr Avenue) is used as a paint ball field (see Photographs No. 33 and 41 through 43 in Appendix A). Also, signs of all terrain vehicle (ATV) use have been observed near both creeks (see Photographs No. 28, 30, and 31 in Appendix A). All of these situations afford the opportunity for individuals to play and walk along the creeks or wade in the creeks.

It is assumed that no swimming takes place in either creek. This assumption is supported by the fact that the water depth is less than 2 feet in all but the downstream-most segments of both creeks (Tetra Tech 2005c; Quanterra 1997; City of Oregon 2004a, 2005c; OEPA 1995). The water depth in the downstream-most segments may reach 3 to 4 feet. However, these segments are isolated and accessibility is limited. Also, security is increased in these segments. Altogether, it is judged unlikely that receptors will swim in the downstream-most segments of both creeks. Also, Hecklinger Pond is posted with signs that state the pond is unsafe for water activities including swimming and fishing (see Photographs No. 16 and 17 in Appendix A). However, these signs may be removed in the future. Therefore, for the purposes of the screening HHRA, it was assumed that regular, but infrequent swimming takes place in Hecklinger Pond. The deepest portion of both creeks is the downstream portion (north end). Duck and Otter Creeks discharge into the Maumee River and Maumee Bay, respectively. The downstream-most one mile of each creek passes through heavily industrialized and relatively isolated areas. Also, security concerns have made access to the portion of Otter Creek north of Millard Avenue and the portion of Duck Creek north of the CSX rail crossing difficult (Tetra Tech 2005a).

Considering (1) the varying exposure potential and conditions along both Duck and Otter Creeks, (2) the distribution of medium-specific sampling locations, and (3) the distribution of medium-specific chemical concentrations along both creeks, the screening HHRA assessed receptor-specific exposures in specific portions of each creek rather than throughout the length of each creek (EPA 1989). Each of these creek portions is referred to as an exposure area. Figure 5 shows the locations of the five Duck Creek and five Otter Creek exposure areas that were considered in the screening HHRA. Table 9 identifies the boundaries of each creek-specific exposure area and provides a brief explanation of its selection.

### 3.3 EXPOSURE QUANTIFICATION

Exposure is defined as the contact of an organism with a chemical or physical agent. The magnitude of potential chemical exposure, which depends on the amount of a chemical available at human exchange boundaries (skin, lungs, and gut) during a specified time, were quantitatively assessed for the human receptors discussed in Section 3.2.

Exposure dose equations that consider contact rate, receptor body-weight, and frequency and duration of exposure will be used to estimate the intake or dose of each COPC for each receptor. Exposure doses will be calculated for the reasonable maximum exposure (RME) case, which represents the highest exposure reasonably expected to occur.

An exposure can occur over a period of time. The total exposure can be divided by the time period to calculate an average exposure per unit of time. An average exposure can be expressed in terms of body weight. All exposures quantified in the HHRA were normalized for time and body weight, are presented in units of milligrams of chemical per kilogram of body weight per day (mg/kg-day), and are termed “intakes.” Equation 1 is a generic equation for calculating chemical intake (EPA 1989).

$$D = (C * CR * EF * ED)/(BW * AT) \quad (1)$$

where

D	=	Dose: the amount of chemical at the exchange boundary (mg/kg-day); to evaluate exposure to noncarcinogenic chemicals, the intake is referred to as the average daily dose (ADD); to evaluate exposure to carcinogenic chemicals, the intake is referred to as the lifetime average daily dose (LADD)
C	=	Chemical concentration: the average concentration (referred to as the exposure point concentration [EPC]) contacted over the exposure period (for example, mg/kg for soil and mg/L for groundwater)
CR	=	Contact rate: the amount of contaminated medium contacted per unit of time or event (for example, mg/day for soil and L/day for groundwater)
EF	=	Exposure frequency: how often the exposure occurs (days/year)
ED	=	Exposure duration: how long the exposure occurs (years)
BW	=	Body weight: the average body weight of the receptor over the exposure period (kg)



AT = Averaging time: the period over which exposure is averaged (days); for carcinogens, the averaging time is 25,550 days based on a lifetime exposure of 70 years; for noncarcinogens, the averaging time is calculated as exposure duration (years) x 365 days/year

Variations of Equation 1 were used to calculate pathway-specific exposures to COPCs. The equations and parameter values used for each exposure pathway are presented in Figure 6 and Tables 10 through 12, respectively. The EPC calculations and pathway-specific intake equations and exposure parameters are discussed below. As noted in Section 3.2.1, fishing is assumed to occur within the Duck and Otter Creeks watershed (see Figure 1) only in Hecklinger Pond. However, signs stating that the pond is unsafe for water activities including fishing and swimming have been posted around the pond (see Photographs No. 16 and 17 in the appendix). Therefore, any fishing that takes place in Hecklinger Pond is assumed to be limited in frequency. It is further assumed that little or none of the fish caught in Hecklinger Pond are ingested. Accordingly, potential exposure to COPCs in the tissue of fish from Hecklinger Pond was evaluated qualitatively and not quantitatively as part of the screening HHRA.

### 3.3.1 EPC Calculations

The EPC is defined as the concentration of a COPC that a human receptor is exposed to at an exposure point. It was determined that an insufficient number of sediment analytical results were available to support calculation of EPCs in three of the 10 exposure areas – OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 (Hecklinger Pond). Therefore, the maximum detected concentration of each COPC in sediment was used as the EPC in these three exposure areas. Similarly, it was determined that an insufficient number of surface water analytical results were available to support calculation of EPCs within all exposure areas. Therefore, the maximum detected concentration of each COPC in surface water was used as the EPC for the entire surface water data set. The remainder of this section summarizes how medium-specific EPCs were calculated for sediment.

Calculations of the UCL were based on distribution-dependent formulae. Distribution testing was conducted for all chemicals with at least 5 samples and detection frequencies of at least 50 percent. Both graphical methods and statistical goodness-of-fit (GOF) tests were used to assign a best-fit distribution for each chemical. Graphical methods included the preparation of quantile probability plots, outlier box plots, and frequency histograms for three potential fits: normal, lognormal, and gamma. Statistical tests were conducted using two well-established GOF tests: the Shapiro-Wilk W test (for normal and lognormal distributions) and the Cramer-von Mises W test (for gamma distributions). All statistical tests used the five percent significance level (equivalent to the 95 percent confidence level) as the

cutoff for evaluating each potential distribution. Chemicals that did not fit any of the three distributions tested were listed as “nonparametric” in the summary tables.

A UCL of the mean was calculated for all chemicals with at least five samples. For chemicals with detection frequencies of at least 85 percent, one-half the DL was substituted for censored data, and calculations were performed following the protocols recommended in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency’s ProUCL software package (EPA 2004a). Following EPA (2004a) the UCL can be either a 95, 97.5, or 99 percent confidence limit.

For chemicals with detection frequencies less than 85 percent, stochastic methods were used following the “bounding” approach described in EPA (2002). This approach treats each censored datum as a random, uniform variable that can assume any value between zero and its respective DL. Monte Carlo simulation is used to develop a distribution of the range of possible estimates for each UCL based on the selection of a particular mathematical form for the UCL. Random surrogate values between zero and the reporting limit are used for individual censored measurements in each calculation (default is 2,000 calculations) of the UCL, therefore, the resulting distribution reflects the entire range of possible values that could be calculated for the UCL. Because substitution of random surrogate values is made for each censored measurement, this technique reflects the uncertainty contributed by varying levels of censored data, and is appropriate for samples with either single or multiple censoring limits.

Depending on the underlying distribution, one of three mathematical models was used to calculate the UCL: normal distributions (Student’s t), skewed distributions (minimum variance unbiased Chebyshev method), and nonparametric distributions (nonparametric Chebyshev method). For chemicals with detection frequencies less than 50 percent (that is, formal distribution testing was not conducted), the distribution was treated as nonparametric. The 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of each distribution was used as the UCL reported in the summary tables.

The EPC was calculated as the lesser of the UCL and the maximum detected concentration for sediment and the maximum detected concentration for surface water. Exposure area-specific sediment EPCs are documented in Tables 5 and 6 for Duck and Otter Creeks, respectively. Surface water EPCs are documented in Table 4. Medium-specific EPCs are summarized in Table 13.

### **3.3.2 Pathway-Specific Intake Equations and Exposure Parameters**

The pathway-specific intake equations and exposure parameter values used to estimate receptor-specific exposures under RME conditions for each exposure pathway are presented in Figure 6 and Tables 10 through 12, respectively. Chemical-specific parameters referred to in Table 10 are presented in Table 12. The intake equations and exposure parameter values used in the screening HHRA were taken or adapted from EPA guidance documents, including RAGS (EPA 1989); “Exposure Factors Handbook” (EPA 1997); and “Dermal Exposure Assessment: Principles and Applications” (EPA 2004b). These documents provide guidance for selection of exposure parameters and were used along with information from peer-reviewed scientific literature to identify appropriate RME exposure parameter values.

## **4.0 TOXICITY ASSESSMENT**

This section discusses the toxicity values that were used to quantify potential adverse effects on human health associated with potential exposure to COPCs in Duck and Otter Creeks. These toxicity values include slope factors (SF) for carcinogenic COPCs and reference doses (RfD) for noncarcinogenic COPCs. The toxicity values used to assess the effects of carcinogenic COPCs are summarized in Section 4.1. The toxicity values used to assess the effects of noncarcinogenic COPCs are summarized in Section 4.2. Section 4.3 discusses the approach used to estimate toxicity values for evaluation of dermal exposure. Table 14 documents the carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic toxicity factors identified for each COPC.

### **4.1 TOXICITY VALUES FOR CARCINOGENIC COPCS**

This section discusses the development and use of SFs for quantifying the potential adverse effects on human health resulting from exposure to carcinogenic COPCs. Section 4.1.1 discusses the general development of SFs. Of the COPCs identified for Duck and Otter Creeks, PCBs and PAHs have unique aspects to their toxicity; therefore, development and use of SFs for these COPCs are discussed in Sections 4.1.2 and 4.1.3, respectively.

#### **4.1.1 SF Development**

The potential for exposure to a given chemical to result in carcinogenic effects is evaluated differently than for noncarcinogenic effects. The upper-bound excess lifetime cancer risk (ELCR) associated with a

given dose is calculated by multiplying the dose from a given route of exposure by an SF. An SF is an upper-bound estimate of the probability of a carcinogenic response per unit dose of a chemical over a lifetime. SFs are derived through use of mathematical models based on a high-to-low dose extrapolation and under the assumption that no threshold exists for initiation of cancer. Because of the use of the nonthreshold assumption and the UCL 95 of the slope of the dose-response curve, use of SFs provides a conservative, upper-bound estimate of potential cancer risks. The actual response to a given dose of a chemical is therefore probably less than the predicted response (EPA 1989).

SFs are specific to a chemical and a route of exposure and are generally available for both the oral (ingestion or gavage) and inhalation routes. SFs will be selected in accordance with EPA’s “Human Health Toxicity Values in Superfund Risk Assessments” (EPA 2003).

#### 4.1.2 SFs for PCBs

Most of the samples that were analyzed for PCBs were analyzed for a series of congener mixtures trade-named “Aroclors.” Based on EPA guidance (EPA 1996a) and a review of the major congener composition of commercial PCB mixtures, Aroclors were organized into three groups as described below.

- Group 1: Aroclors 1248, 1254, and 1260
- Group 2: Aroclors 1232 and 1242
- Group 3: Aroclors 1016 and 1221

Studies of these groups of Aroclors (or one or more Aroclors within a group) are the primary bases for the SFs developed by EPA for high risk and persistence, low risk and persistence, and lowest risk and persistence conditions. Based on EPA guidance and the IRIS database, SFs will be assigned as detailed below (EPA 1996a, 2005b). The three groups of Aroclors are, in some cases, identified as “PCB high,” “PCB low,” and “PCB lowest,” respectively.

<b>PCB Group</b>	<b>Exposure Pathway</b>	<b>Slope Factor (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup></b>
1 and 2	Fish ingestion Sediment ingestion Surface water ingestion Dermal contact with surface water and sediment	2
3	All complete exposure pathways	0.07

EPA's IRIS database recommends the use of RME-specific SFs for the low risk and persistence group of 0.4 and 0.3 (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup>, respectively, under specific circumstances. These SFs are applicable when the HHRA is evaluating (1) ingestion of water soluble congeners, (2) inhalation of evaporated congeners, or (3) dermal exposure (if no absorption factor has been applied) (EPA 1996a). Therefore, consistent with EPA guidance, the SFs for the high risk and persistence group were also applied to the low risk and persistence group (EPA 1996a).

#### 4.1.3 SFs for PAHs

The only PAH for which an SF has been developed is benzo(a)pyrene, whose SF is 7.3 (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup> (EPA 2005b). To characterize carcinogenic risks for the other six potentially carcinogenic PAHs, their carcinogenic potency relative to benzo(a)pyrene was estimated. For the purposes of the HHRA, EPA-derived benzo(a)pyrene toxicity equivalent factors (TEF) were used to derive PAH-specific SFs as shown in Equation 2.

$$\text{PAH-specific SF} = \text{SF for benzo(a)pyrene} \times \text{PAH-specific TEF} \quad (2)$$

The EPA-derived TEFs (EPA 1993) used to derive PAH-specific SFs are listed below.

<b>Compound</b>	<b>TEF</b>
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.01
Chrysene	0.001
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.1

## **4.2 TOXICITY VALUES FOR NONCARCINOGENIC COPCS**

This section discusses the development and use of RfDs for quantifying the potential adverse effects on human health resulting from exposure to noncarcinogenic COPCs. Section 4.2.1 discusses the general development of RfDs. Of the COPCs identified in Duck and Otter Creeks, PCBs and PAHs have unique aspects to their toxicity; therefore, development and use of RfDs for these COPCs are discussed in Sections 4.2.2 and 4.2.3, respectively. Toxicity factors are not available for lead. Section 4.2.4 discusses how the screening HHRA will assess lead toxicity.

### **4.2.1 Reference Dose Development**

Standard risk assessment models are based on the assumption that noncarcinogenic effects, unlike carcinogenic effects, exhibit a threshold; that is, a level of exposure exists below which no adverse effects are observed. The potential for noncarcinogenic health effects resulting from exposure to a COPC will be assessed by comparing an exposure estimate for intake to an RfD. The RfD represents an estimated daily intake rate for a noncarcinogenic COPC that is believed to pose no appreciable risk of adverse effects on human health, including the health of sensitive populations, during a lifetime. RfDs also apply to the noncarcinogenic effects of potential carcinogens.

An RfD is specific to a chemical and a route of exposure, such as ingestion or inhalation. Additionally, chronic and subchronic RfDs are developed for different periods of exposure. Chronic RfDs are used to evaluate exposures occurring over periods of more than 7 years, and subchronic RfDs are used to evaluate exposures occurring over periods of 2 weeks to 7 years. For the screening HHRA, chronic oral RfDs selected in accordance with EPA's "Human Health Toxicity Values in Superfund Risk Assessments" (EPA 2003) will be used.

### **4.2.2 RfDs for PCBs**

EPA's IRIS database lists oral RfDs of  $7E-05$  and  $2E-05$  mg/kg-day for Aroclors 1016 and 1254, respectively (EPA 2005b). Consistent with the Aroclor grouping described in Section 4.1.2, the oral RfD for Aroclor 1254 was used to represent Groups 1 and 2, and the oral RfD for Aroclor 1016 was used to represent Group 3.

### 4.2.3 RfDs for PAHs

EPA's IRIS database lists oral RfDs for six PAHs: acenaphthene, anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, naphthalene, and pyrene (EPA 2005b). For the purposes of the HHRA, oral RfDs will be assigned to additional PAHs using surrogates (EPA 1989). Under this approach, oral RfDs for acenaphthene, anthracene, fluoranthene, and pyrene were assigned to PAHs without oral RfDs based on structural similarities. Specifically, PAHs without oral RfDs were assigned the following surrogates:

- Acenaphthene was assigned as the surrogate for acenaphthylene.
- Anthracene was assigned as the surrogate for benzo(a)anthracene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, chrysene, and phenanthrene.
- Fluoranthene was assigned as the surrogate for benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene.
- Pyrene was assigned as the surrogate for benzo(g,h,i)perylene and benzo(a)pyrene.

### 4.2.4 Lead

Toxicity factors are not available for lead. The potential for human health effects as a result of exposure to lead is typically estimated on the basis of calculated lead concentrations in blood. EPA guidance recommends use of separate models for assessing risks associated with exposure to lead in soil by children and adults. Specifically, EPA recommends using the "Integrated Exposure Uptake Biokinetic Model for Lead in Children" (IEUBK), Version 0.99d, to assess lead exposure for children 0 to 7 years (84 months) of age (EPA 1994a, 1994b). To assess the risks associated with lead exposure for adults, EPA suggests use of the "Recommendations of the Technical Review Workgroup for Lead for an Interim Approach to Assessing Risks Associated with Adult Exposures to Lead in Soil" (EPA 1996b). Each of these models can be run in a "reverse" mode to obtain on-site lead concentrations that can be used as risk-based remediation goals (RBRG) to limit receptor-specific blood lead concentrations (PbB) exceeding 10 micrograms per deciliter ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$ ) to 5 percent or less.

Review of available analytical data for sediment samples from Duck and Otter Creeks indicates that lead has been detected at concentrations less than OEPA's generic, risk-based soil cleanup number of 245 mg/kg for residential direct contact exposure to lead in soils in all but one instance – lead was measured at an average concentration of 4,850 mg/kg at sediment sample location JME-019 located in exposure area

OC-4 between Consaul Street and the rail yard to the north. Also, receptor-specific exposures to sediment are expected to be less than exposure to soil under residential conditions. Therefore, an acceptable concentration of lead in sediments based solely on site-specific human exposure potential would be even higher than 245 mg/kg. No ambient water quality criterion (AWQC) for lead based on consumption of water and aquatic life is available. However, Duck and Otter Creeks are not used as sources for drinking water. Therefore, lead present in surface water from Duck and Otter Creeks is not expected to pose a significant risk to human health. These results indicate that potential exposure to lead in sediment and surface water in Duck and Otter Creeks are not expected to be associated with significant risks and hazards except, potentially, in a single sediment exposure area – OC-4. Therefore, potential exposure to lead will be further evaluated only in sediment exposure area OC-4 (see Section 5.5.1.2).

### **4.3 ESTIMATION OF TOXICITY VALUES FOR DERMAL EXPOSURE**

RfDs and SFs are not available for the dermal exposure pathway. However, in many cases, noncarcinogenic hazards and carcinogenic risks associated with the dermal exposure pathway can be evaluated using an oral RfD or SF (EPA 1989). Most oral RfDs and SFs are expressed as the amount of substance administered per unit time and unit body weight, or the administered dose. However, exposure estimates developed for dermal exposure to COPCs in soil or water are expressed as the amount of substance absorbed, or the absorbed dose. Adjustments are sometimes required to ensure that the exposure estimate and the toxicity value are both expressed as absorbed doses or are both expressed as administered doses.

To ensure that the exposure estimate and toxicity value are comparable, the toxicity value (RfD or SF), which is generally based on an administered dose, is adjusted to reflect an absorbed dose. Specifically, the oral RfD or SF for a COPC is adjusted using the gastrointestinal (G.I.) absorption efficiency for that COPC (EPA 1989). For a noncarcinogen, the absorbed dose RfD is the product of the oral administered dose RfD and the G.I. absorption efficiency. For a carcinogen, the absorbed dose SF is the quotient of the oral administered dose SF and the G.I. absorption efficiency. However, if the toxicity value derived is expressed as an absorbed dose, no adjustment is required.

In accordance with EPA guidance, adjustments to oral toxicity values should be performed only in instances where the G.I. absorption efficiencies are significantly less than 50 percent (EPA 2004b). The majority of COPCs identified for sediment and surface water have G.I. absorption efficiencies at or greater than 50 percent. However, at the request of OEPA (2005c), dermal toxicity values were



calculated using COPC-specific G.I. absorption efficiencies as described above (see Table 12). These dermal toxicity values were used to characterize risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water and sediment.

## **5.0 RISK CHARACTERIZATION**

This section summarizes the methods by which the carcinogenic risks and noncarcinogenic hazards associated with the exposure pathways identified in Section 3.0 will be characterized. Risks and hazards are characterized for individual COPCs, for multiple COPCs within each exposure pathway, and for exposures attributable to multiple exposure pathways, as appropriate. Carcinogenic risk estimates were derived based on LADDs, and noncarcinogenic hazard estimates were derived based on ADDs.

Sections 5.1 and 5.2 discuss the methodologies that were used to quantitatively characterize carcinogenic risks and noncarcinogenic hazards, respectively, for sediment exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, DC-3, DC-4, and DC-5 and for surface water.

Section 5.3 discusses the methodology that was used to qualitatively characterize carcinogenic risks and noncarcinogenic hazards associated with potential sediment exposures in exposure areas DC-1, DC-2, and OC-1. Quantitative exposures were not calculated for these exposure areas because of an insufficient amount of analytical data. Therefore, the risk characterization consists of a qualitative comparison of the maximum detected to screening levels and to EPCs and the range of detected concentrations in these three exposure areas to the range of detected concentrations for other exposure areas.

Section 5.4 discusses the methodology that was used to characterize carcinogenic risks and noncarcinogenic hazards associated with potential fish tissue exposures in exposure area DC-1 (Hecklinger Pond). Quantitative exposures were not calculated because the pond is posted with signs prohibiting fishing and it is assumed that regular ingestion of fish from the pond does not occur. Therefore, the risk characterization consists of a qualitative comparison of the measured tissue concentrations to screening or acceptable levels.

## 5.1 RISK CHARACTERIZATION METHODOLOGY

For carcinogenic COPCs, risk estimates represent the incremental probability that an individual will develop cancer over a lifetime as a result of exposure to the COPCs (EPA 1989). These ELCRs are calculated as shown in Equation 3.

$$\text{Upper-Bound ELCR (Risk)} = \text{LADD} \times \text{SF} \quad (3)$$

where

LADD = Lifetime average daily dose (mg/kg-day)

SF = Slope factor (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup>

Risk is expressed as a probability. For example, a risk of  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  indicates one additional case of cancer in an exposed population of 1 million. The SF in almost all cases represents a UCL 95 of the probability of a carcinogenic response based on experimental data used in a multistage model. The resulting risk estimate therefore represents an upper-bound estimate of the carcinogenic risk. The actual risk probably does not exceed the estimate and is likely to be less.

In the revised “National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan” (NCP) (EPA 1990), EPA has established an “acceptable” range for carcinogenic risk associated with exposure at Superfund sites of  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  to  $1 \times 10^{-4}$  (one case of cancer in an exposed population of 10,000). In general, a potential upper-bound risk of  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  is used by EPA as a point of departure for determining remediation goals. Although Duck and Otter Creeks are not Superfund sites, EPA’s range is relevant and appropriate for use in evaluating risk levels. In addition, the State of Ohio has adopted a statewide goal of 1E-05 for total additive carcinogenic risk.

Within a given exposure pathway, receptors may be exposed to more than one chemical. The total upper-bound risk associated with exposure to multiple chemicals through a single pathway is estimated as shown in Equation 4.

$$\text{Risk}_{(\text{EP})} = \text{Risk}_1 + \text{Risk}_2 + \dots + \text{Risk}_i \quad (4)$$

where

$\text{Risk}_{(\text{EP})}$  = Total risk for a given exposure pathway

$\text{Risk}_i$  = Risk estimate for the *i*th COPC

At particular exposure points, receptors may be exposed through a number of exposure pathways (see Figure 4). At each exposure point, the total exposure for a receptor equals the sum of the exposures through the various exposure pathways to which the receptor is exposed. Under each exposure scenario, exposure pathway combinations were developed for each receptor. The total risk posed to a receptor through a combination of pathways is calculated as shown in Equation 5.

$$\text{Total Risk} = \text{Risk (EP}_1\text{)} + \text{Risk (EP}_2\text{)} + \dots + \text{Risk (EP}_j\text{)} \quad (5)$$

where

Total Risk = Risk resulting from multiple exposure pathways

Risk (EP<sub>j</sub>) = Risk resulting from the jth exposure pathway

The approach described above is consistent with the widely held belief that the total carcinogenic risk associated with exposure to multiple carcinogenic COPCs can be estimated as the sum of the carcinogenic risks posed by individual COPCs (EPA 1986).

## 5.2 HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION METHODOLOGY

The potential for receptors to develop noncancerous health effects is characterized by comparing an intake for a specific exposure period (the ADD) to an RfD developed for a similar exposure period. When performed for a single chemical, this comparison yields a ratio known as the hazard quotient (HQ), which is calculated as shown in Equation 6.

$$\text{HQ} = \text{ADD/RfD} \quad (6)$$

where

ADD = Average daily dose (mg/kg-day)

RfD = Reference dose (mg/kg-day)

Generally, an HQ of less than or equal to 1 is considered to be health-protective. For example, the State of Ohio has adopted a statewide goal of 1 for total additive non-carcinogenic risk (hazard). An HQ exceeding 1 indicates a potential for adverse noncarcinogenic health effects (EPA 1989). For the purposes of the HHRA, chronic RfDs were used to characterize noncarcinogenic hazards for all receptor-exposure pathway combinations.

As with carcinogenic COPCs within a given exposure pathway, a receptor may be exposed to multiple substances associated with noncarcinogenic health effects. To estimate the total noncarcinogenic hazards for each exposure pathway, the procedures outlined in “Guidelines for the Health Risk Assessment of Chemical Mixtures” and RAGS (EPA 1986, 1989) were used in the HHRA. The total noncarcinogenic hazard attributable to exposure to multiple COPCs through a single pathway is calculated as shown in Equation 7.

$$HI_{(EP)} = HQ_1 + HQ_2 + \dots + HQ_i \quad (7)$$

where

$HI_{(EP)}$  = Total hazard index (HI) for a given exposure pathway

$HQ_i$  = Hazard quotient for the  $i$ th COPC

This summation methodology is based on the assumption that the effects of the various COPCs to which a receptor is exposed are additive.

The total noncarcinogenic hazard posed to a receptor through a combination of exposure pathways is calculated as shown in Equation 8.

$$\text{Total HI} = HI (EP_1) + HI (EP_2) + \dots + HI (EP_j) \quad (8)$$

where

$HI (EP_j)$  = Hazard index resulting from the  $j$ th exposure pathway

In accordance with EPA guidance, all total HIs exceeding 1 are further evaluated (EPA 1989). The total HI for an exposure pathway can exceed 1 as a result of the presence of either (1) a single COPC with an HQ exceeding 1 or (2) several COPCs whose HQ sum exceeds 1, but whose individual HQs do not exceed 1. In the second case, a detailed analysis is required to determine whether the potential for noncarcinogenic health effects is accurately represented by the total HI because the toxicological effects associated with exposure to multiple COPCs may not be additive; therefore, the total HI may overestimate the potential for noncarcinogenic health effects. To address this possibility, the primary contributors to the total HI are grouped according to target organ or effect, and the total segregated HI for each group is derived. This process is referred to as segregation of the HI.

Target organs and systems may be identified from a variety of sources. Typically, target organs and systems affected by each COPC are identified based on (1) effects (termed “critical effects” by EPA) that occur at levels of exposure corresponding to lowest observed adverse effect levels (LOAEL), or (2) effects at exposure levels slightly exceeding LOAELs, as appropriate (EPA 2005b). However, as noted in Section 5.5, receptor-specific hazards are driven by single COPCs or multiple COPCs of the same chemical class (for example, PAHs). Therefore, it was unnecessary to segregate the receptor-specific hazard results.

### **5.3 QUALITATIVE RISK CHARACTERIZATION – SEDIMENT**

As discussed above, a quantitative risk characterization was not performed for sediment in exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1. Instead, the risk characterization consists of a comparison of measured concentrations to generic screening levels and to contaminant concentrations measured in other stream segments. Specifically, Sections 5.3.1 and 5.3.2 present comparisons of the maximum detected COPC concentrations in each of these segments to EPA Region 9 residential soil PRGs and to maximum detected concentrations and EPCs as measured and calculated for other exposure areas (EPA 2004c).

#### **5.3.1 Comparison to EPA Region 9 Residential Soil PRGs**

The maximum detected COPC concentrations in exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 were compared to EPA Region 9 residential soil PRGs. Table 15 presents these comparisons and Section 5.5.2 discusses the results of the comparisons.

#### **5.3.2 Comparison to Exposure Area Concentrations**

The maximum detected COPC concentrations in exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 were compared to maximum detected concentrations and EPCs as measured and calculated for other exposure areas (see Tables 5 and 6). Section 5.5.2 discusses the results of the comparisons.

### **5.4 QUALITATIVE RISK CHARACTERIZATION – FISH TISSUE**

As discussed in Section 3.2.2, Hecklinger Pond is currently posted with signs warning that the pond is unsafe for fishing and that “fish caught in the area may be contaminated and unsafe to eat” (see Photograph No. 17 in Appendix A). Regardless of the presence of the warning signs, it is assumed that

some fishing in Hecklinger Pond occurs or could occur in the future. However, given the history of contaminant concerns in Hecklinger Pond and the variety of alternate fishing sites in the general area, it is likely that most fishing is of a recreational nature, all or the majority of fish are caught and released, and that no subsistence fishing occurs in the pond.

Potential risks and hazards associated with consumption of fish caught in Hecklinger Pond were evaluated using a qualitative comparison of the concentrations of chemicals (primarily PCBs) measured in the tissue of fish caught from the pond to levels recommended by the Food and Drug Administration and the Great Lakes Fish Task Force to be safe for consumption, and to risk-based concentrations (RBC) developed by EPA Region 3 (EPA 2005c).

## **5.5 RESULTS**

This section presents the risk characterization results based on the methodologies discussed in Sections 5.1 through 5.4. Specifically, Section 5.5.1 presents the quantitative risk characterization results associated with potential surface water (all exposure areas) and sediment (exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2 through DC-5) exposures. Section 5.5.2 presents the qualitative sediment risk characterization results for exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1. Section 5.5.3 presents the qualitative fish tissue risk characterization results for Hecklinger Pond (DC-1). Finally, Section 5.5.4 summarizes the results with particular focus on comparing the quantitative results across the creek-specific exposure areas.

### **5.5.1 Quantitative Risk Characterization Results**

This section presents the quantitative risk characterization results associated with potential surface water (all exposure areas) and sediment (exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2 through DC-5) exposures. Surface water results are discussed first in Section 5.5.1.1 followed by sediment results in Section 5.5.1.2.

#### **5.5.1.1 Surface Water Results**

As discussed in Section 3.3.1, risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water were evaluated using the maximum detected concentration of each COPC. This approach was selected because it was judged that an insufficient amount of analytical results were available to calculate exposure area-specific exposures, risks and hazards. For the purpose of the screening HHRA, the

maximum detected concentrations were combined with the exposure factors for exposure area OC-3. This exposure area was judged to be a good representative segment. The northern-most segments of both creeks are somewhat deeper than at OC-3. However, because these northern-most segments (OC-5 and DC-5) are more isolated and in a more heavily industrial area, it was assumed that these segments would be frequented somewhat less often than the more upstream segments of both creeks. The depth and exposure frequency aspects should largely cancel each other out, supporting the selection of OC-3 as a representative surface water exposure area.

As shown in Table 16, risks for adult, youth, and child receptors based on ingestion and dermal exposure pathways are less than 1E-06. Total risk (the sum of adult and child risks) is less than 1E-06 also. These results indicate that there are no significant receptor-specific risks associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water throughout both creeks based on available analytical data.

As shown in Table 16, the HQs for adult, youth, and child receptors based on ingestion and dermal contact exposure pathways are all less than 1E-02 and 1E-01, respectively. These levels are well below the OEPA's hazard goal of 1. Therefore, these results indicate that there are no significant receptor-specific hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water throughout both creeks based on available analytical data. As discussed in Section 6.0, all risk characterization results are associated with uncertainty from a variety of sources, including the relatively limited amount of surface water analytical data.

#### **5.5.1.2 Sediment Results**

Quantitative risk characterization results are available for eight exposure areas: OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, DC-3, DC-4, and DC-5. Results are discussed on an exposure area-specific basis (see Tables 16 through 22). For each set of results, risks are discussed first, followed by hazards. Exposure pathway-specific results are presented for each receptor group (adult, youth, and child). Total risks (the sum of adult- and child-specific results) are also presented. COPCs that contribute significantly ("risk drivers") are identified for all risk results greater than 1E-06 and all hazard results greater than 1. Table 23 presents a summary of the exposure area-specific results.

### **Exposure Area OC-3**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area OC-3 are presented in Table 16.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $1\text{E-}06$  and  $3\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $4\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 60 percent of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $1\text{E-}06$  and  $3\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of  $4\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 60 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $2\text{E-}06$  and  $2\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of  $4\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 60 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $3\text{E-}06$  and  $5\text{E-}06$ , respectively for an overall total risk of  $8\text{E-}06$ . All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 60 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than  $1\text{E-}02$ .

### **Exposure Area OC-4**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area OC-4 are presented in Table 17.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $1\text{E-}06$  and  $3\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $4\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely



by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 67 percent of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 1E-06 and 2E-06, respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of 3E-06, are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 67 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 2E-06 and 2E-06, respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of 3E-06, are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 68 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 3E-06 and 5E-06, respectively for an overall total risk of 7E-06. All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 67 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than 1E-01.

As discussed in Section 4.2, exposure area OC-4 is the only exposure area where the calculated lead EPC (887 mg/kg) exceeds the OEPA generic, risk-based soil cleanup number of 245 mg/kg for residential direct contact exposures to lead in soil (OEPA 2005a). The significant majority of lead values measured in sediment samples collected from both creeks, including in exposure area OC-4 are less than or slightly exceeding the 245 mg/kg value. As a result, EPCs for all other exposure areas were calculated to be less than this value. However, one sediment sample from exposure area OC-4, JME-019, that was collected in Otter Creek between the rail yard and Consaul Street (see Figure 5) had a lead concentration of 4,850 mg/kg (average of investigative and duplicate samples). This concentration is significantly higher than any other lead concentration found in either creek.

Two reasons suggest that the risk to human receptors associated with potential exposure to lead in sediment from OC-4 is not as high as it would appear based on a comparison of the exposure area-specific EPC and the OEPA generic screening level. First, the expected receptor-specific exposure for human receptors in Otter Creek is less than was assumed in calculating the generic residential screening value.

Therefore, a site-specific lead screening level would be greater than 245 mg/kg. Second, any risk from potential exposure to lead in OC-4 appears to be limited to the area near sample JME-019. This issue should be further evaluated in Phase 2 of the project.

### **Exposure Area OC-5**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area OC-5 are presented in Table 18.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 1E-06 and 3E-06, respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of 4E-06, are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, which contribute about 36 and 42 percent of the totals, respectively, of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 1E-06 and 2E-06, respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of 3E-06, are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, which contribute about 36 and 42 percent of the totals, respectively, of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 2E-06 and 2E-06, respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of 3E-06, are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, which contribute about 36 and 42 percent of the totals, respectively.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 3E-06 and 5E-06, respectively for an overall total risk of 8E-06. All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, which contribute about 36 and 42 percent of the totals, respectively.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than 1E-02.

## **Exposure Area DC-2**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area DC-2 are presented in Table 19.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $2\text{E-}06$  and  $6\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $8\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 73 percent of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $2\text{E-}06$  and  $5\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of  $7\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 73 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $3\text{E-}06$  and  $4\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of  $7\text{E-}06$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 73 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $5\text{E-}06$  and  $9\text{E-}06$ , respectively for an overall total risk of  $1\text{E-}05$ . All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 73 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than  $1\text{E-}03$ .

## **Exposure Area DC-3**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area DC-3 are presented in Table 20.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $3\text{E-}06$  and  $9\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $1\text{E-}05$ , are driven almost entirely

by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 74 percent of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $3\text{E-}06$  and  $7\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of  $1\text{E-}05$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 74 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $5\text{E-}06$  and  $5\text{E-}06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of  $1\text{E-}05$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 74 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $8\text{E-}06$  and  $1\text{E-}05$ , respectively for an overall total risk of  $2\text{E-}05$ . All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 74 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than  $1\text{E-}03$ .

#### **Exposure Area DC-4**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area DC-4 are presented in Table 21.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $5\text{E-}06$  and  $1\text{E-}05$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $2\text{E-}05$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 64 percent of the totals, respectively.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $5\text{E-}06$  and  $1\text{E-}05$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of  $2\text{E-}05$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 64 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $8\text{E}-06$  and  $9\text{E}-06$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of  $2\text{E}-05$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 64 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $1\text{E}-05$  and  $2\text{E}-05$ , respectively for an overall total risk of  $4\text{E}-05$ . All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 64 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than  $1\text{E}-02$ .

#### **Exposure Area DC-5**

Receptor-specific, exposure pathway-specific, and total risks and hazards for exposure area DC-5 are presented in Table 22.

For adults, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $2\text{E}-07$  and  $7\text{E}-07$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total adult risk of  $9\text{E}-07$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 79 percent of the totals.

For youth receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $3\text{E}-07$  and  $6\text{E}-07$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total youth risk of  $8\text{E}-07$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 79 percent of the totals.

For child receptors, risks associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as  $4\text{E}-07$  and  $4\text{E}-07$ , respectively. Both of these results, as well as the total child risk of  $8\text{E}-07$ , are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene which contributes about 79 percent of the totals.

Total risks (the sum of adult and child risks) associated with ingestion and dermal contact exposures were calculated as 6E-07 and 1E-06, respectively for an overall total risk of 2E-06. All of these results are driven almost entirely by potential exposure to PAHs – particularly benzo(a)pyrene, which contributes about 79 percent of the totals.

For adult, youth, and child receptors all hazards (ingestion, dermal contact, and total) are less than 1E-02.

### **5.5.2 Qualitative Sediment Results**

Table 15 presents a comparison of the maximum detected concentration of sediment COPCs detected in each of these three segments to their respective EPA Region 9 residential soil PRG. Only seven COPCs – six PAHs (benzo[a]anthracene, benzo[a]pyrene, benzo[b]fluoranthene, benzo[k]fluoranthene, dibenzo[a,h]anthracene, and indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene) and one metal – iron were found to exceed their respective EPA Region 9 residential soil PRGs. Not all of the COPCs exceeded their PRGs in all three segments. These results are similar to the quantitative risk characterization results calculated for the other seven sediment segments (OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, DC-3, DC-4, and DC-5) as shown in Tables 16 through 22. Carcinogenic PAHs and in particular benzo(a)pyrene were found to drive the carcinogenic risks associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment.

The maximum detected concentrations of COPCs in sediment for exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 in Table 15 were compared to the maximum detected concentrations and EPCs calculated for the remaining sediment exposure areas as presented in Tables 5 and 6. The results of these comparisons indicate that the maximum detected concentrations and ranges of detected concentrations in OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 are similar to the maximum detected concentrations and ranges of detected concentrations in exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, and DC-5 and somewhat less than the maximum detected concentrations and ranges of detected concentrations in exposure areas DC-3 and D-4. In all cases, the maximum detected concentrations measured in exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 exceed the EPCs calculated for the remaining exposure areas.

These results indicate that the risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment from exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 are likely to be similar to the risks and hazards calculated for exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, and DC-5 and somewhat less than the risks and hazards calculated for exposure areas DC-3 and DC-4. Interpretation of the potential risks and hazards for

exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 is limited by the small number of available analytical results for these segments.

### **5.5.3 Qualitative Fish Tissue Results**

A health advisory was issued for Hecklinger Pond in 1989 based on the analysis of a single composite sample of filleted fish tissue. The composite sample was comprised of tissue from carp, sunfish, bass, crappie, and minnows; however, the sample consisted of about 85 percent crappie tissue by weight. PCBs (in particular Aroclor 1254) was detected in the sample at a concentration of 44.4 parts per million (ppm). This concentration exceeds the FDA recommended limit of 2 ppm in fish tissue “to be considered safe for human consumption and the maximum level established by the Great Lakes Fish Advisory Task Force of 0.05 ppm for “no restriction in fish consumption” (City of Toledo 1989c; Kassa and Bisesi 2000; FDA 1995).

Additional fish tissue samples were collected from Hecklinger Pond in 1991. Samples of carp, rock bass, crappie, and blue gill were collected. Fillet composite samples were prepared for carp, rock bass, and crappie samples and whole body composite samples were prepared for carp and blue gill samples. The results were analyzed for pesticides, PCBs, and selected semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC), as well as polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin (PCDD) and polychlorinated dibenzofuran (PCDF) (Wright State University [WSU] 1991).

Low levels of PCBs, PCDDs, PCDFs, and several pesticides were detected in the samples. With regard to PCBs, because only a single (or in one case two) congener group was detected, it was not possible to “correlate these PCB with a specific Aroclor formulation” (WSU 1991). In August 1991, the results of these samples were sent to OEPA for review. OEPA concluded, “all chemical residues were within safe limits, except the pesticide endosulfan II.” However, the City of Toledo noted “this chemical may be within safe limits because there is only a proposed action level and no standard has been adopted” (City of Toledo 1995).

In March 1991, 10 walleye fish were collected from the Low Service Pumping Station. Five of the fish were filleted and five were kept whole. All samples were analyzed for heavy metals, pesticides, and PCBs. Most compounds were not detected. Detected compounds (including copper, lead, mercury, zinc, Aroclor 1242, and Aroclor 1260) were compared to FDA action levels (FDA 1990). No action levels were available for copper, lead, and zinc. All detected mercury levels were below the FDA level of

1.0 ppm. All detected individual Aroclor concentrations were below the FDA level of 2 ppm. However, the total Aroclor concentration (the sum of Aroclor 1254 and Aroclor 1260 concentrations) of 2.46 ppm as measured in the whole body composite sample slightly exceeds the FDA level of 2 ppm (FDA 1995). The FDA level is for edible portions of the fish and excludes the head, scale, uneatable bones, and viscera. The total Aroclor concentration measured in the fillet composite sample (which represents the edible portion of the fish) of 0.43 ppm is less than the FDA limit (City of Toledo 1991), but exceeds the maximum level established by the Great Lakes Fish Advisory Task Force of 0.05 ppm for “no restriction in fish consumption” (Kassa and Bisesi 2000).

In an effort to provide some resolution regarding the question of how much Aroclor is present in fish from Hecklinger Pond and to evaluate whether consumption of fish from the pond would pose a health risk, Kassa and Bisesi (2000) conducted a study of tissue samples of 85 fish collected from Hecklinger Pond. The fish were collected on several occasions in 1998 and 1999. Species included carp, white perch, blue gill, and white crappie. All samples were filleted and were analyzed as composite or individual samples. The concentration of Aroclor 1254 measured in these samples ranged from 0.2 ppm in white crappie to 1.0 ppm in carp.

These levels are less than the FDA recommended level of 2 ppm, but exceed the 0.05 ppm level recommended by the Great Lakes Fish Advisory Task Force (Kassa and Bisesi 2000). The authors noted that “assuming such fish are not consumed raw, and in view of reported substantial reduction in concentration of PCBs during cooking, it can be assumed that the low levels of PCBs would be reduced to even safer levels.” The authors also noted “none of the published epidemiological data located link PCBs, at levels reported in this study or considered to represent background levels in the environment, to serious adverse health effects in humans.” Therefore, the authors concluded that the “no fish consumption” health advisory should be revised. The authors did not propose a specific revision, but recommended that any revision should consider the “identities and levels of all other toxic chemical contaminants potentially present in fish tissues, prior to lifting the “no fish consumption” restrictions” (Kassa and Bisesi 2000).

In summary, only a single composite fillet sample collected in 1989 (44.4 ppm Aroclor 1254) and a whole body composite sample collected in 1991 (2.46 ppm – sum of Aroclor 1254 and Aroclor 1260) had PCB results exceeding the FDA recommended level of 2 ppm. No other individual or composite fillet samples had PCB concentrations approaching the FDA recommended level. However, a number of fillet samples are associated with PCB concentrations exceeding the Great Lakes Fish Advisory Task Force level of



0.05 ppm associated with “no restriction in fish consumption.” Also, these fillet concentrations also exceed the RBC of 1.6E-03 mg/kg developed by EPA Region 3 (EPA 2005c). Assuming (1) individuals are unlikely to consume whole fish except in exceptional circumstances, (2) cooking of fish tissue will reduce the concentration of PCBs in the fillets, and (3) individuals are unlikely to consume fish from Hecklinger Pond as a substantial portion of their diet (given the number and proximity of other fishing spots in the area), and considering that “none of the published epidemiological data located link PCBs, at levels [measured in fillet samples from fish collected in Hecklinger Pond since 1989] or considered to represent background levels in the environment, to serious adverse health effects in humans” infrequent consumption of fillets from fish caught in Hecklinger Pond is not expected to be associated with significant risks or hazards to human receptors. However, individuals who consume fish from Hecklinger Pond on a more regular basis may experience risks greater than 1E-06.

#### **5.5.4 Summary**

Significant risk characterization results as reported in Sections 5.5.1 through 5.5.3 are summarized below.

- Individual COPC-specific and total risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs in surface water are less than the low end of EPA’s target risk range (1E-06) and EPA’s target hazard level and OEPA’s statewide goal for “additive non-carcinogenic risk (hazard) of 1, respectively.
- Individual COPC-specific and total hazards associated with potential exposure to COPC in sediment in exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, DC-3, DC-4, and DC-5 are less than the EPA’s target hazard level and OEPA’s statewide goal for “additive non-carcinogenic risk (hazard) of 1.
- Receptor-specific (adult, youth, and child) and overall total risks (adult plus child results) associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment in exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, DC-3, DC-4, and DC-5 exceed the low end of EPA’s risk range (1E-06) for all receptors in all exposure areas except for adult, youth, and child risks in exposure areas DC-5 (receptor-specific risks in this exposure area are 8E-07 or 9E-07).
- Receptor-specific total risks associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment equal or exceed OEPA’s statewide goal of 1E-05 for total additive risk in exposure areas DC-3 and DC-4. Adult, youth, and child receptors all have total risks of 1E-05 and 2E-05 in exposure areas DC-3 and DC-4, respectively. These risks are driven by potential risks to PAHs, in particular benzo(a)pyrene which contributes 74 and 64 percent of the total risks in exposure areas DC-3 and DC-4, respectively.
- Overall total risks (adult plus child results) associated with potential exposure to COPCs in sediment equal or exceed OEPA’s statewide goal of 1E-05 for total additive risk in exposure areas DC-2 (1E-05), DC-3 (2E-05), and DC-4 (4E-05). These risks are driven by potential risks

to PAHs, in particular benzo(a)pyrene which contributes 73, 74, and 64 percent of the total risks in exposure areas DC-2, DC-3, and DC-4, respectively.

- Based on a qualitative evaluation, risks associated with potential exposure to lead in sediment appear to be insignificant in all exposure areas, with the exception of OC-4. The EPC calculated for lead in sediment for OC-4, 887 mg/kg, exceeds the OEPA risk-based level of 245 mg/kg which is based on potential residential exposure to lead in soil. Any risk appears to be located near a single sample location (JME-019) between Consaul Street and the rail yard to the north. This issue should be further evaluated as in Phase 2 of the project.
- Based on a qualitative evaluation, risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to sediment in exposure areas OC-1, OC-2, and DC-1 are expected to be similar to risks and hazards in exposure areas OC-3, OC-4, OC-5, DC-2, and DC-5 and somewhat less than the risks and hazards calculated for exposure areas DC-3 and DC-4. These risks and hazards are driven by potential exposure to PAHs, particularly benzo(a)pyrene.
- Based on a qualitative evaluation, infrequent consumption of fillets from fish caught in Hecklinger Pond is not expected to be associated with significant risks or hazards to human receptors. However, individuals who consume fish from Hecklinger Pond on a more regular basis may experience risks greater than 1E-06.

It should be noted that the numerical risk and hazard results presented above and interpretation of these results are associated with significant uncertainties as discussed in Section 6.0.

## **6.0 UNCERTAINTIES**

Uncertainties are introduced into the screening HHRA as part of each of the four basic components: (1) data evaluation and identification of COPCs, (2) exposure assessment, (3) toxicity assessment, and (4) risk characterization. Potentially significant sources of uncertainty associated with each of these components are discussed below in Sections 6.1 through 6.4. To the extent possible, the discussion addresses the likely magnitude and direction of the uncertainty introduced by each source.

### **6.1 DATA EVALUATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF COPCs**

As discussed in detail in “Secondary Data Quality Assurance Project Plan for Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments, Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio,” analytical data used in the screening HHRA were collected from a wide variety of sources (Tetra Tech 2005b). Medium-specific samples were collected by different organizations, for different purposes, and using different techniques, and were analyzed by a variety of laboratories using a variety of analytical methods.

Care was taken to use only data that met all or most of the criteria recommended by EPA for identifying data for use in risk assessments (EPA 1992). Nonetheless, uncertainties are introduced particularly by the use of analytical methods with different detection limits and the location and depth from which samples were collected. For example, samples analyzed using techniques with higher detection limits may report particular chemicals as nondetect. If these samples had been analyzed using techniques with lower detection limits, these same chemicals may have been detected. Uncertainty associated with data evaluation is expected to range from low to moderate and could contribute to both over- and underestimating receptor-specific exposures.

With regard to the identification of COPCs, it is unlikely that many medium-specific COPCs were missed. The laboratory methods used to analyze the medium-specific samples covered a wide range of analytes. It is unlikely that chemicals for which toxicity factors are available (or for which surrogates could reasonably be identified) were not analyzed for in at least some medium-specific samples. Also, the process used to identify COPCs was deliberately conservative and included comparison of maximum detected concentrations to medium-specific screening levels adjusted to reflect risks of  $1E-06$  and hazards of 0.1. Chemicals that were detected based on this comparison were included as COPCs for all exposure areas regardless of the fact that a chemical did not exceed its medium-specific screening level in one or more exposure areas. Finally, the cumulative impact of chemicals whose maximum detected concentrations did not exceed screening levels was also considered. This step added back in several chemicals as COPCs that would have been eliminated if only the maximum concentration step was included. Therefore, the uncertainty introduced regarding the identification of COPCs is considered small.

As discussed in Section 2.2.4, six additional chemicals were identified as PBTs based on information referenced by OEPA in comments on the draft screening HHRA (OEPA 2005c). However, these additional chemicals were detected at maximum concentrations less than chemical-specific screening levels. As a result, the six additional chemicals were not included as COPCs for the purpose of the screening HHRA. As discussed earlier in this section, because the maximum detected concentrations for these chemicals were less than their respective screening levels, not including these chemicals as COPCs is expected to have minimal impact on the screening HHRA results.

## **6.2 EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT**

Uncertainties associated with the exposure assessment component of the HHRA process can be grouped into two primary categories: (1) identification of complete or potentially complete exposure pathways and (2) estimation of receptor- and exposure pathway-specific exposures. Uncertainties associated with these two categories are discussed in Sections 6.2.1 and 6.2.2, respectively.

### **6.2.1 Identification of Complete or Potentially Complete Exposure Pathways**

Complete or potentially complete exposure pathways were identified based on actual or probable activity patterns as determined by physical setting, field observations, demographics, and discussions with knowledgeable individuals. Selection of complete or potentially complete exposure pathways was documented in the CSM (see Figure 4). It is not possible for all complete or potentially complete exposure pathways to be included in a risk assessment; however, the exposure pathways selected for inclusion in the screening HHRA are judged to conservatively represent exposure pathways (including other receptors) not considered in the screening HHRA. The uncertainty introduced into the screening HHRA associated with the identification of complete or potentially complete exposure pathways is expected to be small.

### **6.2.2 Estimation of Receptor- and Exposure Pathway-specific Exposures**

Receptor- and exposure pathway-specific exposures were calculated using standard algorithms as recommended by EPA and OEPA. Parameter values used in these algorithms were selected so as to RME conditions. RME conditions are designed to represent the maximum exposures that can reasonably be assumed to occur at a site. Therefore, it is unlikely that receptor-specific exposures were underestimated. This is especially true in those segments of both creeks that pass through more heavily industrial and isolated areas. (Note: the screening HHRA used a single set of exposure frequency values to potential exposure in all stream segments). These segments include DC-4, DC-5, OC-4, and OC-5. Also, access to the downstream-most segments (DC-5 and OC-5) is expected to be restricted due to security concerns. Therefore, exposure potential in these four exposure areas is likely to be overstated. Therefore, the level of uncertainty introduced by the selection of exposure algorithms and parameter values is expected to be low, with one exception.

Medium-specific EPCs are included in all the exposure algorithms. As discussed in Section 6.1, low to moderate uncertainty is associated with the variety of organizations collecting the analytical data, the different purposes for which the data were collected, and the laboratory techniques used to analyze the samples used in the screening HHRA. This uncertainty is compounded by the fact that some samples were collected at locations that human receptors are unlikely or less likely to contact. Examples include samples collected in the middle of the stream, rather than at or near the edge of the stream, or from depths greater than 6 inches below the sediment surface. Analytical results associated with these samples may not be representative of human exposures in the streams.

Even more important is the relatively small numbers of samples collected in each exposure area. The small number of samples often resulted in the selection of the maximum detected concentration as the EPC for some COPCs. The maximum detected concentration may not be representative of the concentration to which receptors are routinely exposed. Even if the maximum detected concentration wasn't selected as the EPC, an EPC calculated based on a small number of samples that doesn't spatially represent an exposure area is unlikely to be fully representative of the concentration to which human receptors may be exposed. The uncertainty introduced to the HHRA process associated with calculation of exposure area-specific EPCs is considered to be moderate.

### **6.3 TOXICITY ASSESSMENT**

Uncertainties associated with the toxicity assessment are inherent in the methodology used to quantify various toxicological effects and the difficulties encountered in identifying toxicological effects of COPCs. In some instances, these uncertainties may result in overestimation of risk, and in others, risk may be underestimated. Sources of uncertainty include (1) extrapolation of animal data to humans, (2) limited availability of chemical-specific data, (3) modeling of SFs, and (4) estimation of toxicity values for dermal exposure. Each of these sources of uncertainty are summarized below in Sections 6.3.1 through 6.3.4.

### **6.3.1 Extrapolation of Animal Data to Humans**

In the development of toxicity values, several assumptions are typically made that may result in overestimation of the actual hazard or risk to human health from exposure to a COPC. One assumption involves use of animal study data to extrapolate high doses administered to laboratory animals to much lower doses expected to be experienced by humans. The dose-response relationship may not be the same at these lower doses, and their extrapolation may therefore result in overestimation of risk. EPA's updated cancer risk guidelines presents recommendations for revisions to the procedures for determining the carcinogenic effects of chemicals (EPA 2005a). More specifically, EPA plans to evaluate a broader range of health effects than is addressed by the current procedures, which are based on observations of tumors in animals exposed to large doses of chemicals in laboratory experiments. The additional health effects to be evaluated include the effects on human cells and genetic material.

### **6.3.2 Limited Availability of Chemical-Specific Data**

Overestimation of risks and hazards may result from use of safety factors to derive RfDs when data from animal studies is used to predict adverse health effects in humans. The limited availability of toxicity information on some chemicals affects the use of uncertainty and modifying factors in development of the RfDs. In some cases, only limited data is available; in others, a greater volume of data is available but is to some degree contradictory.

### **6.3.3 Modeling of SFs**

To develop an SF, an upper confidence limit on the dose-response relationship is calculated and used as the final toxicity value. Use of this mathematical model results in a conservative estimate of the potential carcinogenic response and may result in overestimation of the true health effects associated with exposure to a given chemical.

### **6.3.4 Estimation of Toxicity Values for Dermal Exposure**

Oral toxicity values were used to characterize risks and hazards associated with potential exposure to COPCs through dermal exposure pathways without any adjustments. This was done because the majority of COPCs have G.I. absorption efficiencies at or above 50 percent and, therefore, do not need adjustment (EPA 2004b). Uncertainty is introduced for the COPCs with G.I. absorption less than 50 percent

(primarily metals). The hazards calculated for these COPCs is likely to be somewhat underestimated. However, because the hazards associated with potential exposures are much less than 1, any adjustment to oral RfDs will have an insignificant impact on the calculated hazards. Similarly, risks associated with potential dermal exposure to metals in surface water and sediment are limited to potential exposure to arsenic. All calculated dermal risks are less than  $1\text{E-}07$ . Therefore, any adjustment of oral SFs would have an insignificant impact on the calculated risks.

#### **6.4 RISK CHARACTERIZATION**

Because the risk characterization is built upon the uncertainties associated with the three previously discussed components of the risk assessment process, this is the point where these uncertainties manifest themselves numerically. Therefore, all previously discussed sources of uncertainty are applicable to this section as well. Also, of particular note is the uncertainty introduced by the method used to calculate overall total risks. Overall total risks were calculated by summing adult and child risk results. Because adult risks were calculated based on an assumed 30 year exposure duration and child risks were calculated based on an assumed exposure duration of 6 years, the overall total risks were calculated based on an assumed exposure duration of 36 years.

Thirty years is typically considered the RME residential exposure duration. The use of a 36 year exposure duration means that overall total risks are slightly overestimated. However, because the overestimation associated with this method is approximately 20 percent, the impact on risk estimates that are presented to one significant figure is small. For example, risks of  $5.6\text{E-}07$  and  $6.7\text{E-}07$  are approximately 20 percent different and would be presented as  $6\text{E-}07$  and  $7\text{E-}07$ . These values are basically indistinguishable from a risk management point of view. Therefore, the uncertainty introduced by the method used to calculate overall total risks is considered small.

## REFERENCES

- AScI Corporation (AScI). 1997. "Screening Analysis Sediment Quality Assessment Study of the Maumee River Area of Concern, Great Lakes National Program Office, 1995 & 1996, Lucas and Wood Counties, Ohio."
- BEC Laboratories, Inc. (BEC). 1998. Analytical Results for Fish Samples Collected from Hecklinger Pond on September 30, October 28, and October 29, 1998.
- BEC. 2003. Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples Collected from Duck Creek on May 14 and October 15, 2003.
- BEC. 2004. Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples Collected from Duck Creek on May 12 and October 20, 2004.
- ChemRisk. 1999. "Sediment Quality Assessment for Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo, Ohio." March 31.
- City of Oregon. 2003. "Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Incident Report" and Related Correspondence Regarding Leaking Underground Storage Tank at an Abandoned Greenhouse Property on Holms Street in Toledo, Ohio. March 5 through April 3.
- City of Oregon. 2004a. Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples Collected at Four Locations in Otter Creek in the Second through Fourth Quarters of 2004 as Part of the City's Storm Water Management Plan. May through November.
- City of Oregon. 2004b. "Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Incident Report" Regarding Leaking 12-Inch-Diameter Pipeline on Millard Avenue. August 25.
- City of Oregon. 2005a. "Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Incident Report" Regarding Diesel Spill from Truck (Reliance Propane) at 528 S. Wheeling. January 12.
- City of Oregon. 2005b. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Incident Report Regarding Oil Sheen Observed in Marsh Area at Cedar Point and Otter Creek Roads. January 13.
- City of Oregon. 2005c. Analytical Results for Surface Water Samples Collected at Four Locations in Otter Creek in the First Quarter of 2005 as Part of the City's Storm Water Management Plan. February.
- City of Toledo. 1988. Memorandum Regarding Analytical Results (Results Attached) for Duck Creek Sludge Samples. From T. Casey Stephens, Environmental Specialist, Environmental Services Division. To Richard Z. Uscilowski, Chief Chemist/Bacteriologist, and Lee Pfouts, Chief, Water Resources. June 2.
- City of Toledo. 1989a. Memorandum Regarding Environmental Testing and Certification Corporation Analytical Report No. 300364. From Greg Rucker, Chief, Division of Environmental and Consumer Health. Through Bill Scalzo, Director, Department of Natural Resources, and Richard L. Wenzel, M.D., Executive Director of Health. To Warner W. Plahs, Chief Landscape Architect. September 25.



- City of Toledo. 1989b. Memorandum Regarding Environmental Problems at Hecklinger Pond. From William C. Scalzo, Director, Department of Natural Resources. Through Philip A. Hawkey, City Manager. To Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council. November 3.
- City of Toledo. 1989c. Health Advisory Issued for Hecklinger Pond. Environmental and Consumer Health Division. November 1.
- City of Toledo. 1991. Memorandum Regarding Analyses of Fish Collected from the City of Toledo Low Service Pumping Station. From Donald M. Moline, P.E., Commissioner of Pollution Control, Department of Public Utilities. Through Michael J. White, Director, Department of Public Utilities. To Dura Task Force Members. October 10.
- City of Toledo. 1995. Memorandum Regarding Hecklinger Pond Information. From Lee Pfouts, Manager, Environmental Services Division. Through Carleton S. Finkbeiner, Mayor. To Councilman Robert McCloskey. April 26.
- Duck and Otter Creeks Partnership, Inc. (Partnership). 2004. "Request for Proposals, Ecological and Human Health Risk Assessment for Duck and Otter Creeks." November.
- Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR). 2005. "EDR Data Map<sup>TM</sup> Area Study, Otter Creek Watershed, Oregon, OH 43605." April 20.
- ENVIRON International Corporation (ENVIRON) and The Mannik & Smith Group, Inc. (Mannik & Smith). 2003. "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Facility Investigation (RFI) Phase I Report and Phase II Work Plan, Envirosafe Services of Ohio, Inc., Otter Creek Road Facility, Oregon, Ohio." July.
- Environmental Testing and Certification Corporation (ETC). 1989. Analytical Report for One Fish Tissue Composite Sample Received from the City of Toledo. Analytical Report No. 300364. September 18.
- Gilbert, R. O. 1987. *Statistical Methods for Environmental Pollution Monitoring*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, NY.
- Kassa, H. and B. Bisesi. 2000. "Levels of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Fish: The Influence of Local Decision-Making for Fish Consumption by Humans. Revised November 30, 2000.
- Lucas County Real Estate Division, U.S. Geological Service (USGS). 2000. Lucas County Aerial Photos and Roads: AREISCD. October.
- Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA). 1980 to 1997. Results of Biological Sampling and Species Identification in the Maumee River Area of Concern, including Duck and Otter Creeks." Received from OEPA in Spreadsheets: Maumee AOC Bug Taxa-edit.xls and OEPA Fish Species-edited.xls
- OEPA. 1992 to 1998. Analytical Results for Phases I through III of Sediment and Surface Water Sampling in the Maumee River Area of Concern, Including Duck and Otter Creeks. Northwest District Office, Division of Surface Water.
- OEPA. 1994 and 1998. "Results for Paired Toxicity Tests and Chemistry Analyses Conducted on Surface Sediment Samples Collected for Duck and Otter Creeks." Northwest District Office, Division of Surface Water.

- OEPA. 1995. "A Report on the Whole Sediment Toxicity of 12 Sites in the Maumee River Area of Concern to *Hyaella azteca*." Bioassay Section, Division of Environmental Services. October.
- OEPA. 1997a. "Maumee Remedial Action Plan Site Assessment Report for Phillips Petroleum (aka, Toledo Philiblack Plant, aka, River East Industrial Park), 275 Millard Avenue, Toledo, Ohio 43605. Lucas County. U.S. EPA ID No.: OHD 980 901 276. OEPA ID#: 348-0633." Northwest District Office, Division of Emergency and Remedial Response.
- OEPA. 1997b. "Maumee Remedial Action Plan Site Assessment Report for Buckeye Pipe Line Company, 3321 York Street, Oregon, Ohio 43616. Lucas County. U.S. EPA ID No.: None. OEPA ID#: None." Northwest District Office, Division of Emergency and Remedial Response.
- OEPA. 1997c. "Maumee Remedial Action Plan Site Assessment Report for Consaul Street Dump, 2510 Consaul Street, Toledo, Ohio 43605. Lucas County. U.S. EPA ID No.: OHD 980 826 119. OEPA ID#: 348-0200." Northwest District Office, Division of Emergency and Remedial Response.
- OEPA. 1998. "Site Assessment Report for Westover Landfill, 820-920 Otter Creek Road, Oregon, Ohio 43616. Lucas County. U.S. EPA ID No.: OHD 000 606 368. OEPA ID#: 348-0901." Northwest District Office, Division of Emergency and Remedial Response.
- OEPA. 1999. Laboratory Organic Analysis Data Reports for Whole Body Composite (WBC) Fish Tissue Samples Collected from Hecklinger Pond, Toledo Raine Park: (1) Sample 19035 – collected on October 26, 1998 and (2) Samples 18110, 18111, and 18112 – collected on December 18, 1998. Division of Environmental Service. June.
- OEPA. 2003. Analytical Results for Fish Samples Collected from Hecklinger Pond on October 20 and December 18, 2003. Division of Environmental Service.
- OEPA. 2005a. Table 1 – Residential Generic Cleanup Numbers (GCNs) for Ohio Hazardous Waste Closures. Division of Hazardous Waste Management. September. On-Line Address: [http://www.epa.state.oh.us/dhwm/pdf/GNC\\_Tables\\_Final.pdf](http://www.epa.state.oh.us/dhwm/pdf/GNC_Tables_Final.pdf)
- OEPA. 2005b. Comments on the Screening Human Health Risk Methodology and Assumptions, Duck and Otter Creeks. From Ali Moazed, Division of Hazardous Waste Management. July 13.
- OEPA. 2005c. Review and Comments on Screening Human Health Risk Assessment Report. Division of Hazardous Waste Management. October 5.
- OEPA. 2005d. Ohio EPA List of PBT (Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic) Chemicals. Office of Compliance Assistance and Pollution Prevention. On-Line Address: [http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ocapp/p2/mercury\\_pbt/pbt\\_list.html](http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ocapp/p2/mercury_pbt/pbt_list.html)
- PTRL Environmental Services, Inc. (PTRL). 1997a. "Wetlands Characterization Report, Chevron U.S.A. Toledo Refinery Site, Toledo, Ohio." March 12.
- PTRL. 1997b. "Ecological Risk Assessment, Toledo Refinery Site, Toledo, Ohio." March 27.
- PTRL. 1997c. "Ecological Risk Assessment, Toledo Refinery Site, Toledo, Ohio." December 18.
- Quanterra, Inc. (Quanterra). 1997. Analytical Report, Westover Landfill. Lot #: A7I240165. November 4.

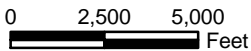
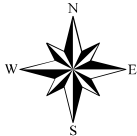
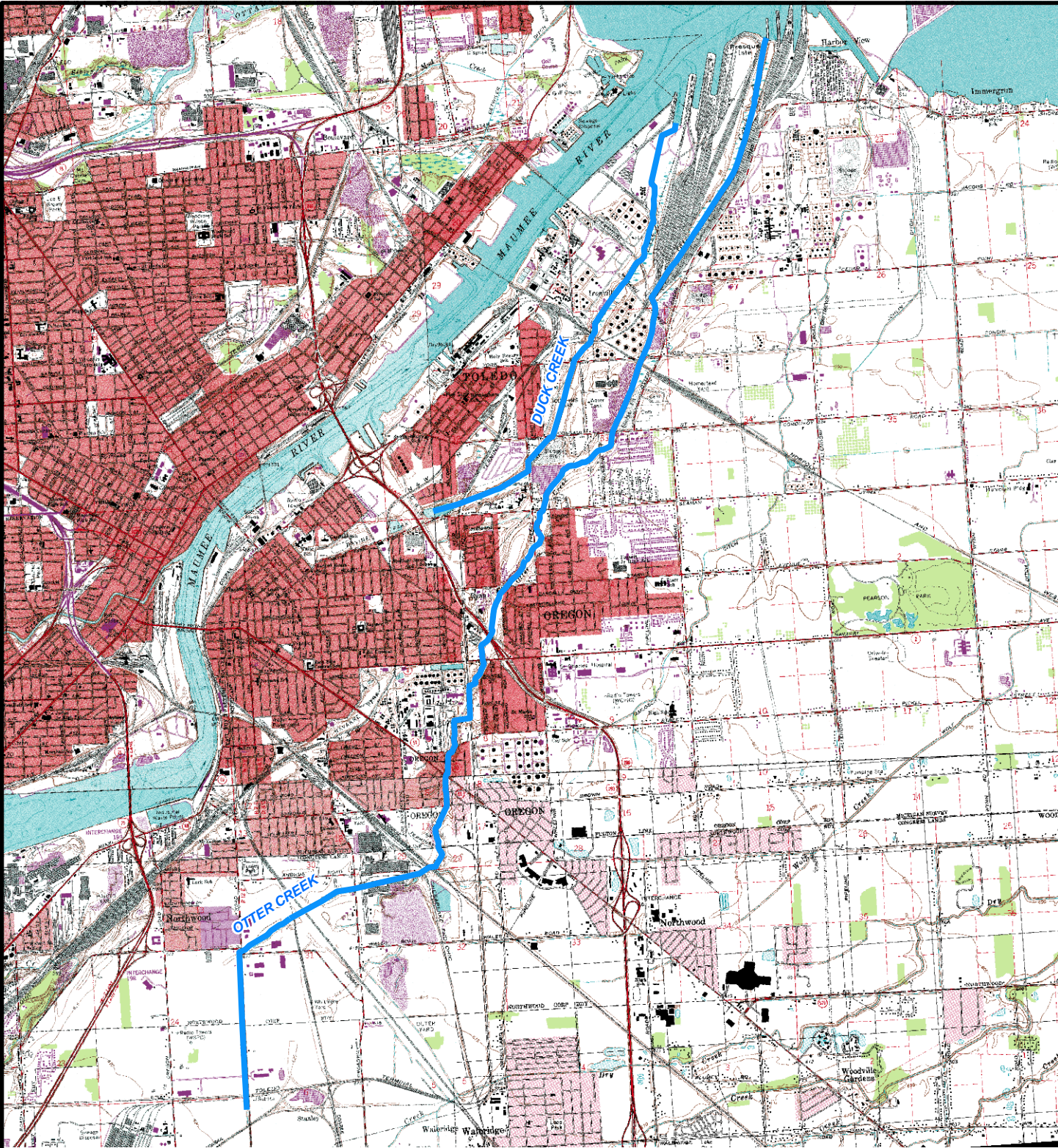
- Quality Specialists & Environmental Analysts, Inc. (QSEA). 1996a. "Data Validation Report, Sample Delivery Groups CS001S, CS010W, 201SED, and CS310S, Maumee RAP Project, Consaul Street Location." Prepared June 1996; revised September 1996.
- QSEA. 1996b. "Data Validation report, Maumee RAP Project, Buckeye Pipeline 1992 Spill, Sample Delivery Groups BP04, BP10, and BP11 and Jerusalem Township, Sample Delivery Groups JT01 and JT02." August.
- SECOR International, Inc. (SECOR). 2005. Spreadsheet Presenting Analytical Data for Surface Water and Sediment Samples for Duck Creek, Otter Creek, and the Maumee River. Samples Collected by SECOR for the Chevron USA Inc. Toledo Refinery, 2935 Front Street, Toledo, Ohio.
- Tetra Tech EM Inc. (Tetra Tech). 2005a. Discussions Regarding Land Use in the Duck and Otter Creeks Watershed. Between Eric S. Morton, Senior Environmental Scientist and Kristina Patterson, Watershed Coordinator, Duck and Otter Creek Partnership, Inc. February 2.
- Tetra Tech. 2005b. "Secondary Data Quality Assurance Project Plan for Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments, Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio." April 20.
- Tetra Tech. 2005c. Record of Telephone Communication Regarding Water Depths in Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio. Between Eric Morton, Senior Environmental Scientist and Julie Hewlett, Senior Geologist, Bowser Morner. May 18.
- Tetra Tech. 2005d. "Screening Human Health Risk Assessment Methodology and Assumptions, Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio, Technical Memorandum." Draft. June 17.
- Tetra Tech 2005e. Summary of Teleconference Regarding "Screening Human Health Risk Assessment Methodology and Assumptions, Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio, Technical Memorandum." Between Eric S. Morton, Senior Environmental Scientist and Partnership Members. June 28.
- Tetra Tech. 2005f. "Screening Human Health Risk Assessment, Duck and Otter Creeks, Toledo and Oregon, Ohio – Draft." September 16.
- Toledo Testing Laboratory, Inc. (TTL). 1988. "Environmental Site Assessment of Hecklinger Pond and Its Adjacent Inlet, Seaman Road, Toledo, Ohio." December 29.
- U.S. Census Bureau (USCB). 2001. Census 2000. Accessed on September 7, 2005. On-Line Address: <http://factfinder.census.gov/servlet/BasicFactsServlet>
- U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). 1980. "Soil Survey of Lucas County, Ohio." Soil Conservation Service. June.
- U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC). 2002. "LandView 5 on DVD."
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 1986. "Guidelines for the Health Risk Assessment of Chemical Mixtures." *Federal Register*. Volume 51, Number 185. Pages 34014 through 34025.
- EPA. 1989. "Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A)" (RAGS). Interim Final. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response (OERR). Washington, DC. EPA/540/1-89/002. December.

- EPA. 1990. "National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan." *Federal Register*. Volume 55, Number 46. April 9.
- EPA. 1991. "RAGS, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance, Standard Default Exposure Factors." Interim Final. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER). Directive 9285.6-03. March 25.
- EPA. 1992. "Guidance for Data Usability in Risk Assessment (Part A), Final." OERR. Publication 9285.7-09A. April.
- EPA. 1993. "Provisional Guidance for Quantitative Risk Assessment of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons." EPA/600/R-93/089. July.
- EPA. 1994a. "Integrated Exposure Uptake Biokinetic Model for Lead in Children" (IEUBK Model). Version 0.99d. OERR. Washington, DC.
- EPA. 1994b. "Guidance Manual for the IEUBK Model." OERR. Washington, DC. EPA/540/R-93/081. February.
- EPA. 1996a. "PCBs: Cancer Dose-Response Assessment and Application to Environmental Mixtures." National Center for Environmental Assessment, Office of Research and Development (ORD). EPA/600/P-96/001F. September.
- EPA. 1996b. "Recommendations of the Technical Review Workgroup for Lead for an Interim Approach to Assessing Risks Associated with Adult Exposures to Lead in Soil." Technical Review Workgroup for Lead. December.
- EPA. 1997. "Exposure Factors Handbook." Volumes 1 through 3. Office of Research and Development. EPA/600/P-95/002Fa, -Fb, and -Fc. August.
- EPA. 2002. "Calculating Exposure Point Concentrations at Hazardous Waste Sites." OERR. Washington, DC. OSWER Publication 9285.6-10. December.
- EPA. 2003. "Human Health Toxicity Values in Superfund Risk Assessments." OSWER Directive 9287.7-53. December 5.
- EPA. 2004a. "ProUCL Version 3.0 User Guide." Prepared by A. Singh, A.K. Singh, and R.W. Maichle. Technical Support Center. Las Vegas, NV. April.
- EPA. 2004b. "Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment)." Final. Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation. EPA/540/R/99/005. July.
- EPA. 2004c. Region 9 PRGs 2004 Table. October. On-Line Address:  
<http://www.epa.gov/region09/waste/sfund/prg/files/04prgtable.pdf>
- EPA. 2004d. "Improving Sampling, Analysis, and Data Management for Site Investigation and Cleanup." Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response. EPA-542-F-04-001a. April.

- EPA. 2004e. "Priority PBT Profiles." Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT) Chemical Program. Office of Prevention, Pesticides & Toxic Substances. On-Line Address: <http://www.epa.gov/pbt/cheminfo.htm>
- EPA. 2005a. "Guidelines for Carcinogen Risk Assessment." Risk Assessment Forum. EPA/630/P-03/001F. March.
- EPA. 2005b. Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS). Accessed on June 10, 2005. On-Line Address: <http://www.epa.gov/ngispgm3/iris/index.html>
- EPA. 2005c. "EPA Region III RBC Table." April 7. On-Line Address: <http://www.epa.gov/reg3hwmd/risk/human/rbc/rbc0405.pdf>
- U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). 1990. NSSP Shellfish Sanitation Program Manual of Operations. Part I. Sanitation of Shellfish Growing Areas. 1990 Revision. Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.
- FDA. 1995. NSSP Shellfish Sanitation Program Manual of Operations. Part I. Sanitation of Shellfish Growing Areas. 1995 Revision. Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.
- U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). 1977. 7.5-Minute Series Topographic Map of Oregon, Ohio, Quadrangle.
- USGS. 1980. 7.5-Minute Series Topographic Map of Toledo, Ohio-Michigan, Quadrangle.
- USGS. 1988. 7.5-Minute Series Topographic Map of Rossford, Ohio, Quadrangle.
- USGS. 1994. 7.5-Minute Series Topographic Map of Walbridge, Ohio, Quadrangle.
- USGS. 2000. Aerial Photograph of Wood County, Ohio.
- Wright State University (WSU). 1991. Letter Report Regarding Analyses of Fish Samples Collected from Hecklinger Pond. From Thomas O. Tiernan, Ph.D., Professor of Chemistry, Director, Toxic Contaminant Research Programs. To Warner Plahs, Chief Park Planner, Department of Natural Resources, City of Toledo. August 19.

## **FIGURES**





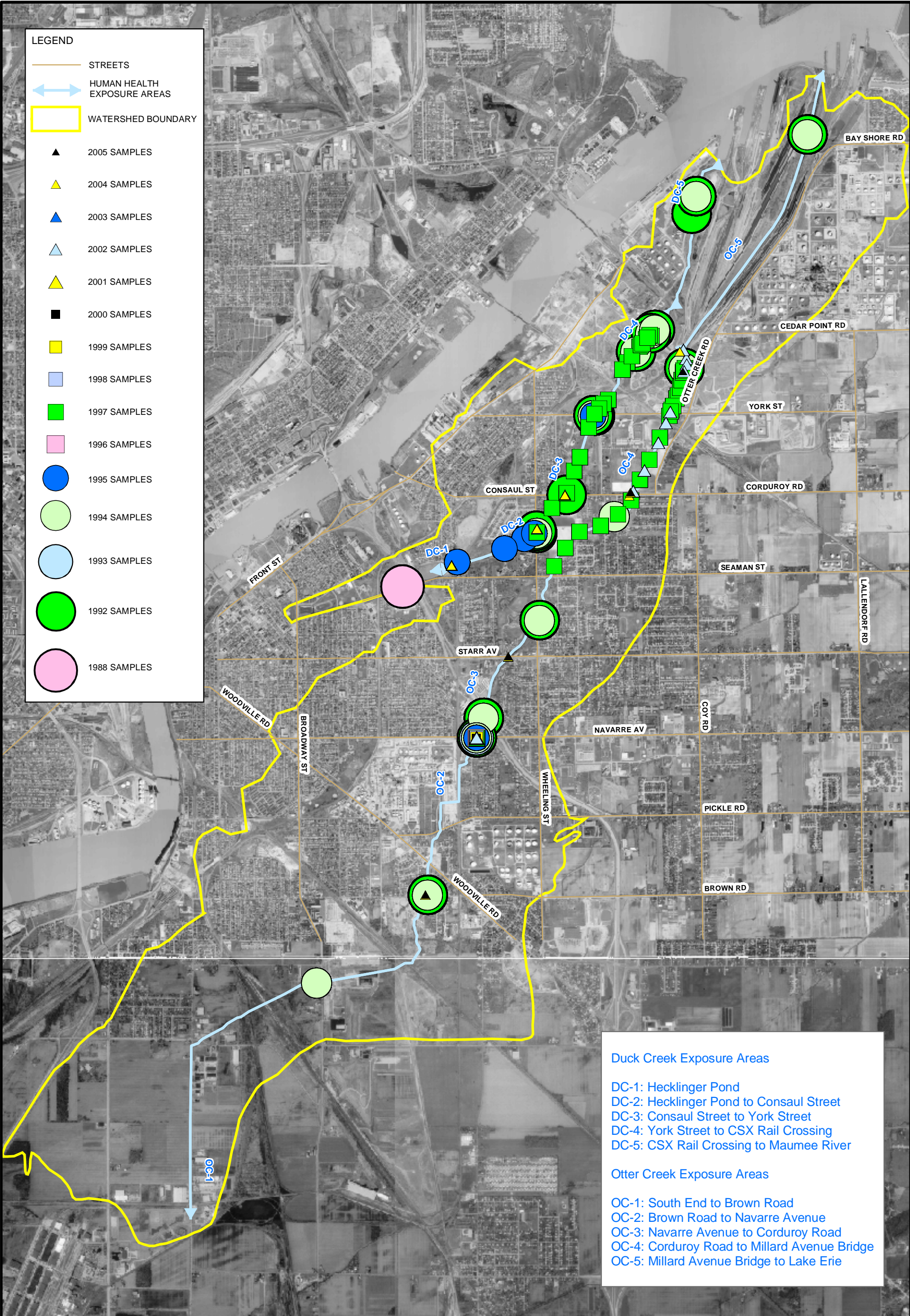
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

**FIGURE 1  
SITE LOCATION MAP**

**Tetra Tech EM Inc.**

SOURCE: MODIFIED FROM USGS, OREGON, OHIO, QUADRANGLE, 1977; TOLEDO, OHIO-MICHIGAN, QUADRANGLE, 1980; ROSSFORD, OHIO, QUADRANGLE, 1988; AND WALBRIDGE, OHIO, QUADRANGLE, 1994





**LEGEND**

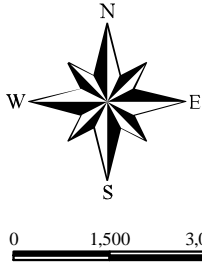
- STREETS
- ↔ HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- ▲ 2005 SAMPLES
- ▲ 2004 SAMPLES
- ▲ 2003 SAMPLES
- ▲ 2002 SAMPLES
- ▲ 2001 SAMPLES
- 2000 SAMPLES
- 1999 SAMPLES
- 1998 SAMPLES
- 1997 SAMPLES
- 1996 SAMPLES
- 1995 SAMPLES
- 1994 SAMPLES
- 1993 SAMPLES
- 1992 SAMPLES
- 1988 SAMPLES

**Duck Creek Exposure Areas**

DC-1: Hecklinger Pond  
 DC-2: Hecklinger Pond to Consaul Street  
 DC-3: Consaul Street to York Street  
 DC-4: York Street to CSX Rail Crossing  
 DC-5: CSX Rail Crossing to Maumee River

**Otter Creek Exposure Areas**

OC-1: South End to Brown Road  
 OC-2: Brown Road to Navarre Avenue  
 OC-3: Navarre Avenue to Corduroy Road  
 OC-4: Corduroy Road to Millard Avenue Bridge  
 OC-5: Millard Avenue Bridge to Lake Erie



DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO

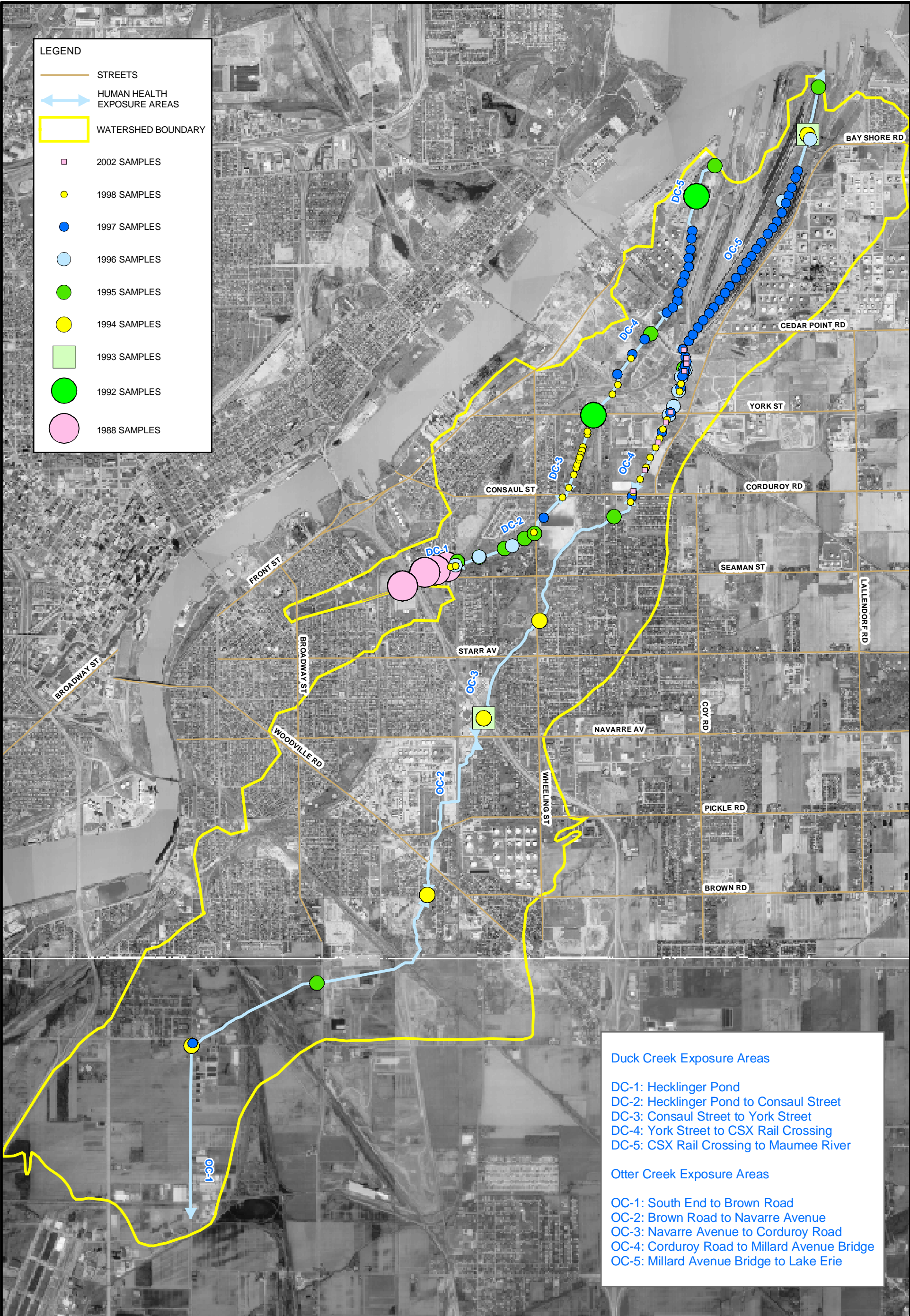
FIGURE 2  
 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING  
 LOCATIONS BY YEAR



2005-06-16 s:\cadd\p13269\dup\mnd\dup\_water\_by\_year.mxd ITEM:NV jpe/peters

SOURCE: MODIFIED FROM LUCAS COUNTY REAL ESTATE DIVISION AND THE USGS, 2000, AND MANNIK AND SMITH, 2003.





**LEGEND**

- STREETS
- ↔ HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS
- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- 2002 SAMPLES
- 1998 SAMPLES
- 1997 SAMPLES
- 1996 SAMPLES
- 1995 SAMPLES
- 1994 SAMPLES
- 1993 SAMPLES
- 1992 SAMPLES
- 1988 SAMPLES

**Duck Creek Exposure Areas**

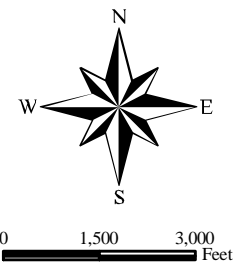
- DC-1: Hecklinger Pond
- DC-2: Hecklinger Pond to Consaul Street
- DC-3: Consaul Street to York Street
- DC-4: York Street to CSX Rail Crossing
- DC-5: CSX Rail Crossing to Maumee River

**Otter Creek Exposure Areas**

- OC-1: South End to Brown Road
- OC-2: Brown Road to Navarre Avenue
- OC-3: Navarre Avenue to Corduroy Road
- OC-4: Corduroy Road to Millard Avenue Bridge
- OC-5: Millard Avenue Bridge to Lake Erie

2005-06-16 s:\cadd\p13289\dcp\mxd\dcap\_sediment\_by\_year.mxd ITEM:NAV joel.peters

SOURCE: MODIFIED FROM LUCAS COUNTY REAL ESTATE DIVISION AND THE USGS, 2000, AND MANNIK AND SMITH, 2003.



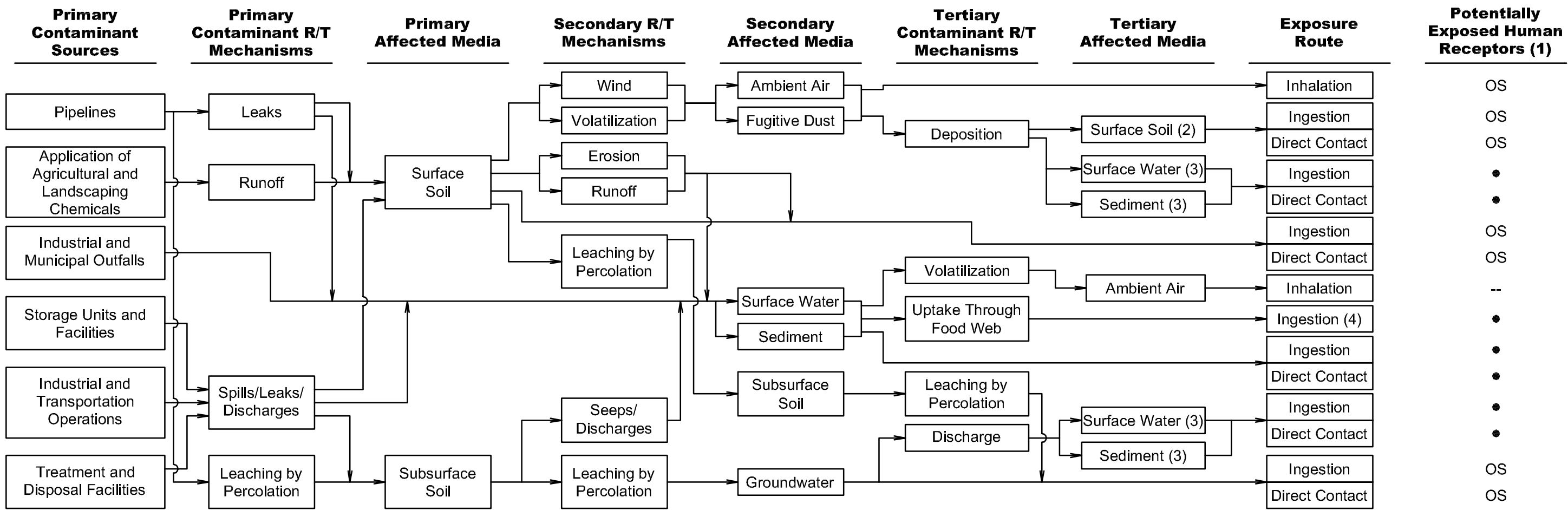
0 1,500 3,000 Feet



DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO

FIGURE 3  
SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATIONS  
BY YEAR

**Tetra Tech EM Inc.**



Notes:  
 COPC = Chemical of potential concern  
 OS = Outside the scope of the human health risk assessment (HHRA)  
 R/T = Release/transport  
 • = Potentially complete exposure pathway - retained for quantitative analysis  
 -- = Potentially complete, but insignificant exposure pathway - will not be retained for quantitative analysis

- Potentially exposed human receptors are assumed to include adults, youths (7 to 18 years old), and children (1 to 6 years old). It is assumed that children are exposed primarily in residential areas, may be exposed in public areas (for example, Collins Park Golf Course), and will not be exposed in the more heavily industrialized and remote portions of both Duck and Otter Creeks. Youth and adult receptors are assumed to be exposed along the length of both creeks; however, exposures are assumed to be more frequent in residential areas.
- COPCs present in surface soil may also be impacted by the following R/T mechanisms: wind and volatilization; erosion and runoff; and leaching by percolation - see surface soil under primary affected media.
- COPCs present in surface water and sediment may also be taken up into aquatic food webs; subsequent exposure may occur through ingestion of aquatic life - see surface water and sediment under secondary affected media.
- For the purposes of the HHRA only ingestion of aquatic life will be evaluated. Potential exposure to COPCs through ingestion of other fauna and flora included in other relevant food webs (for example, ingestion of water fowl feeding in Duck and Otter Creeks) is considered to be relatively insignificant compared to potential exposure through ingestion of aquatic life.

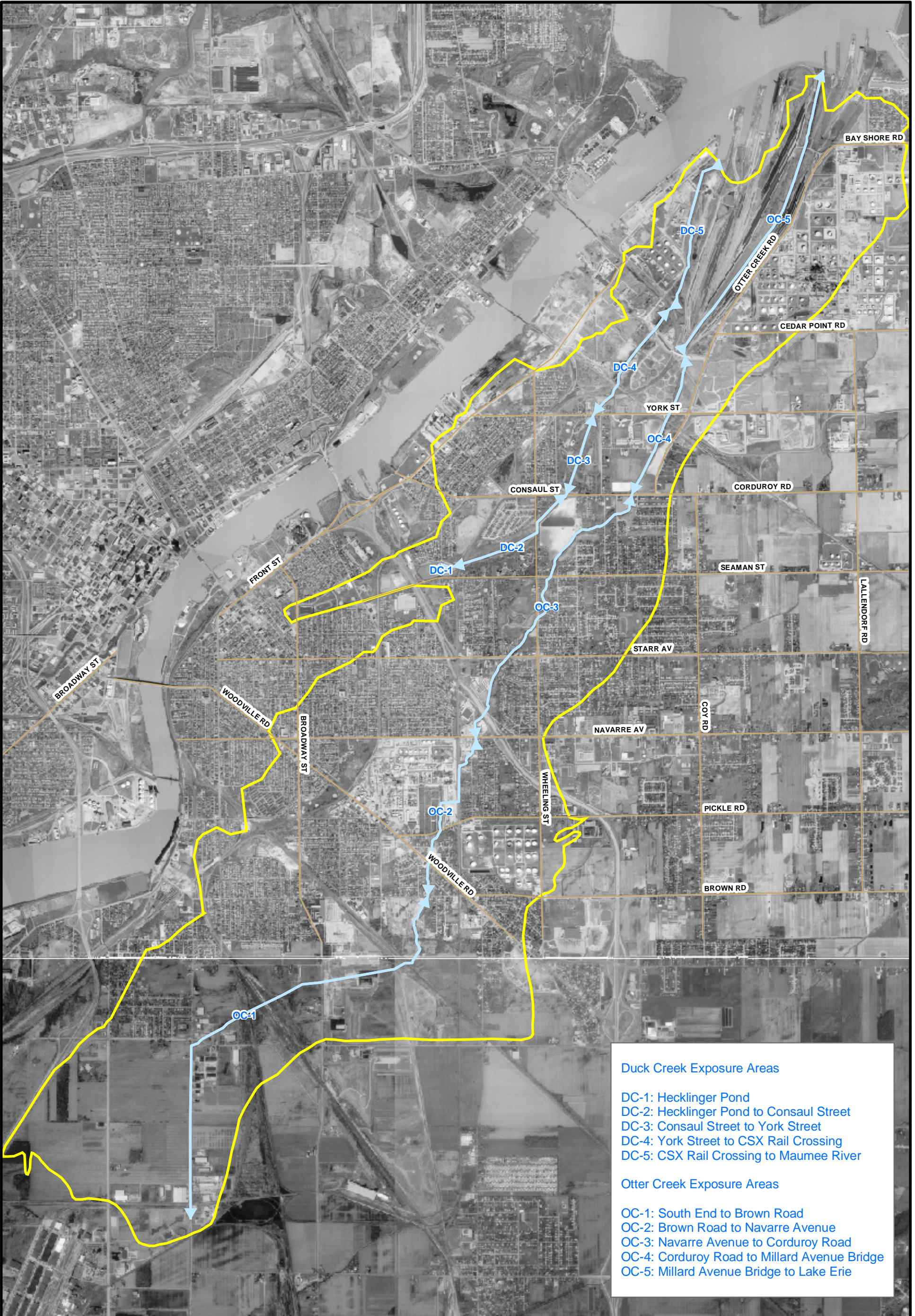
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

**FIGURE 4  
HUMAN HEALTH  
CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL**

**Tetra Tech EM Inc.**

C:\P\3269\03\ HumanHealthConceptualModel.dwg 06/17/2005 chris.coron CH





**Duck Creek Exposure Areas**

DC-1: Hecklinger Pond  
 DC-2: Hecklinger Pond to Consaul Street  
 DC-3: Consaul Street to York Street  
 DC-4: York Street to CSX Rail Crossing  
 DC-5: CSX Rail Crossing to Maumee River

**Otter Creek Exposure Areas**

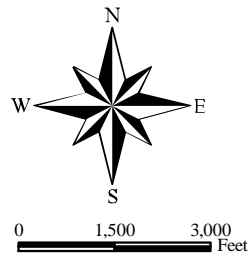
OC-1: South End to Brown Road  
 OC-2: Brown Road to Navarre Avenue  
 OC-3: Navarre Avenue to Corduroy Road  
 OC-4: Corduroy Road to Millard Avenue Bridge  
 OC-5: Millard Avenue Bridge to Lake Erie

**LEGEND**

— STREETS

↔ HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS

□ WATERSHED BOUNDARY



DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO

FIGURE 5  
 HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS

**Tetra Tech EM Inc.**

2005-06-16 s:\adp\3269\adp\m\adp\working\review\mmd TTEM\NV jcd\jcd.rpt

SOURCE: MODIFIED FROM LUCAS COUNTY REAL ESTATE DIVISION AND THE USGS, 2000, AND MANNIK AND SMITH, 2003.



## FIGURE 6

### EXPOSURE DOSE EQUATIONS HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

#### Surface Water

##### Ingestion

$$ADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{EPC_{sw} \times IR_{sw} \times EF_{sw} \times ED \times CF1 \text{ (organics only)}}{BW \times AT_{nc}}$$

$$LADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{EPC_{sw} \times IR_{sw} \times EF_{sw} \times ED \times CF1 \text{ (organics only)}}{BW \times AT_c}$$

##### Dermal Contact

$$ADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{DA_{event} \times SA_{sw} \times EV \times EF_{swd} \times ED}{BW \times AT_{nc}}$$

$$LADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{DA_{event} \times SA_{sw} \times EV \times EF_{swd} \times ED}{BW \times AT_c}$$

Note: Equations used to calculate chemical-specific  $DA_{event}$  values are discussed in Table 3.

---

#### Sediment

##### Ingestion

$$ADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{EPC_{sed} \times IR_{sed} \times FI \times EF_{sed} \times ED \times CF1 \text{ (organics only)} \times CF2}{BW \times AT_{nc}}$$

$$LADD_{(mg/kg-day)} = \frac{EPC_{sed} \times IR_{sed} \times FI \times EF_{sed} \times ED \times CF1 \text{ (organics only)} \times CF2}{BW \times AT_c}$$

**FIGURE 6 (Continued)**

**EXPOSURE DOSE EQUATIONS  
SCREENING HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENTS  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

Dermal Contact

$$\text{ADD}_{(\text{mg} / \text{kg} - \text{day})} = \frac{\text{EPC}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{SA}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{AF} \times \text{ABS} \times \text{EF}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{EV} \times \text{ED} \times \text{CF1 (organics only)} \times \text{CF2}}{\text{BW} \times \text{AT}_{\text{nc}}}$$

$$\text{LADD}_{(\text{mg}/\text{kg}\text{-day})} = \frac{\text{EPC}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{SA}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{AF} \times \text{ABS} \times \text{EF}_{\text{sed}} \times \text{EV} \times \text{ED} \times \text{CF1 (organics only)} \times \text{CF2}}{\text{BW} \times \text{AT}_{\text{c}}}$$

---

Notes:

ABS	=	Dermal absorption (unitless)
AF	=	Adherence factor (milligram per square centimeter [mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ])
AT <sub>c</sub>	=	Averaging time – carcinogens (days)
AT <sub>nc</sub>	=	Averaging time – noncarcinogens (days)
BW	=	Body weight (kilograms [kg])
CF1	=	Conversion factor 1 (milligram per microgram [mg/μg])
CF2	=	Conversion factor 2 (kg/mg)
DA <sub>event</sub>	=	Absorbed dose per event (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> – event)
ED	=	Exposure duration (years)
EF <sub>sed</sub>	=	Exposure frequency – sediment (days/year)
EF <sub>sw</sub>	=	Exposure frequency – surface water (days/year)
EF <sub>swd</sub>	=	Exposure frequency – surface water direct contact (days/year)
EPC <sub>sed</sub>	=	Exposure point concentration – sediment (μg/kg for organic compounds and mg/kg for inorganic compounds)
EPC <sub>sw</sub>	=	Exposure point concentration – surface water (μg/L for organic compounds and mg/L for inorganic compounds)
EV	=	Event frequency (event/day)
FI	=	Fraction ingested (unitless)
IR <sub>sed</sub>	=	Ingestion rate – sediment (mg/day)
IR <sub>sw</sub>	=	Ingestion rate – surface water (L/day)
SA <sub>sed</sub>	=	Skin surface area – sediment (cm <sup>2</sup> /event)
SA <sub>sw</sub>	=	Skin surface area – surface water (cm <sup>2</sup> /event)

## **TABLES**

TABLE 1

SECONDARY DATA SOURCES  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO

Number	Organization	Description	Reference	Date(s)	Source of Analytical Data			Comment
					Duck Creek	Otter Creek	Hecklinger Pond	
1	OEPA DSW	Phase I/II	OEPA (1992 to 1998)	1992-1995	Yes	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from both Duck and Otter Creeks
2	OEPA DSW	Phase III	AScl (1997)	1995-1996	Yes	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from both Duck and Otter Creeks
3	OEPA DSW	Phase III	OEPA (1992 TO 1998)	1997	Yes	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from both Duck and Otter Creeks
4	OEPA DSW	Phase III	OEPA (1992 TO 1998))	1998	Yes	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from both Duck and Otter Creeks
5	OEPA DSW	Bioassay Sampling	OEPA (1994 AND 1998)	1998	Yes	No		Paired sediment samples and toxicity tests
6	OEPA DSW	Bioassay Sampling	OEPA (1994 AND 1998)	1994	No	Yes		Paired sediment samples and toxicity tests
7	OEPA DERR	Cousal Street Landfill Site Assessment (SA)	OEPA (1997c), QSEA (1996a)	1995	Yes	No		Sediment and surface water samples from Duck Creek
8	OEPA DERR	Buckeye Pipeline Co. Pumping Station SA	OEPA (1997b), QSEA (1996b)	1996	No	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from Otter Creek
9	OEPA DERR	Phillips Petroleum SA	OEPA (1997a)	1995	Yes	No		Sediment and surface water samples from Duck Creek
10	OEPA DERR	Westover Landfill SA	OEPA (1998), Quanterra (1997)	1996	No	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from Otter Creek
11	OEPA DERR	Sunoco-Toledo Refinery SA	NA	1997	No	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from Otter Creek
12	ChevronTexaco	Chevron-Toledo Refinery	SECOR (2005)	1997	Yes	Yes		Sediment and surface water samples from Duck and Otter Creeks
13	BEC (for the City of Toledo)	Analysis of Fish Tissue Sample	BEC (1998)	1998	No	No	Yes	Whole body composite fish tissue sample from Hecklinger Pond
14	City of Oregon	Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Incident Reports	City of Oregon (2003, 2004a, 2004b, 2005a, 2005b, 2005c)	2003-2005	No	Yes	No	Surface water samples collected after spill incidents and as part of the City of Oregon's storm water management plan
15	ENVIRON and Mannik & Smith	RCRA RFI Phase I Report and Phase II Work Plan	ENVIRON and Mannik & Smith (2003)	2002	No	Yes	No	Surface water and sediment samples collected upstream, adjacent, and downstream of the Envirosafe Otter Creek Road facility
16	ETC (for the City of Toledo)	Analysis of Fish Tissue Sample	ETC (1989)	1989	No	No	Yes	Whole body composite fish tissue sample from Hecklinger Pond
17	OEPA DES	Analysis of Fish Tissue Samples	OEPA (2003)	2003	No	No	Yes	Filet composite fish tissue samples from Hecklinger Pond
18	PTRL (for Chevron U.S.A.)	Wetlands Characterization and Ecological Risk Assessment for Chevron U.S.A. Toledo Refinery Site	PTRL (1997a, 1997b, 1997c)	Various	No	No	No	Characterization and evaluation of wetlands and ecological communities potentially impacted by facility
19	Tetra Tech	Photograph Log and Field Notes	See Appendix A	2005	No	No	No	Photos along Duck and Otter Creek and associated notes and observations
20	TTL (for the City of Toledo)	Environmental Site Assessment of Hecklinger Pond	TTL (1988)	1988	Yes	No	No	Discussion of fish tissue samples from Hecklinger Pond
21	City of Toledo	Memorandum regarding Duck Creek sludge samples	City of Toledo (1988)	1988	Yes	No	No	Samples related to release from City of Toledo WWTP sludge pond into Duck Creek
22	City of Toledo	Memoranda regarding ETC (1988) fish tissue sample	City of Toledo (1989a, 1989b, 1991)	1989	No	No	No	Discussion of fish tissue samples from Hecklinger Pond
23	WSU	Letter Regarding Analysis of Fish Tissue Samples	WSU (1991)	1991	No	No	Yes	Discussion of fish tissue samples from Hecklinger Pond
24	BEC (for the City of Toledo)	Analysis of surface water samples	BEC (2003, 2004)	2003-2004	Yes	No	No	Surface water samples from Duck Creek

Notes:

BEC = BEC Laboratories, Inc.  
DERR = Division of Emergency and Remedial Response  
DES = Division of Environmental Service  
DSW = Division of Surface Water  
SECOR = SECOR International, Inc.

ENVIRON = ENVIRON International Corporation  
ETC = Environmental Testing and Certification Corporation  
Mannik & Smith = The Mannik & Smith Group, Inc.  
NA = Not available

OEPA = Ohio Environmental Protection Agency  
PTRL = PTRL Environmental Services, Inc.  
TTL = Toledo Testing Laboratory  
WSU = Wright State University

**TABLE 2**  
**SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR DUCK CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data				
	Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles		
										50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>
2-Butanone	2	11	18	1.00E+01	1.00E+02	1.30E+01	1.12E+02	3.18E+01	3.18E+01	1.30E+01	1.09E+02	1.12E+02
2-Methylnaphthalene	7	44	16	3.30E+02	1.00E+03	3.40E+01	1.30E+03	4.05E+02	4.05E+02	7.05E+02	9.30E+02	1.15E+03
3 & 4-Methylphenol	8	26	31	3.30E+02	1.00E+03	4.20E+01	1.90E+03	5.29E+02	5.29E+02	7.80E+02	1.13E+03	1.66E+03
4,4'-DDD	28	30	93	3.30E+01	5.00E+03	1.40E+01	2.20E+03	5.05E+02	5.05E+02	2.58E+02	1.92E+03	3.46E+03
4,4'-DDE	28	30	93	3.30E+01	5.00E+03	1.40E+01	9.49E+02	2.70E+02	2.70E+02	1.30E+02	5.65E+02	2.77E+03
4,4'-DDT	19	30	63	7.30E+00	5.00E+03	9.20E+00	1.49E+02	1.16E+02	1.16E+02	3.49E+01	6.95E+01	2.33E+03
4-Methylphenol	2	18	11	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	1.10E+03	4.06E+02	4.06E+02	7.00E+02	8.30E+02	1.10E+03
Acenaphthene	5	49	10	3.30E+02	5.00E+03	2.70E+01	2.10E+03	4.50E+02	4.50E+02	7.00E+02	1.00E+03	2.00E+03
Acenaphthylene	3	49	6	3.30E+02	5.00E+03	1.80E+01	1.50E+03	3.87E+02	3.87E+02	7.00E+02	9.10E+02	1.25E+03
Acetone	2	12	17	1.00E+01	1.00E+04	1.20E+02	2.25E+02	4.67E+02	4.67E+02	1.00E+02	7.07E+03	1.00E+04
Aldrin	1	30	3	6.60E-01	5.00E+03	9.10E+00	9.10E+00	8.70E+01	8.70E+01	7.90E+00	1.54E+01	2.26E+03
Aluminum	29	29	100	N/A	N/A	2.27E+03	4.60E+04	2.35E+04	2.35E+04	2.49E+04	4.44E+04	4.58E+04
Anthracene	8	49	16	3.30E+02	5.00E+03	3.30E+01	1.00E+04	7.47E+02	7.47E+02	7.00E+02	1.30E+03	4.95E+03
Aroclor 1248	3	29	10	3.20E+01	3.30E+02	1.05E+02	1.68E+02	4.06E+01	4.06E+01	3.87E+01	1.68E+02	3.30E+02
Aroclor 1254	2	29	7	3.20E+01	3.30E+02	6.91E+01	1.80E+02	3.66E+01	3.66E+01	3.92E+01	1.80E+02	3.30E+02
Aroclor 1260	3	29	10	3.20E+01	3.30E+02	6.65E+01	1.40E+02	3.70E+01	3.70E+01	3.87E+01	1.40E+02	3.30E+02
Arsenic	33	34	97	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	7.11E+00	7.20E+01	2.32E+01	2.32E+01	2.05E+01	3.99E+01	5.37E+01
Barium	34	53	64	6.70E-01	1.00E+00	3.49E+01	3.16E+02	9.91E+01	9.91E+01	8.95E+01	2.39E+02	2.59E+02
Benzo[a]anthracene	9	29	31	3.30E+02	8.00E+02	5.60E+01	1.87E+04	1.15E+03	1.15E+03	7.00E+02	2.30E+03	1.09E+04
Benzo[a]pyrene	19	48	40	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	5.40E+01	1.95E+04	1.41E+03	1.41E+03	7.40E+02	3.07E+03	7.66E+03
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	18	47	38	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	7.20E+01	1.67E+04	1.36E+03	1.36E+03	7.50E+02	4.20E+03	7.22E+03
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	16	48	33	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	4.60E+01	1.24E+04	9.76E+02	9.76E+02	7.05E+02	1.90E+03	4.96E+03
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	17	49	35	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	5.50E+01	4.40E+04	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	7.10E+02	4.90E+03	1.11E+04
Benzoic acid	2	7	29	1.60E+03	1.70E+03	1.60E+02	1.70E+02	6.40E+02	6.40E+02	1.60E+03	1.70E+03	1.70E+03
Beryllium	29	29	100	N/A	N/A	3.30E-01	3.57E+00	1.21E+00	1.21E+00	1.21E+00	1.63E+00	2.69E+00
Cadmium	28	34	82	5.00E-01	1.01E+00	2.90E-01	2.09E+00	9.49E-01	9.49E-01	9.88E-01	1.69E+00	1.94E+00
Calcium	26	26	100	N/A	N/A	1.00E+04	1.36E+05	5.81E+04	5.81E+04	6.45E+04	1.03E+05	1.26E+05
Chromium	33	34	97	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	5.90E+00	7.50E+01	3.47E+01	3.47E+01	3.96E+01	5.90E+01	6.45E+01
Chrysene	26	49	53	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	6.50E+01	2.80E+04	2.26E+03	2.26E+03	8.00E+02	5.10E+03	1.68E+04
Cobalt	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	2.40E+00	8.40E+00	5.58E+00	5.58E+00	4.65E+00	8.40E+00	8.40E+00
Copper	34	34	100	N/A	N/A	1.02E+01	8.26E+01	3.56E+01	3.56E+01	3.48E+01	5.92E+01	7.63E+01
Cyanide	1	7	14	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	5.71E-01	5.71E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	4	48	8	3.30E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	3.80E+03	4.52E+02	4.52E+02	7.00E+02	1.00E+03	1.47E+03
Dibenzofuran	4	44	9	3.30E+02	1.00E+03	2.80E+01	1.50E+03	3.81E+02	3.81E+02	7.00E+02	9.30E+02	1.15E+03
Diethylphthalate	7	48	15	3.30E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	2.70E+03	5.80E+02	5.80E+02	7.40E+02	2.00E+03	2.39E+03
Endrin	1	30	3	3.20E+00	5.00E+03	4.07E+00	4.07E+00	8.76E+01	8.76E+01	7.75E+00	3.07E+01	2.27E+03
Endrin ketone	2	7	29	3.30E+00	3.30E+01	3.60E-01	2.50E+00	5.83E+00	5.83E+00	3.30E+00	3.30E+01	3.30E+01
Fluoranthene	36	49	73	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	6.70E+01	5.90E+04	4.64E+03	4.64E+03	9.00E+02	9.80E+03	4.05E+04



**TABLE 2**  
**SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR DUCK CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data				
	Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles		
										50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>
Fluorene	5	49	10	3.30E+02	5.00E+03	2.20E+01	3.50E+03	5.05E+02	5.05E+02	7.00E+02	1.00E+03	3.15E+03
Heptachlor epoxide	1	29	3	6.60E-01	1.60E+01	1.40E+00	1.40E+00	3.51E+00	3.51E+00	7.70E+00	9.90E+00	1.60E+01
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	15	48	31	3.30E+02	8.80E+02	5.80E+01	1.40E+04	1.04E+03	1.04E+03	7.10E+02	2.02E+03	5.24E+03
Iron	34	34	100	N/A	N/A	1.90E+00	7.24E+04	2.17E+04	2.17E+04	2.15E+04	3.20E+04	4.28E+04
Lead	31	34	91	2.60E+01	4.10E+01	1.13E+01	2.50E+02	5.44E+01	5.44E+01	4.45E+01	1.01E+02	1.71E+02
Magnesium	26	26	100	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03	1.72E+04	1.01E+04	1.01E+04	1.08E+04	1.58E+04	1.70E+04
Manganese	26	26	100	N/A	N/A	1.16E+02	6.71E+02	3.87E+02	3.87E+02	4.40E+02	5.85E+02	6.41E+02
Mercury	26	32	81	8.00E-02	1.00E-01	4.00E-02	5.49E-01	1.20E-01	1.20E-01	1.03E-01	1.94E-01	3.26E-01
Methoxychlor	3	29	10	6.60E+00	1.60E+02	3.10E+00	3.70E+02	2.38E+01	2.38E+01	8.60E+00	1.60E+02	2.65E+02
Methylene chloride	1	14	7	2.00E+00	7.00E+01	4.18E+01	4.18E+01	1.17E+01	1.17E+01	1.00E+01	6.50E+01	7.00E+01
Naphthalene	20	49	41	6.00E+01	5.00E+03	1.50E+01	3.90E+03	6.24E+02	6.24E+02	7.70E+02	1.10E+03	2.55E+03
Nickel	26	34	76	2.60E+01	4.10E+01	6.00E+00	7.47E+01	2.99E+01	2.99E+01	3.20E+01	6.03E+01	6.82E+01
Phenanthrene	22	49	45	4.50E+01	8.80E+02	4.10E+02	3.37E+04	2.55E+03	2.55E+03	8.00E+02	4.30E+03	2.25E+04
Polychlorinated biphenyls	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.97E+01	5.97E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Potassium	27	27	100	N/A	N/A	3.64E+02	1.27E+04	5.88E+03	5.88E+03	5.99E+03	1.09E+04	1.21E+04
Pyrene	35	49	71	3.30E+02	5.00E+03	6.10E+01	3.82E+04	2.94E+03	2.94E+03	1.00E+03	5.00E+03	1.90E+04
Selenium	19	33	58	5.00E-01	1.00E+01	9.18E-01	4.13E+00	2.31E+00	2.31E+00	2.18E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01
Silver	3	11	27	1.00E-01	1.00E+00	4.40E-01	6.60E-01	4.11E-01	4.11E-01	6.60E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00
Sodium	9	29	31	2.93E+03	5.18E+03	1.18E+02	3.83E+02	1.37E+03	1.37E+03	3.53E+03	4.29E+03	5.13E+03
Strontium	22	22	100	N/A	N/A	6.70E+01	4.82E+02	2.14E+02	2.14E+02	2.11E+02	3.09E+02	4.58E+02
Vanadium	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	1.36E+01	4.06E+01	2.61E+01	2.61E+01	2.76E+01	4.06E+01	4.06E+01
Zinc	34	34	100	N/A	N/A	3.49E+01	3.76E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	1.54E+02	3.10E+02	3.68E+02
alpha-BHC	1	30	3	6.60E-01	5.00E+03	1.01E+00	1.01E+00	8.67E+01	8.67E+01	7.75E+00	1.54E+01	2.26E+03
alpha-Chlordane	1	25	4	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	2.90E+00	2.90E+00	4.04E+00	4.04E+00	8.00E+00	1.23E+01	1.60E+01
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	18	48	38	7.70E+01	1.00E+03	7.00E+02	4.00E+03	7.11E+02	7.11E+02	7.95E+02	1.80E+03	1.97E+03
delta-BHC	2	30	7	1.60E+00	5.00E+03	3.19E+00	4.11E+00	8.69E+01	8.69E+01	7.75E+00	1.54E+01	2.26E+03
gamma-Chlordane	3	25	12	1.30E+00	1.60E+01	1.20E+00	9.30E+00	4.22E+00	4.22E+00	8.00E+00	1.23E+01	1.60E+01

**Notes:** Units are milligrams per kilogram for metals and micrograms per kilogram for other chemicals.  
One-half the detection limit was substituted for censored (nondetect) measurements in calculations of the mean and percentiles

Min Minimum concentration  
Max Maximum concentration  
N/A Not applicable

**TABLE 3**  
**SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR OTTER CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data				
	Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean <sup>2</sup>	Geometric Mean <sup>2</sup>	Nonparametric Percentiles		
										50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	33	3	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	1.70E+02	1.70E+02	5.19E+01	5.19E+01	1.10E+01	1.88E+02	7.40E+02
2,4,5-TP	2	9	22	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	1.22E+01	2.13E+01	7.61E+00	7.61E+00	1.00E+01	2.13E+01	2.13E+01
2,4-Dimethylphenol	3	118	3	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	9.00E+02	1.00E+03	7.52E+02	7.52E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
2-Butanone	11	26	42	2.10E+01	2.00E+03	1.40E+01	2.26E+02	9.74E+01	9.74E+01	7.10E+01	2.08E+02	1.38E+03
2-Methylnaphthalene	80	114	70	5.60E+02	8.70E+03	1.60E+02	1.04E+04	2.17E+03	2.17E+03	1.75E+03	5.10E+03	6.25E+03
2-Methylphenol	1	114	1	5.60E+02	2.30E+04	1.30E+02	1.30E+02	7.55E+02	7.55E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	5.35E+03
3 & 4-Methylphenol	8	12	67	5.60E+02	9.40E+02	6.60E+02	4.10E+03	1.31E+03	1.31E+03	1.30E+03	3.47E+03	4.10E+03
4,4'-DDD	23	38	61	1.67E+00	1.40E+01	6.57E+00	6.72E+01	1.55E+01	1.55E+01	1.11E+01	3.88E+01	6.71E+01
4,4'-DDE	16	38	42	5.60E-01	1.30E+01	1.80E+00	2.99E+01	8.16E+00	8.16E+00	8.05E+00	2.11E+01	2.49E+01
4,4'-DDT	13	38	34	1.67E+00	1.30E+01	2.15E+00	2.14E+01	6.38E+00	6.38E+00	7.05E+00	1.98E+01	2.07E+01
4-Methylphenol	79	102	77	6.00E+02	8.70E+03	1.50E+02	1.05E+04	3.52E+03	3.52E+03	3.95E+03	6.94E+03	8.66E+03
Acenaphthene	5	118	4	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	8.10E+01	2.70E+03	7.71E+02	7.71E+02	9.95E+02	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
Acenaphthylene	1	118	1	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	5.40E+01	5.40E+01	7.36E+02	7.36E+02	9.95E+02	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
Acetone	15	25	60	5.00E+01	2.00E+03	7.40E+01	1.23E+03	3.64E+02	3.64E+02	2.40E+02	1.09E+03	1.77E+03
Acetonitrile	3	9	33	5.00E+01	5.00E+01	3.03E+02	3.73E+03	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	5.00E+01	3.73E+03	3.73E+03
Aldrin	6	38	16	5.60E-01	1.01E+01	1.90E+00	1.96E+01	4.24E+00	4.24E+00	6.70E+00	1.00E+01	1.79E+01
Aluminum	34	34	100	N/A	N/A	5.73E+03	4.73E+04	1.72E+04	1.72E+04	1.29E+04	3.33E+04	3.79E+04
Anthracene	10	118	8	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	1.90E+02	3.90E+03	7.85E+02	7.85E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
Antimony	5	21	24	2.50E-01	1.59E+01	9.90E-01	1.40E+00	1.84E+00	1.84E+00	1.00E+00	1.28E+01	1.56E+01
Aroclor 1254	23	38	61	2.90E+01	1.60E+02	5.90E+01	1.76E+03	2.58E+02	2.58E+02	1.27E+02	9.60E+02	1.12E+03
Aroclor 1260	13	38	34	2.76E+01	1.60E+02	3.52E+01	2.14E+02	5.63E+01	5.63E+01	7.00E+01	1.41E+02	1.63E+02
Arsenic	48	48	100	N/A	N/A	8.27E+00	3.65E+01	1.72E+01	1.72E+01	1.51E+01	2.94E+01	3.04E+01
Barium	48	60	80	5.60E-01	1.00E+00	6.80E+01	2.30E+02	1.05E+02	1.05E+02	1.18E+02	1.80E+02	2.03E+02
Benzene	4	29	14	5.00E+00	9.00E+01	3.00E+00	2.07E+01	1.35E+01	1.35E+01	1.00E+01	8.00E+01	9.00E+01
Benzo[a]anthracene	25	106	24	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	1.90E+02	1.13E+04	1.10E+03	1.10E+03	1.10E+03	2.03E+03	7.58E+03
Benzo[a]pyrene	28	118	24	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.80E+02	8.30E+03	9.22E+02	9.22E+02	1.05E+03	2.20E+03	3.21E+03
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	21	113	19	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	2.40E+02	9.10E+03	8.57E+02	8.57E+02	1.00E+03	1.66E+03	3.69E+03
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	22	118	19	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.50E+01	3.60E+03	8.27E+02	8.27E+02	1.00E+03	1.71E+03	3.13E+03
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	19	118	16	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	9.80E+01	6.60E+03	9.79E+02	9.79E+02	1.00E+03	2.29E+03	5.31E+03
Beryllium	36	43	84	5.00E-02	1.30E+00	2.13E-01	1.58E+00	6.86E-01	6.86E-01	7.07E-01	1.27E+00	1.46E+00
Cadmium	39	48	81	1.55E-01	1.30E+00	3.17E-01	1.82E+00	8.46E-01	8.46E-01	8.63E-01	1.48E+00	1.68E+00
Calcium	24	24	100	N/A	N/A	2.29E+04	2.23E+05	1.09E+05	1.09E+05	1.08E+05	2.03E+05	2.20E+05
Carbon disulfide	5	25	20	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	3.00E+00	5.31E+01	5.98E+01	5.98E+01	1.10E+01	1.40E+02	1.46E+03
Chromium	48	48	100	N/A	N/A	2.61E+01	2.97E+02	1.07E+02	1.07E+02	9.89E+01	1.76E+02	2.02E+02
Chrysene	80	118	68	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	3.90E+02	1.10E+04	1.79E+03	1.79E+03	1.30E+03	3.57E+03	5.57E+03
Cobalt	8	21	38	2.50E+00	1.32E+01	2.90E+00	1.12E+01	4.05E+00	4.05E+00	5.60E+00	1.11E+01	1.30E+01
Copper	48	48	100	N/A	N/A	2.20E+01	1.97E+02	8.90E+01	8.90E+01	9.01E+01	1.32E+02	1.46E+02
Cyanide	9	18	50	8.00E-01	1.30E+00	1.40E-01	1.45E+00	4.83E-01	4.83E-01	8.00E-01	1.32E+00	1.45E+00
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	7	118	6	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	6.00E+02	1.60E+03	7.78E+02	7.78E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
Dieldrin	4	38	11	2.90E+00	1.60E+01	1.70E+00	8.73E+00	3.96E+00	3.96E+00	7.05E+00	1.00E+01	1.04E+01
Endosulfan I	1	38	3	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	3.77E+00	3.77E+00	6.90E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01

**TABLE 3**  
**SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR OTTER CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data				
	Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean <sup>2</sup>	Geometric Mean <sup>2</sup>	Nonparametric Percentiles		
										50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>
Endosulfan II	1	38	3	5.30E+00	1.60E+01	1.28E+01	1.28E+01	4.43E+00	4.43E+00	8.20E+00	1.28E+01	1.41E+01
Endosulfan sulfate	2	38	5	5.30E+00	6.06E+01	3.15E+00	1.40E+01	7.74E+00	7.74E+00	9.60E+00	5.66E+01	6.00E+01
Endrin	3	38	8	5.30E+00	1.60E+01	3.13E+00	1.25E+01	4.44E+00	4.44E+00	7.75E+00	1.26E+01	1.41E+01
Endrin aldehyde	2	38	5	5.30E+00	1.82E+01	4.85E+00	5.60E+00	4.85E+00	4.85E+00	9.00E+00	1.70E+01	1.80E+01
Endrin ketone	3	9	33	5.30E+00	1.30E+01	2.60E+00	7.70E+00	4.13E+00	4.13E+00	6.90E+00	1.30E+01	1.30E+01
Fluoranthene	42	118	36	3.30E+02	8.70E+03	4.60E+02	1.90E+04	1.33E+03	1.33E+03	1.10E+03	3.67E+03	5.44E+03
Fluorene	45	118	38	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.20E+02	2.60E+03	9.81E+02	9.81E+02	1.10E+03	2.00E+03	2.51E+03
Heptachlor epoxide	2	38	5	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.58E+00	3.40E+00	3.60E+00	3.60E+00	6.70E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	17	118	14	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	1.80E+01	3.90E+03	8.79E+02	8.79E+02	1.10E+03	1.70E+03	3.97E+03
Iron	39	39	100	N/A	N/A	2.13E+00	3.67E+04	1.90E+04	1.90E+04	1.73E+04	2.96E+04	3.11E+04
Lead	48	48	100	N/A	N/A	3.00E+01	4.85E+03	2.09E+02	2.09E+02	9.80E+01	2.11E+02	2.54E+02
Magnesium	24	24	100	N/A	N/A	6.80E+03	1.65E+04	9.80E+03	9.80E+03	9.26E+03	1.40E+04	1.63E+04
Manganese	24	24	100	N/A	N/A	2.40E+02	6.33E+02	3.89E+02	3.89E+02	3.77E+02	5.27E+02	6.13E+02
Mercury	40	48	83	1.00E-01	4.30E-01	6.20E-02	6.30E-01	2.76E-01	2.76E-01	2.88E-01	4.46E-01	5.46E-01
Methoxychlor	9	38	24	5.50E+00	4.50E+01	5.60E+00	2.10E+01	9.08E+00	9.08E+00	1.00E+01	3.07E+01	3.69E+01
Methylene chloride	2	33	6	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	4.00E+00	4.00E+00	4.81E+01	4.81E+01	1.00E+01	1.56E+02	7.54E+02
Naphthalene	25	118	21	4.00E+01	2.30E+04	9.80E+01	1.06E+04	1.14E+03	1.14E+03	1.00E+03	2.72E+03	8.73E+03
Nickel	43	48	90	1.72E+01	3.00E+01	1.86E+01	1.26E+02	3.23E+01	3.23E+01	2.90E+01	5.05E+01	6.65E+01
Phenanthrene	95	118	81	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	4.00E+02	1.10E+04	2.65E+03	2.65E+03	2.30E+03	5.60E+03	7.66E+03
Phenol	7	118	6	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	8.20E+02	1.20E+03	7.76E+02	7.76E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	5.31E+03
Polychlorinated biphenyls	7	10	70	1.00E+02	1.00E+02	1.23E+02	1.40E+03	3.60E+02	3.60E+02	1.34E+02	1.35E+03	1.40E+03
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.55E+00	4.55E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Potassium	23	24	96	1.32E+03	1.32E+03	4.97E+00	9.14E+03	3.00E+03	3.00E+03	1.64E+03	7.48E+03	8.88E+03
Pyrene	93	118	79	3.30E+02	8.70E+03	2.00E+02	1.68E+04	2.39E+03	2.39E+03	2.10E+03	4.82E+03	6.41E+03
Selenium	36	47	77	5.00E-01	2.02E+00	1.20E+00	8.23E+00	2.54E+00	2.54E+00	2.06E+00	5.36E+00	6.40E+00
Silver	8	25	32	2.30E-01	2.60E+00	2.70E-01	8.70E-01	4.62E-01	4.62E-01	5.00E-01	2.12E+00	2.47E+00
Sodium	8	34	24	2.53E+02	5.06E+03	2.09E+02	6.19E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	1.06E+03	4.19E+03	4.94E+03
Strontium	22	22	100	N/A	N/A	8.90E+01	7.87E+02	2.82E+02	2.82E+02	2.47E+02	5.02E+02	7.51E+02
Sulfide	9	9	100	N/A	N/A	1.87E+02	1.70E+03	5.70E+02	5.70E+02	4.60E+02	1.70E+03	1.70E+03
Thallium	1	21	5	2.00E-01	2.60E+00	1.30E+00	1.30E+00	5.18E-01	5.18E-01	1.10E+00	2.14E+00	2.56E+00
Tin	9	9	100	N/A	N/A	3.70E+00	1.30E+01	6.48E+00	6.48E+00	5.10E+00	1.30E+01	1.30E+01
Toluene	9	33	27	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	5.68E+00	3.00E+02	6.04E+01	6.04E+01	2.30E+01	2.00E+02	8.10E+02
Vanadium	20	21	95	1.25E+00	1.25E+00	1.70E+01	3.95E+01	2.43E+01	2.43E+01	2.27E+01	3.90E+01	3.95E+01
Vinyl acetate	1	13	8	1.00E+01	1.00E+02	1.06E+01	1.06E+01	1.93E+01	1.93E+01	1.00E+01	1.00E+02	1.00E+02
Xylenes	1	21	5	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	1.05E+01	1.05E+01	6.22E+01	6.22E+01	1.00E+01	2.00E+02	1.82E+03
Zinc	48	48	100	N/A	N/A	8.10E+01	3.81E+02	1.97E+02	1.97E+02	1.82E+02	3.12E+02	3.33E+02
alpha-Chlordane	7	29	24	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.28E+00	1.61E+01	4.07E+00	4.07E+00	6.20E+00	9.90E+00	1.31E+01
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	45	118	38	3.30E+02	2.30E+04	2.10E+02	7.10E+04	1.75E+03	1.75E+03	1.10E+03	2.03E+03	5.31E+03
delta-BHC	1	38	3	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	6.33E+00	6.33E+00	3.70E+00	3.70E+00	6.90E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01
gamma-Chlordane	9	29	31	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.00E+00	2.59E+01	5.02E+00	5.02E+00	5.60E+00	1.44E+01	2.09E+01

**Notes:** Units are milligrams per kilogram for metals and micrograms per kilogram for other chemicals.  
One-half the detection limit was substituted for censored (nondetect) measurements in calculations of the mean and percentiles

Min Minimum concentration  
Max Maximum concentration  
N/A Not applicable

**TABLE 4**  
**SURFACE WATER - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS**  
**FOR DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS COMBINED**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Analyte Group	Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data					
			Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles			
			50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>										
Metals	Aluminum	Gamma	37	46	80	1.00E-01	2.00E-01	1.00E-02	3.88E+00	9.17E-01	4.76E-01	5.25E-01	2.70E+00	3.50E+00	
	Antimony	Not Tested	1	22	5	5.00E-03	1.00E-01	1.20E-02	1.20E-02	1.16E-02	4.63E-03	2.50E-03	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
	Arsenic	Not Tested	39	120	32	1.00E-03	2.00E-01	2.00E-03	3.30E-02	8.04E-03	2.09E-03	1.00E-03	1.80E-02	2.98E-02	
	Barium	Nonparametric	55	73	75	1.00E-02	5.00E-02	1.00E-02	2.39E-01	4.41E-02	3.27E-02	3.60E-02	8.64E-02	1.01E-01	
	Beryllium	Not Tested	1	75	1	2.00E-04	2.00E-03	1.20E-03	1.20E-03	2.64E-04	1.76E-04	1.00E-04	5.00E-04	1.00E-03	
	Cadmium	Not Tested	4	187	2	2.00E-04	5.00E-03	2.00E-04	1.30E-02	4.41E-04	1.82E-04	1.00E-04	1.00E-03	2.50E-03	
	Calcium	Normal	42	42	100	N/A	N/A	2.40E+01	1.14E+02	6.24E+01	5.80E+01	6.65E+01	8.66E+01	1.02E+02	
	Chromium	Not Tested	14	187	7	5.00E-04	3.00E-02	1.00E-03	8.05E-02	8.92E-03	7.01E-03	5.00E-03	1.50E-02	1.50E-02	
	Copper	Not Tested	20	186	11	5.00E-03	2.50E-02	1.00E-03	5.50E-02	6.99E-03	5.92E-03	5.00E-03	1.25E-02	1.25E-02	
	Iron	Nonparametric	59	76	78	1.00E-04	1.00E-04	1.10E-04	2.18E+01	1.30E+00	6.07E-02	5.94E-01	2.97E+00	4.66E+00	
	Lead	Not Tested	42	183	23	1.00E-03	5.00E-02	1.00E-03	3.20E-01	5.19E-03	2.25E-03	1.50E-03	7.00E-03	2.25E-02	
	Magnesium	Gamma	42	42	100	N/A	N/A	8.00E+00	4.00E+01	1.88E+01	1.70E+01	1.85E+01	3.14E+01	3.93E+01	
	Manganese	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	9.00E-03	1.39E-01	5.78E-02	3.32E-02	4.15E-02	1.39E-01	1.39E-01	
	Mercury	Not Tested	6	194	3	2.00E-05	2.00E-04	2.00E-04	2.17E-02	2.19E-04	1.05E-04	1.00E-04	1.00E-04	1.00E-04	
	Nickel	Not Tested	24	131	18	1.00E-03	4.00E-02	1.00E-03	5.50E-02	1.25E-02	8.89E-03	1.25E-02	2.00E-02	2.00E-02	
	Potassium	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	5.88E+00	1.46E+01	1.06E+01	9.87E+00	1.09E+01	1.46E+01	1.46E+01	
	Selenium	Not Tested	21	154	14	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	7.00E-02	4.45E-03	2.43E-03	2.50E-03	4.50E-03	1.53E-02	
	Sodium	Gamma	42	42	100	N/A	N/A	1.59E+01	1.59E+02	6.33E+01	5.16E+01	4.90E+01	1.27E+02	1.42E+02	
	Tin	Not Tested	1	19	5	1.00E-02	1.40E-02	1.20E-02	1.20E-02	5.77E-03	5.62E-03	5.00E-03	7.00E-03	1.20E-02	
	Vanadium	Not Tested	1	23	4	1.00E-02	5.00E-02	1.65E-02	1.65E-02	2.20E-02	1.99E-02	2.50E-02	2.50E-02	2.50E-02	
	Zinc	Not Tested	65	174	37	1.00E-05	3.10E-02	1.00E-05	1.98E-01	1.66E-02	5.43E-03	5.00E-03	4.25E-02	6.68E-02	
	Organic Constituents	2,4-D	Normal	8	9	89	3.78E-01	3.78E-01	3.97E-01	1.40E+00	8.96E-01	7.68E-01	8.83E-01	1.40E+00	1.40E+00
		4,4'-DDD	Not Tested	1	24	4	6.00E-03	1.00E-01	6.00E-03	6.00E-03	2.86E-02	1.42E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02
4,4'-DDE		Not Tested	5	24	21	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	1.30E-02	2.85E-02	1.12E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
4,4'-DDT		Not Tested	4	24	17	6.00E-03	1.00E-01	7.00E-03	1.10E-02	2.95E-02	1.66E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Acetone		Not Tested	1	19	5	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	1.14E+01	1.14E+01	5.34E+00	5.22E+00	5.00E+00	5.00E+00	1.14E+01	
Aldrin		Not Tested	1	24	4	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	1.00E-02	1.00E-02	2.38E-02	8.16E-03	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Bromodichloromethane		Not Tested	1	30	3	5.00E-01	5.00E+00	1.10E+00	1.10E+00	7.03E-01	5.05E-01	5.00E-01	2.50E+00	2.50E+00	
Chloroform		Not Tested	4	30	13	5.00E-01	5.00E+00	1.00E+00	2.90E+00	8.68E-01	6.13E-01	5.00E-01	2.50E+00	2.68E+00	
Cyanide		Not Tested	6	19	32	5.00E-03	1.00E-02	6.00E-03	1.80E-02	6.63E-03	5.52E-03	5.00E-03	1.50E-02	1.80E-02	
Dieldrin		Not Tested	3	24	12	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	6.00E-03	9.00E-03	2.84E-02	1.07E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Endosulfan I		Not Tested	7	24	29	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	2.00E-02	2.47E-02	1.11E-02	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Endosulfan II		Not Tested	8	24	33	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	9.00E-03	2.92E-02	1.43E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Endosulfan sulfate		Not Tested	1	24	4	2.00E-02	1.00E-01	2.40E-02	2.40E-02	3.23E-02	2.48E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Endrin		Not Tested	3	24	12	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	5.00E-03	1.40E-02	2.85E-02	1.08E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Endrin aldehyde		Not Tested	2	24	8	6.00E-03	1.00E-01	8.00E-03	1.00E-02	2.90E-02	1.51E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Ethylbenzene		Not Tested	1	116	1	5.00E-01	5.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	5.37E-01	4.80E-01	5.00E-01	5.00E-01	5.75E-01	
Heptachlor		Not Tested	3	24	12	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	6.00E-03	2.37E-02	8.46E-03	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Heptachlor epoxide		Not Tested	5	24	21	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	9.00E-03	2.44E-02	1.05E-02	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
Phenolics		Nonparametric	5	10	50	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	1.10E+01	3.30E+01	1.20E+01	9.35E+00	8.00E+00	3.19E+01	3.30E+01	
Toluene		Not Tested	1	116	1	5.00E-01	5.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	5.37E-01	4.80E-01	5.00E-01	5.00E-01	5.75E-01	
alpha-BHC		Not Tested	2	24	8	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	4.00E-03	9.00E-03	2.38E-02	8.61E-03	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
delta-BHC		Not Tested	4	24	17	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	2.00E-03	2.00E-02	2.43E-02	9.32E-03	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	
gamma-BHC		Not Tested	1	24	4	2.00E-03	1.00E-01	6.00E-03	6.00E-03	2.36E-02	7.99E-03	2.50E-02	5.00E-02	5.00E-02	

**Notes:** Units are mg/l for metals and cyanide, and µg/l for all other constituents  
One-half the detection limit was substituted for censored (nondetect) measurements in calculations of the mean and percentiles  
<sup>1</sup> Tested for all chemicals with at least 5 samples and detection frequencies greater than or equal to 50 percent using the Shapiro-Wilk W test (a 5 percent level of significance was used for all tests).

Min Minimum concentration  
Max Maximum concentration  
mg/l Milligrams per liter  
µg/l Micrograms per liter  
N/A Not applicable

**References**

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 2002. "Calculating exposure point concentrations at hazardous waste sites." OSWER 9285.6-10. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response. Washington, DC. December.  
EPA. 2004a. "ProUCL Version 3.0 User Guide." Prepared by Singh, A., Singh, A.K. and R.W. Maichle for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Technical Support Center, Las Vegas, NV. April.

**TABLE 5**  
**SEDIMENT SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS**  
**FOR INDIVIDUAL REACHES OF DUCK CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON**

Stream Reach	Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles			UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
			Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max			50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>		
DC-1	4,4'-DDD	Not Tested	1	2	50	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	6.74E+01	6.74E+01	1.28E+03	1.28E+03	2.53E+03	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	N/A	6.74E+01
	4,4'-DDE	Not Tested	1	2	50	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	4.42E+01	4.42E+01	1.27E+03	1.27E+03	2.52E+03	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	N/A	4.42E+01
	Aluminum	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.49E+04	2.49E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.49E+04
	Arsenic	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.68E+01	3.68E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.68E+01
	Barium	Not Tested	1	2	50	9.00E-01	9.00E-01	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	8.02E+01	8.02E+01	8.05E+01	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	N/A	1.60E+02
	Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	1	2	50	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	2.20E+03	2.20E+03	2.35E+03	2.35E+03	3.60E+03	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	N/A	2.20E+03
	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.10E+03
	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.70E+03	1.70E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.70E+03
	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	2.00E+03	4.40E+04	2.30E+04	2.30E+04	2.30E+04	4.40E+04	4.40E+04	N/A	4.40E+04
	Beryllium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.63E+00	1.63E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.63E+00
	Cadmium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	9.08E-01	9.08E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.08E-01
	Calcium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.47E+04	4.47E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.47E+04
	Chromium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.00E+01	4.00E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.00E+01
	Chrysene	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	2.10E+03	2.80E+04	1.51E+04	1.51E+04	1.51E+04	2.80E+04	2.80E+04	N/A	2.80E+04
	Copper	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.18E+01	4.18E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.18E+01
	Fluoranthene	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	4.60E+03	5.90E+04	3.18E+04	3.18E+04	3.18E+04	5.90E+04	5.90E+04	N/A	5.90E+04
	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.70E+03	1.70E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.70E+03
	Iron	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.58E+04	2.58E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.58E+04
	Lead	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	8.20E+01	8.20E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.20E+01
	Magnesium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.01E+04	1.01E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.01E+04
	Manganese	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.04E+02	5.04E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.04E+02
	Mercury	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.01E-01	1.01E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.01E-01
	Nickel	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.30E+01
	Phenanthrene	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.20E+03	2.00E+04	1.06E+04	1.06E+04	1.06E+04	2.00E+04	2.00E+04	N/A	2.00E+04
	Potassium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.76E+03	5.76E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.76E+03
	Pyrene	Not Tested	1	2	50	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	3.80E+03	3.80E+03	3.15E+03	3.15E+03	4.40E+03	5.00E+03	5.00E+03	N/A	3.80E+03
	Selenium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.82E+00	3.82E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.82E+00
	Strontium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.59E+02	1.59E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.59E+02
	Zinc	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.79E+02	1.79E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.79E+02
	2-Butanone	Not Tested	2	8	25	1.00E+01	1.00E+02	1.30E+01	1.12E+02	2.49E+01	2.49E+01	1.00E+01	1.12E+02	1.12E+02	1.01E+02	1.01E+02
	2-Methylnaphthalene	Not Tested	2	10	20	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	3.40E+01	7.80E+01	2.03E+02	2.03E+02	3.30E+02	7.81E+02	7.90E+02	5.98E+02	7.80E+01
	3 & 4-Methylphenol	Not Tested	1	10	10	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	4.20E+01	4.20E+01	2.13E+02	2.13E+02	3.30E+02	7.81E+02	7.90E+02	5.91E+02	4.20E+01
	4,4'-DDD	Gamma	9	10	90	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	1.40E+01	2.20E+03	4.56E+02	4.56E+02	1.85E+02	2.05E+03	2.20E+03	1.20E+03	1.20E+03
	4,4'-DDE	Normal	9	10	90	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	1.40E+01	4.80E+02	1.50E+02	1.50E+02	1.15E+02	4.58E+02	4.80E+02	2.34E+02	2.34E+02
	4,4'-DDT	Normal	9	10	90	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	9.20E+00	6.94E+01	4.31E+01	4.31E+01	4.65E+01	6.88E+01	6.94E+01	5.44E+01	5.44E+01
	Acenaphthene	Not Tested	2	11	18	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	2.70E+01	2.60E+02	2.16E+02	2.16E+02	3.30E+02	7.72E+02	7.90E+02	5.66E+02	2.60E+02
	Acenaphthylene	Not Tested	2	11	18	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	1.80E+01	4.10E+01	1.95E+02	1.95E+02	3.30E+02	7.72E+02	7.90E+02	5.55E+02	4.10E+01
	Acetone	Not Tested	2	8	25	1.00E+01	1.00E+02	1.20E+02	2.25E+02	5.63E+01	5.63E+01	4.00E+01	2.25E+02	2.25E+02	1.85E+02	1.85E+02
	Aldrin	Not Tested	1	10	10	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	9.10E+00	9.10E+00	3.91E+00	3.91E+00	6.85E+00	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.24E+01	9.10E+00
	Aluminum	Lognormal	10	10	100	N/A	N/A	2.27E+03	3.69E+04	1.09E+04	1.09E+04	5.37E+03	3.53E+04	3.69E+04	2.42E+04	2.42E+04
	Anthracene	Not Tested	4	11	36	3.30E+02	7.00E+02	3.30E+01	1.30E+03	4.08E+02	4.08E+02	3.30E+02	1.26E+03	1.30E+03	1.01E+03	1.01E+03
Arsenic	Normal	10	11	91	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	8.06E+00	7.20E+01	2.61E+01	2.61E+01	2.05E+01	6.62E+01	7.20E+01	3.64E+01	3.64E+01	
Barium	Normal	11	14	79	7.00E-01	7.90E-01	3.43E+01	2.26E+02	8.52E+01	8.52E+01	8.56E+01	1.83E+02	2.26E+02	1.15E+02	1.15E+02	
Benzo[a]anthracene	Gamma	5	8	62	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	5.60E+01	3.10E+03	6.74E+02	6.74E+02	3.30E+02	3.10E+03	3.27E+03	3.10E+03	3.10E+03	
Benzo[a]pyrene	Gamma	8	11	73	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	5.40E+01	5.50E+03	1.19E+03	1.19E+03	4.40E+02	4.96E+03	5.50E+03	7.00E+03	5.50E+03	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Gamma	7	11	64	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	7.20E+01	4.60E+03	1.31E+03	1.31E+03	7.50E+02	4.50E+03	4.60E+03	9.74E+03	4.60E+03	
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Lognormal	6	11	55	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	4.60E+01	3.70E+03	6.86E+02	6.86E+02	3.30E+02	3.24E+03	3.70E+03	3.74E+03	3.70E+03	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Lognormal	6	11	55	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	5.50E+01	4.90E+03	9.35E+02	9.35E+02	3.30E+02	4.24E+03	4.90E+03	5.40E+03	4.90E+03	
Benzoic acid	Not Tested	2	7	29	1.60E+03	1.70E+03	1.60E+02	1.70E+02	6.40E+02	6.40E+02	1.60E+03	1.70E+03	1.70E+03	1.93E+03	1.70E+02	
Beryllium	Gamma	10	10	100	N/A	N/A	3.30E-01	3.57E+00	1.08E+00	1.08E+00	9.70E-01	3.34E+00	3.57E+00	1.75E+00	1.75E+00	
Cadmium	Not Tested	5	11	45	5.00E-01	1.01E+00	2.90E-01	9.72E-01	4.42E-01	4.42E-01	5.00E-01	1.00E+00	1.01E+00	9.00E-01	9.00E-01	
Calcium	Gamma	10	10	100	N/A	N/A	1.00E+04	6.88E+04	2.98E+04	2.98E+04	1.92E+04	6.77E+04	6.88E+04	4.44E+04	4.44E+04	
Chromium	Normal	11	11	100	N/A	N/A	5.90E+00	4.90E+01	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	1.57E+01	4.73E+01	4.90E+01	2.81E+01	2.81E+01	
Chrysene	Gamma	7	11	64	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	6.50E+01	5.10E+03	1.27E+03	1.27E+03	5.50E+02	4.68E+03	5.10E+03	8.22E+03	5.10E+03	
Cobalt	Normal	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	2.40E+00	8.40E+00	5.58E+00	5.58E+00	4.65E+00	8.40E+00	8.40E+00	7.27E+00	7.27E+00	
Copper	Normal	11	11	100	N/A	N/A	1.02E+01	3.79E+01	2.29E+01	2.29E+01	2.17E+01	3.68E+01	3.79E+01	2.75E+01	2.75E+01	
Cyanide	Not Tested	1	7	14	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	5.71E-01	5.71E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	1.26E+00	1.00E+00	
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	Not Tested	1	11	9	3.30E+02	7.00E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	2.75E+02	2.75E+02	3.30E+02	9.40E+02	1.00E+03	7.15E+02	7.15E+02	
Dibenzofuran	Not Tested	2	10	20	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	2.80E+01	2.00E+02	2.15E+02	2.15E+02	3.30E+02	7.81E+02	7.90E+02	5.96E+02	2.00E+02	
Endrin ketone	Not Tested	2	7	29	3.30E+00	3.30E+01	3.60E-01	2.50E+00	5.83E+00	5.83E+00	3.30E+00	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	2.97E+01	2.50E+00	
Fluoranthene	Gamma	10	11	91	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	6.70E+01	9.80E+03	2.64E+03	2.64E+03	9.70E+02	9.46E+03	9.80E+03	6.30E+03	6.30E+03	
Fluorene	Not Tested	2	11	18	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	2.20E+01	3.80E+02	2.26E+02	2.26E+02	3.30E+02	7.72E+02	7.90E+02	5.79E+02	3.80E+02	
Heptachlor epoxide	Not Tested	1	10	10	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	1.40E+00	1.40E+00	3.14E+00	3.14E+00	4.10E+00	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.13E+01	1.40E+00	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Lognormal	6	11	55	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	5.80E+01	4.00E+03	7.41E+02	7.41E+02	3.30E+02	3.46E+03	4.00E+03	3.81E+03	3.81E+03	
Iron	Gamma	11	11	100	N/A	N/A	5.07E+03	3.07E+04	1.44E+04	1.44E+04	1.12E+04	2.98E+04	3.07E+04	1.97E+04	1.97E+04	
Lead	Gamma	11	11	100	N/A	N/A	1.13E+01	6.50E+01	2.78E+01	2.78E+01	2.08E+01	6.32E+01	6.50E+01	4.04E+01	4.04E+01	
Magnesium	Gamma	10	10	100	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03	1.66E+04	6.54E+03	6.54E+03	4.29E+03	1.60E+04	1.66E+04	9.83E+03	9.83E+03	
Manganese	Normal	10	10	100	N/A	N/A	1.16E+02	4.70E+02	2.43E+02	2.43E+02	1.92E+02	4.64E+02	4.70E+02	3.20E+02	3.20E+02	
Mercury	Not Tested	4	10	40	8.00E-02	1.00E-01	4.00E-02	9.80E-02	5.36E-02	5.36E-02	8.00E-02	9.98E-02	1.00E-01	1.02E-01	9.80E-02	
Methoxychlor	Not Tested	1	10	10	6.60E+00	1.60E+02	3.10E+00	3.10E+00	2.06E+01	2.06E+01	1.60E+01	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	1.08E+02	3.10E+00	
Methylene chloride	Not Tested	1	8	12	2.00E+00	1.30E+01	4.18E+01	4.18E+01	8.04E+00	8.04E+00	5.00E+00	4.18E+01	4.18E+01	3.03E+01	3.03E+01	
Naphthalene	Not Tested	2	11	18	3.30E+02	7.90E+02	1.50E+01	7.60E+01	1.98E+02	1.98E+02	3.30E+02	7.72E+02	7.90E+02	5.58E+02	7.60E+01	
Nickel	Normal	10	11													

TABLE 5  
 SEDIMENT SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS  
 FOR INDIVIDUAL REACHES OF DUCK CREEK  
 HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON

	Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data					UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
			Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles				
												50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>		
	Strontium	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	1.52E+02	2.16E+02	1.74E+02	1.74E+02	1.54E+02	2.16E+02	2.16E+02	N/A	2.16E+02
	Vanadium	Normal	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	1.36E+01	4.06E+01	2.61E+01	2.61E+01	2.76E+01	4.06E+01	4.06E+01	3.35E+01	3.35E+01
	Zinc	Gamma	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	3.49E+01	3.60E+02	1.03E+02	1.03E+02	6.10E+01	3.11E+02	3.60E+02	1.62E+02	1.62E+02
	alpha-Chlordane	Not Tested	1	8	12	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	2.90E+00	2.90E+00	3.91E+00	3.91E+00	6.85E+00	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.36E+01	2.90E+00
	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Not Tested	2	11	18	7.70E+01	7.90E+02	8.30E+02	9.80E+02	3.09E+02	3.09E+02	3.30E+02	9.50E+02	9.80E+02	7.93E+02	7.93E+02
	gamma-Chlordane	Not Tested	2	8	25	1.30E+00	1.60E+01	1.20E+00	1.80E+00	3.80E+00	3.80E+00	6.85E+00	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.39E+01	1.80E+00
	3 & 4-Methylphenol	Not Tested	4	12	33	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	9.40E+02	1.20E+03	6.16E+02	6.16E+02	8.40E+02	1.17E+03	1.20E+03	1.14E+03	1.14E+03
	4,4'-DDD	Gamma	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	7.60E+01	1.98E+03	5.20E+02	5.20E+02	3.20E+02	1.72E+03	1.98E+03	8.86E+02	8.86E+02
	4,4'-DDE	Gamma	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	4.55E+01	9.49E+02	2.35E+02	2.35E+02	1.37E+02	7.99E+02	9.49E+02	4.02E+02	4.02E+02
	4,4'-DDT	Gamma	9	13	69	7.30E+00	8.60E+00	1.32E+01	1.49E+02	3.71E+01	3.71E+01	2.38E+01	1.17E+02	1.49E+02	2.87E+02	1.49E+02
	Acenaphthene	Not Tested	2	13	15	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	1.20E+03	1.90E+03	5.78E+02	5.78E+02	8.20E+02	1.62E+03	1.90E+03	1.25E+03	1.25E+03
	Aluminum	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	6.52E+03	4.60E+04	3.46E+04	3.46E+04	3.72E+04	4.58E+04	4.60E+04	4.04E+04	4.04E+04
	Anthracene	Not Tested	3	13	23	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	8.00E+02	4.90E+03	9.28E+02	9.28E+02	8.20E+02	3.96E+03	4.90E+03	2.57E+03	2.57E+03
	Arsenic	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	1.45E+01	2.88E+01	2.17E+01	2.17E+01	2.17E+01	2.88E+01	2.88E+01	2.37E+01	2.37E+01
	Barium	Nonparametric	13	25	52	6.70E-01	1.00E+00	7.60E+01	2.62E+02	1.07E+02	1.07E+02	7.60E+01	2.52E+02	2.61E+02	2.04E+02	2.04E+02
	Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03	2.30E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03
	Benzo[a]pyrene	Gamma	8	13	62	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	9.20E+02	8.20E+03	1.94E+03	1.94E+03	9.80E+02	7.72E+03	8.20E+03	1.04E+04	8.20E+03
	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Gamma	8	13	62	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	9.20E+02	8.10E+03	1.84E+03	1.84E+03	1.10E+03	7.22E+03	8.10E+03	9.81E+03	8.10E+03
	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Gamma	8	13	62	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	7.20E+02	5.80E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03	8.80E+02	5.02E+03	5.80E+03	6.88E+03	5.80E+03
	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Gamma	8	13	62	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	6.80E+02	7.00E+03	1.87E+03	1.87E+03	9.20E+02	6.52E+03	7.00E+03	1.04E+04	7.00E+03
	Beryllium	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	8.04E-01	1.58E+00	1.34E+00	1.34E+00	1.36E+00	1.57E+00	1.58E+00	1.45E+00	1.45E+00
	Cadmium	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	4.20E-01	1.44E+00	1.05E+00	1.05E+00	1.04E+00	1.42E+00	1.44E+00	1.20E+00	1.20E+00
	Calcium	Normal	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	3.31E+04	1.36E+05	8.41E+04	8.41E+04	8.32E+04	1.28E+05	1.36E+05	9.73E+04	9.73E+04
	Chromium	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	2.03E+01	6.10E+01	4.56E+01	4.56E+01	4.40E+01	6.02E+01	6.10E+01	5.16E+01	5.16E+01
	Chrysene	Gamma	10	13	77	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	8.50E+02	1.20E+04	2.55E+03	2.55E+03	1.40E+03	1.00E+04	1.20E+04	1.25E+04	1.25E+04
	Copper	Gamma	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	2.89E+01	5.83E+01	3.81E+01	3.81E+01	3.54E+01	5.73E+01	5.83E+01	4.26E+01	4.26E+01
	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	Not Tested	2	13	15	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	1.30E+03	1.60E+03	5.63E+02	5.63E+02	8.20E+02	1.48E+03	1.60E+03	1.17E+03	1.17E+03
	Dibenzofuran	Not Tested	1	13	8	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	1.20E+03	1.20E+03	4.67E+02	4.67E+02	8.20E+02	1.12E+03	1.20E+03	9.42E+02	9.42E+02
	Endrin	Not Tested	1	13	8	6.80E+00	9.90E+00	4.07E+00	4.07E+00	4.06E+00	4.06E+00	7.70E+00	9.74E+00	9.90E+00	8.11E+00	4.07E+00
	Fluoranthene	Gamma	12	13	92	8.80E+02	8.80E+02	7.20E+02	3.30E+04	5.53E+03	5.53E+03	2.80E+03	2.54E+04	3.30E+04	1.10E+04	1.10E+04
	Fluorene	Not Tested	2	13	15	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	1.50E+03	2.80E+03	6.70E+02	6.70E+02	8.20E+02	2.28E+03	2.80E+03	1.62E+03	1.62E+03
	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Gamma	7	13	54	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	7.60E+02	5.60E+03	1.45E+03	1.45E+03	8.20E+02	5.28E+03	5.60E+03	7.64E+03	5.60E+03
	Iron	Nonparametric	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	1.92E+04	7.24E+04	3.11E+04	3.11E+04	2.88E+04	7.24E+04	7.24E+04	3.76E+04	3.76E+04
	Lead	Normal	11	13	85	3.20E+01	4.10E+01	3.00E+01	1.04E+02	4.92E+01	4.92E+01	4.40E+01	9.36E+01	1.04E+02	6.14E+01	6.14E+01
	Magnesium	Normal	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	9.86E+03	1.54E+04	1.31E+04	1.31E+04	1.36E+04	1.53E+04	1.54E+04	1.41E+04	1.41E+04
	Manganese	Normal	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	3.33E+02	6.71E+02	5.09E+02	5.09E+02	5.35E+02	6.46E+02	6.71E+02	5.59E+02	5.59E+02
	Mercury	Gamma	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	8.30E-02	5.49E-01	1.59E-01	1.59E-01	1.20E-01	5.49E-01	5.49E-01	2.16E-01	2.16E-01
	Methoxychlor	Not Tested	1	13	8	6.80E+00	9.90E+00	3.97E+01	3.97E+01	6.80E+00	6.80E+00	8.00E+00	2.78E+01	3.97E+01	1.98E+01	1.98E+01
	Naphthalene	Not Tested	6	13	46	6.00E+01	1.00E+03	7.70E+02	3.90E+03	8.65E+02	8.65E+02	8.20E+02	3.90E+03	3.90E+03	2.09E+03	2.09E+03
	Nickel	Gamma	8	13	62	2.80E+01	4.10E+01	2.57E+01	6.60E+01	2.98E+01	2.98E+01	3.40E+01	5.60E+01	6.60E+01	1.26E+02	6.60E+01
	Phenanthrene	Lognormal	8	13	62	7.10E+02	8.80E+02	8.20E+02	2.50E+04	3.56E+03	3.56E+03	1.30E+03	1.82E+04	2.50E+04	1.92E+04	1.92E+04
	Potassium	Normal	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	4.34E+03	1.27E+04	9.25E+03	9.25E+03	1.01E+04	1.23E+04	1.27E+04	1.05E+04	1.05E+04
	Pyrene	Gamma	12	13	92	8.80E+02	8.80E+02	8.20E+02	2.60E+04	4.65E+03	4.65E+03	2.20E+03	2.04E+04	2.60E+04	8.74E+03	8.74E+03
	Selenium	Normal	11	13	85	7.24E-01	1.45E+00	1.76E+00	3.83E+00	2.22E+00	2.22E+00	2.18E+00	3.60E+00	3.83E+00	2.70E+00	2.70E+00
	Sodium	Not Tested	1	13	8	3.35E+03	5.18E+03	3.62E+02	3.62E+02	1.85E+03	1.85E+03	3.62E+03	5.14E+03	5.18E+03	3.98E+03	3.62E+02
	Strontium	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	1.01E+02	3.21E+02	2.13E+02	2.13E+02	2.10E+02	3.05E+02	3.21E+02	2.46E+02	2.46E+02
	Zinc	Normal	13	13	100	N/A	N/A	1.22E+02	2.47E+02	1.66E+02	1.66E+02	1.56E+02	2.31E+02	2.47E+02	1.84E+02	1.84E+02
	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Not Tested	3	13	23	6.70E+02	1.00E+03	8.20E+02	1.20E+03	5.53E+02	5.53E+02	8.20E+02	1.16E+03	1.20E+03	1.05E+03	1.05E+03
	delta-BHC	Not Tested	1	13	8	6.80E+00	9.90E+00	4.11E+00	4.11E+00	4.06E+00	4.06E+00	7.70E+00	9.74E+00	9.90E+00	8.07E+00	4.11E+00
	2-Methylnaphthalene	Not Tested	2	6	33	7.00E+02	8.30E+02	8.00E+02	9.00E+02	5.43E+02	5.43E+02	8.00E+02	9.00E+02	9.00E+02	1.17E+03	9.00E+02
	3 & 4-Methylphenol	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	9.00E+02	1.90E+03	1.26E+03	1.26E+03	9.90E+02	1.90E+03	1.90E+03	N/A	1.90E+03
	4,4'-DDD	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	2.74E+01	4.50E+02	2.73E+02	2.73E+02	3.55E+02	4.50E+02	4.50E+02	4.46E+02	4.46E+02
	4,4'-DDE	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	2.10E+01	4.30E+02	2.13E+02	2.13E+02	2.19E+02	4.30E+02	4.30E+02	3.76E+02	3.76E+02
	4,4'-DDT	Not Tested	2	5	40	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	3.70E+01	4.49E+01	1.89E+01	1.89E+01	8.80E+00	4.49E+01	4.49E+01	5.97E+01	4.49E+01
	4-Methylphenol	Not Tested	1	3	33	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.10E+03	1.10E+03	6.00E+02	6.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.10E+03	1.10E+03	N/A	1.10E+03
	Acenaphthene	Not Tested	1	9	11	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	5.00E+02	5.00E+02	7.00E+02	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	1.49E+03	1.49E+03
	Acenaphthylene	Not Tested	1	9	11	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	1.50E+03	1.50E+03	4.33E+02	4.33E+02	7.00E+02	1.50E+03	1.50E+03	1.16E+03	1.16E+03
	Aluminum	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	5.76E+03	3.07E+04	1.88E+04	1.88E+04	2.52E+04	3.07E+04	3.07E+04	3.00E+04	3.00E+04
	Anthracene	Not Tested	2	9	22	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	8.00E+02	1.00E+04	1.43E+03	1.43E+03	7.80E+02	1.00E+04	1.00E+04	6.15E+03	6.15E+03
	Aroclor 1248	Normal	3	5	60	3.28E+01	4.00E+01	1.05E+02	1.68E+02	8.55E+01	8.55E+01	1.05E+02	1.68E+02	1.68E+02	1.49E+02	1.49E+02
	Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	1	5	20	3.28E+01	4.43E+01	1.80E+02	1.80E+02	5.19E+01	5.19E+01	4.17E+01	1.80E+02	1.80E+02	1.95E+02	1.80E+02
	Aroclor 1260	Normal	3	5	60	3.28E+01	4.00E+01	6.65E+01	1.40E+02	6.45E+01	6.45E+01	6.45E+01	1.40E+02	1.40E+02	1.14E+02	1.14E+02
	Arsenic	Normal	8	8	100	N/A	N/A	7.11E+00	2.44E+01	1.74E+01	1.74E+01	1.81E+01	2.44E+01	2.44E+01	2.12E+01	2.12E+01
	Barium	Normal	8	11	73	7.80E-01	8.30E-01	4.03E+01	3.16E+02	1.00E+02	1.00E+02	1.10E+02	2.86E+02	3.16E+02	1.52E+02	1.52E+02
	Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	2	6	33	3.30E+02	7.00E+02	2.30E+03	1.87E+04	3.64E+03	3.64E+03	5.15E+02	1.87E+04	1.87E+04	1.69E+04	1.69E+04
	Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	2	6	33	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	1.90E+03	1.95E+04	2.61E+03	2.61E+03					

**TABLE 5**  
**SEDIMENT SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS**  
**FOR INDIVIDUAL REACHES OF DUCK CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON**

Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data					UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
		Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles				
											50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>		
Endrin	Not Tested	1	5	20	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	4.07E+00	4.07E+00	4.12E+00	4.12E+00	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	8.80E+00	1.05E+01	4.07E+00
Fluoranthene	Lognormal	6	9	67	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	8.00E+02	4.79E+04	6.54E+03	6.54E+03	8.20E+02	4.79E+04	4.79E+04	3.72E+04	3.72E+04
Fluorene	Not Tested	1	9	11	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	3.50E+03	3.50E+03	6.56E+02	6.56E+02	7.00E+02	3.50E+03	3.50E+03	2.29E+03	2.29E+03
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Not Tested	2	9	22	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	1.80E+03	1.40E+04	1.98E+03	1.98E+03	7.80E+02	1.40E+04	1.40E+04	8.61E+03	8.61E+03
Iron	Gamma	8	8	100	N/A	N/A	6.91E+03	7.24E+04	2.52E+04	2.52E+04	2.10E+04	7.24E+04	7.24E+04	4.15E+04	4.15E+04
Lead	Normal	7	8	88	2.60E+01	2.60E+01	3.50E+01	2.50E+02	8.81E+01	8.81E+01	6.86E+01	2.50E+02	2.50E+02	1.39E+02	1.39E+02
Magnesium	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	3.36E+03	1.72E+04	1.02E+04	1.02E+04	9.96E+03	1.72E+04	1.72E+04	N/A	1.72E+04
Manganese	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	1.42E+02	4.43E+02	3.40E+02	3.40E+02	4.36E+02	4.43E+02	4.43E+02	N/A	4.43E+02
Mercury	Normal	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	8.80E-02	2.00E-01	1.50E-01	1.50E-01	1.47E-01	2.00E-01	2.00E-01	1.78E-01	1.78E-01
Methoxychlor	Not Tested	2	5	40	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	3.97E+01	3.70E+02	8.45E+01	8.45E+01	8.80E+00	3.70E+02	3.70E+02	3.97E+02	3.70E+02
Naphthalene	Normal	4	8	50	3.30E+02	8.00E+02	8.20E+02	1.20E+03	6.27E+02	6.27E+02	8.10E+02	1.20E+03	1.20E+03	9.71E+02	9.71E+02
Nickel	Normal	6	8	75	2.60E+01	3.20E+01	2.57E+01	7.47E+01	3.84E+01	3.84E+01	3.10E+01	7.47E+01	7.47E+01	5.48E+01	5.48E+01
Phenanthrene	Not Tested	4	9	44	3.30E+02	8.00E+02	1.30E+03	3.37E+04	4.65E+03	4.65E+03	8.00E+02	3.37E+04	3.37E+04	2.06E+04	2.06E+04
Potassium	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	1.34E+03	8.20E+03	5.63E+03	5.63E+03	7.36E+03	8.20E+03	8.20E+03	N/A	8.20E+03
Pyrene	Gamma	6	9	67	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	8.30E+02	3.82E+04	5.48E+03	5.48E+03	1.00E+03	3.82E+04	3.82E+04	3.43E+04	3.43E+04
Selenium	Not Tested	2	8	25	5.00E-01	1.34E+00	2.21E+00	2.62E+00	9.00E-01	9.00E-01	9.47E-01	2.62E+00	2.62E+00	2.47E+00	2.47E+00
Silver	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	4.40E-01	6.60E-01	5.53E-01	5.53E-01	5.60E-01	6.60E-01	6.60E-01	6.60E-01	6.60E-01
Sodium	Not Tested	1	5	20	2.93E+03	4.09E+03	3.62E+02	3.62E+02	1.46E+03	1.46E+03	3.36E+03	4.09E+03	4.09E+03	N/A	3.62E+02
Strontium	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	6.70E+01	4.82E+02	2.18E+02	2.18E+02	4.82E+02	4.82E+02	4.82E+02	3.73E+02	3.73E+02
Zinc	Normal	7	7	100	N/A	N/A	6.84E+01	3.76E+02	2.38E+02	2.38E+02	2.47E+02	3.76E+02	3.76E+02	3.19E+02	3.19E+02
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Gamma	5	9	56	3.30E+02	7.00E+02	1.10E+03	1.80E+03	9.61E+02	9.61E+02	1.10E+03	1.80E+03	1.80E+03	7.38E+03	1.80E+03
delta-BHC	Not Tested	1	5	20	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	4.11E+00	4.11E+00	4.13E+00	4.13E+00	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	8.80E+00	1.05E+01	4.11E+00
gamma-Chlordane	Not Tested	1	4	25	8.00E+00	8.80E+00	9.30E+00	9.30E+00	5.46E+00	5.46E+00	8.55E+00	9.30E+00	9.30E+00	N/A	9.30E+00
2-Methylnaphthalene	Not Tested	3	15	20	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.30E+03	4.77E+02	4.77E+02	7.00E+02	1.24E+03	1.30E+03	9.41E+02	9.41E+02
4,4'-DDD	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.66E+01	2.66E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.66E+01
4,4'-DDE	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.78E+01	1.78E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.78E+01
4-Methylphenol	Not Tested	1	15	7	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	3.67E+02	3.67E+02	7.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+02
Aluminum	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	8.78E+03	8.78E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.78E+03
Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	6.91E+01	6.91E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.91E+01
Arsenic	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	2.04E+01	4.76E+01	3.40E+01	3.40E+01	3.40E+01	4.76E+01	4.76E+01	N/A	4.76E+01
Barium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	6.38E+01	1.29E+02	9.64E+01	9.64E+01	9.64E+01	1.29E+02	1.29E+02	N/A	1.29E+02
Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	2	15	13	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	9.00E+02	9.00E+02	4.13E+02	4.13E+02	7.00E+02	9.00E+02	9.00E+02	7.84E+02	7.84E+02
Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	1	15	7	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	3.63E+02	3.63E+02	7.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	6.87E+02	6.87E+02
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Not Tested	1	14	7	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	3.61E+02	3.61E+02	7.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	6.96E+02	6.96E+02
Beryllium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	7.22E-01	7.22E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.22E-01
Cadmium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.52E+00	2.09E+00	1.81E+00	1.81E+00	1.81E+00	2.09E+00	2.09E+00	N/A	2.09E+00
Chromium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	3.91E+01	7.50E+01	5.71E+01	5.71E+01	5.71E+01	7.50E+01	7.50E+01	N/A	7.50E+01
Chrysene	Not Tested	4	15	27	6.00E+02	8.00E+02	6.00E+02	1.90E+03	5.57E+02	5.57E+02	7.00E+02	1.48E+03	1.90E+03	1.14E+03	1.14E+03
Copper	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	3.66E+01	3.84E+01	3.75E+01	3.75E+01	3.75E+01	3.84E+01	3.84E+01	N/A	3.84E+01
Diethylphthalate	Not Tested	6	15	40	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	1.30E+03	2.70E+03	1.05E+03	1.05E+03	8.00E+02	2.70E+03	2.70E+03	2.15E+03	2.15E+03
Fluoranthene	Not Tested	7	15	47	6.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.70E+03	6.73E+02	6.73E+02	7.00E+02	1.46E+03	1.70E+03	1.22E+03	1.22E+03
Iron	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.90E+00	1.92E+04	9.60E+03	9.60E+03	9.60E+03	1.92E+04	1.92E+04	N/A	1.92E+04
Lead	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	7.98E+01	9.86E+01	8.92E+01	8.92E+01	8.92E+01	9.86E+01	9.86E+01	N/A	9.86E+01
Mercury	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	6.41E-02	1.14E-01	8.91E-02	8.91E-02	8.91E-02	1.14E-01	1.14E-01	N/A	1.14E-01
Naphthalene	Normal	8	15	53	7.00E+01	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.20E+03	6.12E+02	6.12E+02	7.00E+02	1.08E+03	1.20E+03	8.13E+02	8.13E+02
Nickel	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	3.83E+01	4.72E+01	4.28E+01	4.28E+01	4.28E+01	4.72E+01	4.72E+01	N/A	4.72E+01
Phenanthrene	Not Tested	3	15	20	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	1.40E+03	4.93E+02	4.93E+02	7.00E+02	1.28E+03	1.40E+03	9.80E+02	9.80E+02
Polychlorinated biphenyls	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	8.00E+02	8.00E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.00E+02
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.97E+01	5.97E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.97E+01
Pyrene	Gamma	9	15	60	6.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	1.80E+03	7.87E+02	7.87E+02	8.00E+02	1.74E+03	1.80E+03	3.69E+03	1.80E+03
Selenium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	9.18E-01	9.18E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.18E-01
Sodium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.83E+02	3.83E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.83E+02
Strontium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.63E+02	2.63E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.63E+02
Zinc	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.91E+02	2.59E+02	2.25E+02	2.25E+02	2.25E+02	2.59E+02	2.59E+02	N/A	2.59E+02
alpha-BHC	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.01E+00	1.01E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.01E+00
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Gamma	8	15	53	5.00E+02	8.00E+02	7.00E+02	4.00E+03	9.87E+02	9.87E+02	7.00E+02	2.86E+03	4.00E+03	5.27E+03	4.00E+03
delta-BHC	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.19E+00	3.19E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.19E+00

**Notes:** Units are milligrams per kilogram for metals and micrograms per kilogram for other chemicals.  
One-half the detection limit was substituted for censored (nondetect) measurements in calculations of the mean and percentiles  
1 Tested for all chemicals with at least 5 samples and detection frequencies greater than or equal to 50 percent using the Shapiro-Wilk W test (a 5 percent level of significance was used for all tests).  
2 Calculated for all chemicals with at least 5 samples. For detection frequencies of at least 85 percent, one-half the detection limit was substituted for censored measurements and calculations were performed following the protocols described in EPA's ProUCL software package (EPA 2004). For detection frequencies less than 85 percent, the UCL was calculated using stochastic methods following the "bounding" approach described in EPA (2002).  
EPC Exposure point concentration, defined as the lesser of the UCL and the maximum detected concentration  
Min Minimum concentration  
Max Maximum concentration  
N/A Not applicable  
UCL One-sided upper confidence limit of the mean. Following EPA (2004), this can either be a 95, 97.5, or 99 percent UCL.

**References**

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 2002. "Calculating exposure point concentrations at hazardous waste sites." OSWER 9285.6-10. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response. Washington, DC. December.  
EPA. 2004. "ProUCL Version 3.0 User Guide." Prepared by Singh, A., Singh, A.K. and R.W. Maichle for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Technical Support Center, Las Vegas, NV. April.

TABLE 6  
 SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL RECHES OF OTTER CREEK  
 HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Stream Reach	Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data					UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC	
			Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles					
					50 <sup>th</sup>							90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>				
OC-1	2-Butanone	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.90E+01	4.90E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.90E+01	
	4,4'-DDE	Not Tested	1	4	25	6.10E-01	6.90E+00	3.49E+00	3.49E+00	2.54E+00	2.54E+00	4.65E+00	6.90E+00	6.90E+00	N/A	3.49E+00	
	4,4'-DDT	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.82E+00	6.90E+00	2.52E+00	2.52E+00	2.45E+00	2.45E+00	4.16E+00	6.90E+00	6.90E+00	N/A	2.52E+00	
	Acetone	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.50E+02	1.50E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.50E+02	
	Aluminum	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	1.29E+04	2.55E+04	1.82E+04	1.82E+04	1.72E+04	2.55E+04	2.55E+04	N/A	2.55E+04	
	Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	1	4	25	2.90E+01	6.90E+01	7.61E+01	7.61E+01	3.51E+01	3.51E+01	4.96E+01	7.61E+01	7.61E+01	N/A	7.61E+01	
	Aroclor 1260	Not Tested	1	4	25	2.90E+01	6.90E+01	3.91E+01	3.91E+01	2.58E+01	2.58E+01	3.47E+01	6.90E+01	6.90E+01	N/A	3.91E+01	
	Arsenic	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	8.70E+00	3.02E+01	1.47E+01	1.47E+01	9.97E+00	3.02E+01	3.02E+01	N/A	3.02E+01	
	Barium	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	1.25E+02	1.55E+02	1.40E+02	1.40E+02	1.39E+02	1.55E+02	1.55E+02	N/A	1.55E+02	
	Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	1.30E+03	1.60E+03	8.86E+02	8.86E+02	9.95E+02	1.60E+03	1.60E+03	N/A	1.60E+03	
	Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	1.50E+03	1.90E+03	1.01E+03	1.01E+03	1.10E+03	1.90E+03	1.90E+03	N/A	1.90E+03	
	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	1.70E+03	1.80E+03	1.04E+03	1.04E+03	1.20E+03	1.80E+03	1.80E+03	N/A	1.80E+03	
	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	4.00E+03	4.60E+03	2.31E+03	2.31E+03	2.35E+03	4.60E+03	4.60E+03	N/A	4.60E+03	
	Beryllium	Not Tested	3	4	75	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	5.91E-01	1.13E+00	8.08E-01	8.08E-01	1.01E+00	1.13E+00	1.13E+00	N/A	1.13E+00	
	Cadmium	Not Tested	3	4	75	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	3.17E-01	1.82E+00	9.00E-01	9.00E-01	9.82E-01	1.82E+00	1.82E+00	N/A	1.82E+00	
	Calcium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.29E+04	2.29E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.29E+04	
	Chromium	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	2.61E+01	4.71E+01	3.52E+01	3.52E+01	3.38E+01	4.71E+01	4.71E+01	N/A	4.71E+01	
	Chrysene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	2.50E+03	2.60E+03	1.44E+03	1.44E+03	1.60E+03	2.60E+03	2.60E+03	N/A	2.60E+03	
	Cobalt	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.12E+01	1.12E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.12E+01	
	Copper	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	2.20E+01	5.38E+01	3.81E+01	3.81E+01	3.82E+01	5.38E+01	5.38E+01	N/A	5.38E+01	
	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	Not Tested	1	4	25	6.00E+02	7.00E+02	6.00E+02	6.00E+02	3.99E+02	3.99E+02	6.45E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	N/A	6.00E+02	
	Fluoranthene	Not Tested	3	4	75	6.00E+02	6.00E+02	9.40E+02	5.40E+03	2.89E+03	2.89E+03	2.92E+03	5.40E+03	5.40E+03	N/A	5.40E+03	
	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	2.00E+03	2.10E+03	1.19E+03	1.19E+03	1.35E+03	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	N/A	2.10E+03	
	Iron	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	2.15E+04	3.67E+04	2.84E+04	2.84E+04	2.77E+04	3.67E+04	3.67E+04	N/A	3.67E+04	
	Lead	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	3.00E+01	9.70E+01	5.15E+01	5.15E+01	3.94E+01	9.70E+01	9.70E+01	N/A	9.70E+01	
	Magnesium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	9.78E+03	9.78E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.78E+03	
	Manganese	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.31E+02	4.31E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.31E+02	
	Mercury	Not Tested	3	4	75	2.10E-01	2.10E-01	6.20E-02	1.36E-01	9.30E-02	9.30E-02	1.03E-01	2.10E-01	2.10E-01	N/A	1.36E-01	
	Nickel	Not Tested	3	4	75	2.40E+01	2.40E+01	3.45E+01	5.54E+01	3.46E+01	3.46E+01	3.55E+01	5.54E+01	5.54E+01	N/A	5.54E+01	
	Phenanthrene	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	2.30E+03	2.30E+03	1.31E+03	1.31E+03	1.50E+03	2.30E+03	2.30E+03	N/A	2.30E+03	
	Potassium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.04E+03	2.04E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.04E+03	
	Pyrene	Not Tested	3	4	75	6.00E+02	6.00E+02	9.80E+02	4.10E+03	2.25E+03	2.25E+03	2.29E+03	4.10E+03	4.10E+03	N/A	4.10E+03	
	Selenium	Not Tested	2	4	50	1.00E+00	1.22E+00	1.27E+00	1.69E+00	1.02E+00	1.02E+00	1.25E+00	1.69E+00	1.69E+00	N/A	1.69E+00	
	Sodium	Not Tested	1	4	25	2.53E+02	3.05E+03	3.74E+02	3.74E+02	6.36E+02	6.36E+02	7.07E+02	3.05E+03	3.05E+03	N/A	3.74E+02	
	Strontium	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	8.90E+01	7.87E+02	4.73E+02	4.73E+02	5.44E+02	7.87E+02	7.87E+02	N/A	7.87E+02	
	Vanadium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.25E+01	3.25E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.25E+01	
	Zinc	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	8.10E+01	3.11E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	2.04E+02	3.11E+02	3.11E+02	N/A	3.11E+02	
	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Not Tested	2	4	50	6.00E+02	6.90E+02	1.00E+03	3.30E+03	1.24E+03	1.24E+03	8.45E+02	3.30E+03	3.30E+03	N/A	3.30E+03	
	OC-2	4,4'-DDE	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.49E+00	3.49E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.49E+00
		4,4'-DDT	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.52E+00	2.52E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.52E+00
		Aluminum	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.29E+04	1.29E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.29E+04
		Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	7.61E+01	7.61E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.61E+01
		Aroclor 1260	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.91E+01	3.91E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.91E+01
		Arsenic	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.02E+01	3.02E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.02E+01
		Barium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.25E+02	1.25E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.25E+02
		Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.60E+03	1.60E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.60E+03
		Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.50E+03	1.50E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.50E+03
		Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.00E+03	4.00E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.00E+03
		Beryllium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.91E-01	5.91E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.91E-01
		Cadmium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.82E+00	1.82E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.82E+00
Chromium		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.71E+01	4.71E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.71E+01	
Chrysene		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.60E+03	2.60E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.60E+03	
Copper		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.38E+01	5.38E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.38E+01	
Fluoranthene		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.40E+03	5.40E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.40E+03	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.00E+03	2.00E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.00E+03	
Iron		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.96E+04	2.96E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.96E+04	
Lead		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	9.70E+01	9.70E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.70E+01	
Mercury		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.36E-01	1.36E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.36E-01	
Nickel		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.54E+01	5.54E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.54E+01	
Phenanthrene		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03	2.30E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.30E+03	
Pyrene		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.10E+03	4.10E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.10E+03	
Selenium		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.69E+00	1.69E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.69E+00	
Sodium		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.74E+02	3.74E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.74E+02	
Strontium		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	7.87E+02	7.87E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.87E+02	
Zinc		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.11E+02	3.11E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.11E+02	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate		Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.30E+03	3.30E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.30E+03	
4,4'-DDD		Not Tested	3	4	75	1.67E+00	1.67E+00	6.57E+00	2.12E+01	9.90E+00	9.90E+00	8.79E+00	2.12E+01	2.12E+01	N/A	2.12E+01	
4,4'-DDE		Not Tested	2	4	50	5.60E-01	6.60E+00	3.51E+00	1.31E+01	5.05E+00	5.05E+00	5.06E+00	1.31E+01	1.31E+01	N/A	1.31E+01	



TABLE 6  
 SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL RECHES OF OTTER CREEK  
 HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data						
		Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles			UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
											50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>		
Aluminum	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	8.87E+03	3.27E+04	1.95E+04	1.95E+04	1.31E+04	3.27E+04	3.00E+04	3.00E+04	
Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	9.69E+01	1.60E+02	1.16E+02	1.16E+02	1.04E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	
Aroclor 1260	Not Tested	3	4	75	4.68E+01	4.68E+01	3.52E+01	6.80E+01	4.11E+01	4.11E+01	4.23E+01	6.80E+01	6.80E+01	6.80E+01	
Arsenic	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	8.27E+00	3.65E+01	2.53E+01	2.53E+01	2.81E+01	3.65E+01	3.65E+01	3.32E+01	
Barium	Normal	6	7	86	9.40E-01	9.40E-01	9.07E+01	2.30E+02	1.25E+02	1.25E+02	1.19E+02	2.30E+02	2.30E+02	1.81E+02	
Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	3	4	75	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.30E+03	2.10E+03	1.38E+03	1.38E+03	1.55E+03	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	2.10E+03	
Benzo[a]pyrene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.30E+03	2.60E+03	1.73E+03	1.73E+03	2.00E+03	2.60E+03	2.60E+03	2.60E+03	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Not Tested	2	3	67	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	2.80E+03	3.00E+03	2.04E+03	2.04E+03	2.80E+03	3.00E+03	3.00E+03	3.00E+03	
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	2.80E+03	1.63E+03	1.63E+03	1.70E+03	2.80E+03	2.80E+03	2.52E+03	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.70E+03	4.30E+03	2.33E+03	2.33E+03	2.20E+03	4.30E+03	3.78E+03	3.78E+03	
Beryllium	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	5.60E-01	1.58E+00	9.90E-01	9.90E-01	7.83E-01	1.58E+00	1.58E+00	1.41E+00	
Cadmium	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	6.05E-01	1.29E+00	9.67E-01	9.67E-01	9.70E-01	1.29E+00	1.29E+00	1.15E+00	
Calcium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.93E+04	3.93E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.93E+04	
Chromium	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	7.78E+01	1.63E+02	1.11E+02	1.11E+02	1.06E+02	1.63E+02	1.63E+02	1.36E+02	
Chrysene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	2.10E+03	4.20E+03	2.49E+03	2.49E+03	2.80E+03	4.20E+03	4.20E+03	3.89E+03	
Copper	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	4.47E+01	1.39E+02	9.26E+01	9.26E+01	9.40E+01	1.39E+02	1.39E+02	1.20E+02	
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	Not Tested	1	5	20	6.00E+02	9.40E+02	7.00E+02	7.00E+02	4.30E+02	4.30E+02	7.00E+02	9.40E+02	9.40E+02	7.00E+02	
Endrin	Not Tested	1	4	25	5.58E+00	9.30E+00	5.80E+00	5.80E+00	4.14E+00	4.14E+00	6.20E+00	9.30E+00	9.30E+00	5.80E+00	
Fluoranthene	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	7.00E+02	6.20E+03	4.06E+03	4.06E+03	4.80E+03	6.20E+03	6.20E+03	6.05E+03	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.50E+03	2.70E+03	1.69E+03	1.69E+03	1.70E+03	2.70E+03	2.70E+03	2.59E+03	
Iron	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.35E+04	2.99E+04	2.17E+04	2.17E+04	2.22E+04	2.99E+04	2.99E+04	2.80E+04	
Lead	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	6.13E+01	1.89E+02	1.24E+02	1.24E+02	1.24E+02	1.89E+02	1.89E+02	1.63E+02	
Magnesium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.65E+04	1.65E+04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.65E+04	
Manganese	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.17E+02	4.17E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.17E+02	
Mercury	Normal	5	6	83	1.00E-01	1.00E-01	1.39E-01	5.50E-01	2.46E-01	2.46E-01	2.12E-01	5.50E-01	5.50E-01	3.89E-01	
Methoxychlor	Not Tested	1	4	25	9.30E+00	2.85E+01	2.10E+01	2.10E+01	1.35E+01	1.35E+01	2.44E+01	2.85E+01	2.85E+01	2.10E+01	
Nickel	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.86E+01	5.00E+01	4.04E+01	4.04E+01	4.26E+01	5.00E+01	5.00E+01	4.96E+01	
Phenanthrene	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.30E+03	3.00E+03	1.95E+03	1.95E+03	2.10E+03	3.00E+03	3.00E+03	3.00E+03	
Potassium	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	9.14E+03	9.14E+03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.14E+03	
Pyrene	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	1.10E+03	6.40E+03	4.00E+03	4.00E+03	4.40E+03	6.40E+03	6.40E+03	5.92E+03	
Selenium	Normal	5	6	83	5.00E-01	5.00E-01	2.99E+00	8.23E+00	3.60E+00	3.60E+00	3.23E+00	8.23E+00	8.23E+00	5.74E+00	
Silver	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	3.40E-01	3.40E-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.40E-01	
Sodium	Normal	3	5	60	3.32E+03	4.57E+03	2.09E+02	4.75E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	4.75E+02	4.57E+03	4.57E+03	3.19E+03	
Strontium	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	1.94E+02	3.71E+02	2.73E+02	2.73E+02	2.57E+02	3.71E+02	3.71E+02	3.36E+02	
Toluene	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+01	6.00E+01	3.00E+02	3.00E+02	9.00E+01	9.00E+01	5.50E+01	3.00E+02	3.00E+02	3.00E+02	
Zinc	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.86E+02	3.81E+02	2.86E+02	2.86E+02	3.08E+02	3.81E+02	3.81E+02	3.52E+02	
alpha-Chlordane	Not Tested	2	4	50	2.79E+00	2.85E+00	9.60E+00	1.61E+01	7.13E+00	7.13E+00	6.23E+00	1.61E+01	1.61E+01	1.61E+01	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Normal	4	5	80	6.60E+02	6.60E+02	1.00E+03	3.50E+03	1.93E+03	1.93E+03	1.70E+03	3.50E+03	3.50E+03	3.24E+03	
gamma-Chlordane	Not Tested	2	4	50	2.79E+00	2.85E+00	9.60E+00	1.58E+01	7.06E+00	7.06E+00	6.23E+00	1.58E+01	1.58E+01	1.58E+01	
2,4,5-TP	Not Tested	2	8	25	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	1.22E+01	2.13E+01	7.93E+00	7.93E+00	1.00E+01	2.13E+01	2.13E+01	1.85E+01	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	Not Tested	2	39	5	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	9.00E+02	9.00E+02	9.49E+02	9.49E+02	7.00E+02	5.50E+03	3.34E+03	9.00E+02	
2-Butanone	Not Tested	8	22	36	2.10E+01	2.00E+03	1.40E+01	2.26E+02	9.95E+01	9.95E+01	7.10E+01	2.08E+02	1.73E+03	5.08E+02	
2-Methylnaphthalene	Not Tested	16	35	46	5.60E+02	8.70E+03	1.90E+02	4.50E+03	1.26E+03	1.26E+03	7.00E+02	4.82E+03	6.14E+03	2.72E+03	
2-Methylphenol	Not Tested	1	35	3	5.60E+02	1.90E+04	1.30E+02	1.30E+02	9.97E+02	9.97E+02	7.10E+02	6.78E+03	1.13E+04	3.70E+03	
3 & 4-Methylphenol	Gamma	8	11	73	5.60E+02	6.20E+02	6.60E+02	4.10E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03	1.50E+03	3.68E+03	4.10E+03	6.97E+03	
4,4'-DDD	Gamma	17	26	65	5.30E+00	1.40E+01	8.20E+00	6.72E+01	1.77E+01	1.77E+01	1.46E+01	4.60E+01	6.72E+01	8.06E+01	
4,4'-DDE	Not Tested	10	26	38	5.30E+00	1.01E+01	1.80E+00	2.99E+01	8.76E+00	8.76E+00	8.60E+00	2.40E+01	2.81E+01	1.63E+01	
4,4'-DDT	Not Tested	9	26	35	5.30E+00	1.01E+01	2.15E+00	2.14E+01	7.43E+00	7.43E+00	8.05E+00	2.04E+01	2.11E+01	1.36E+01	
4-Methylphenol	Nonparametric	12	24	50	6.60E+02	8.70E+03	1.50E+02	6.80E+03	1.93E+03	1.93E+03	9.05E+02	6.20E+03	8.23E+03	4.28E+03	
Acenaphthene	Not Tested	2	39	5	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	8.10E+01	1.30E+02	9.12E+02	9.12E+02	6.60E+02	5.50E+03	9.35E+03	3.29E+03	
Acetone	Gamma	13	21	62	5.00E+01	2.00E+03	7.40E+01	1.23E+03	3.74E+02	3.74E+02	2.40E+02	1.15E+03	1.92E+03	2.39E+03	
Acetonitrile	Not Tested	3	8	38	5.00E+01	5.00E+01	3.03E+02	3.73E+03	7.40E+02	7.40E+02	5.00E+01	3.73E+03	3.73E+03	2.82E+03	
Aldrin	Not Tested	5	26	19	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	1.90E+00	1.96E+01	5.06E+00	5.06E+00	8.05E+00	1.24E+01	1.90E+01	9.74E+00	
Aluminum	Lognormal	21	21	100	N/A	N/A	5.73E+03	4.73E+04	1.69E+04	1.69E+04	1.07E+04	3.45E+04	4.60E+04	2.28E+04	
Anthracene	Not Tested	6	39	15	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.90E+02	1.90E+02	9.61E+02	9.61E+02	7.00E+02	5.50E+03	9.35E+03	3.40E+03	
Antimony	Not Tested	3	17	18	2.50E-01	1.59E+01	9.90E-01	1.40E+00	1.76E+00	1.76E+00	9.90E-01	1.35E+01	1.59E+01	6.89E+00	
Aroclor 1254	Lognormal	16	26	62	4.74E+01	1.40E+02	5.90E+01	1.76E+02	3.29E+02	3.29E+02	1.34E+02	1.05E+03	1.59E+03	1.76E+03	
Aroclor 1260	Not Tested	8	26	31	2.76E+01	1.40E+02	4.62E+01	2.14E+02	6.11E+01	6.11E+01	9.35E+01	1.43E+02	1.91E+02	1.12E+02	
Arsenic	Gamma	33	33	100	N/A	N/A	8.27E+00	3.06E+01	1.59E+01	1.59E+01	1.40E+01	2.52E+01	3.03E+01	1.78E+01	
Barium	Nonparametric	33	44	75	5.60E-01	1.00E+00	6.80E+01	2.14E+02	9.61E+01	9.61E+01	1.10E+02	1.78E+02	1.98E+02	1.38E+02	
Benzene	Not Tested	3	20	15	5.00E+00	5.00E+01	3.00E+00	2.07E+01	6.62E+00	6.62E+00	8.20E+00	2.57E+01	4.88E+01	1.85E+01	
Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	4	28	14	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.90E+02	2.00E+03	1.21E+03	1.21E+03	6.60E+02	8.77E+03	1.47E+04	4.53E+03	
Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	12	39	31	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.80E+02	2.40E+03	1.04E+03	1.04E+03	8.00E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.20E+03	
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Not Tested	11	39	28	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	2.40E+02	2.20E+03	9.93E+02	9.93E+02	7.90E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.30E+03	
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Not Tested	9	39	23	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.50E+01	1.60E+03	9.32E+02	9.32E+02	7.10E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.24E+03	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Not Tested	10	39	26	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	9.80E+01	2.00E+03	9.64E+02	9.64E+02	8.00E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.24E+03	
Beryllium	Normal	23	29	79	5.00E-02	1.30E+00	2.13E-01	1.49E+00	6.06E-01	6.06E-01	6.00E-01	1.22E+00	1.49E+00	7.49E-01	
Cadmium	Normal	27	33	82	1.55E-01	1.30E+00	5.00E-01	1.70E+00	8.10E-01	8.10E-01	8.00E-01	1.41E+00	1.54E+00	9.48E-01	

OC-3

**TABLE 6**  
**SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL RECHES OF OTTER CREEK**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data						
		Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles			UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
											50 <sup>th</sup>	90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>		
Calcium	Normal	20	20	100	N/A	N/A	2.97E+04	2.23E+05	1.14E+05	1.14E+05	1.08E+05	2.09E+05	2.22E+05	1.36E+05	1.36E+05
Carbon disulfide	Not Tested	4	21	19	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	3.00E+00	5.31E+01	6.47E+01	6.47E+01	1.10E+01	1.00E+02	1.81E+03	4.99E+02	5.31E+01
Chromium	Gamma	33	33	100	N/A	N/A	3.20E+01	2.97E+02	1.13E+02	1.13E+02	9.87E+01	1.84E+02	1.29E+02	1.29E+02	1.29E+02
Chrysene	Gamma	22	39	56	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	3.90E+02	3.50E+03	1.63E+03	1.63E+03	1.20E+03	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	6.47E+03	3.50E+03
Cobalt	Not Tested	5	17	29	2.50E+00	1.32E+01	2.90E+00	7.20E+00	3.38E+00	3.38E+00	2.90E+00	1.12E+01	1.32E+01	7.43E+00	7.20E+00
Copper	Gamma	33	33	100	N/A	N/A	4.20E+01	1.97E+02	9.07E+01	9.07E+01	9.03E+01	1.34E+02	1.65E+02	1.00E+02	1.00E+02
Cyanide	Lognormal	8	14	57	8.00E-01	1.30E+00	2.00E-01	1.45E+00	4.98E-01	4.98E-01	7.90E-01	1.38E+00	1.45E+00	1.79E+00	1.45E+00
Dieldrin	Not Tested	2	26	8	2.90E+00	1.01E+01	1.70E+00	3.25E+00	3.82E+00	3.82E+00	7.60E+00	1.00E+01	1.01E+01	6.89E+00	3.25E+00
Endosulfan sulfate	Not Tested	1	26	4	5.30E+00	1.40E+01	3.15E+00	3.15E+00	4.15E+00	4.15E+00	8.20E+00	1.00E+01	1.26E+01	7.44E+00	3.15E+00
Endrin	Not Tested	1	26	4	5.30E+00	1.40E+01	3.13E+00	3.13E+00	4.15E+00	4.15E+00	8.20E+00	1.00E+01	1.26E+01	7.47E+00	3.13E+00
Endrin aldehyde	Not Tested	1	26	4	5.30E+00	1.40E+01	4.85E+00	4.85E+00	4.21E+00	4.21E+00	8.20E+00	1.00E+01	1.26E+01	7.48E+00	4.85E+00
Endrin ketone	Not Tested	2	6	33	5.30E+00	8.70E+00	3.60E+00	7.70E+00	4.10E+00	4.10E+00	6.30E+00	8.70E+00	8.70E+00	9.84E+00	7.70E+00
Fluoranthene	Nonparametric	20	39	51	3.30E+02	8.70E+03	4.60E+02	1.10E+04	1.45E+03	1.45E+03	8.30E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.19E+03	3.19E+03
Fluorene	Not Tested	11	39	28	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.20E+02	2.60E+03	1.02E+03	1.02E+03	7.00E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.30E+03	2.60E+03
Heptachlor epoxide	Not Tested	2	26	8	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.58E+00	3.40E+00	3.74E+00	3.74E+00	7.60E+00	1.00E+01	1.01E+01	6.86E+00	3.40E+00
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Not Tested	7	39	18	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	1.80E+01	1.40E+03	9.48E+02	9.48E+02	9.90E+02	5.30E+03	8.70E+03	3.25E+03	1.40E+03
Iron	Normal	25	25	100	N/A	N/A	6.92E+03	2.92E+04	1.66E+04	1.66E+04	1.52E+04	2.64E+04	2.85E+04	1.88E+04	1.88E+04
Lead	Nonparametric	33	33	100	N/A	N/A	3.10E+01	4.85E+03	2.60E+02	2.60E+02	9.90E+01	2.47E+02	1.63E+03	8.87E+02	8.87E+02
Magnesium	Gamma	20	20	100	N/A	N/A	6.80E+03	1.57E+04	9.49E+03	9.49E+03	9.12E+03	1.22E+04	1.55E+04	1.03E+04	1.03E+04
Manganese	Gamma	20	20	100	N/A	N/A	2.40E+02	6.33E+02	3.81E+02	3.81E+02	3.69E+02	5.43E+02	6.29E+02	4.16E+02	4.16E+02
Mercury	Normal	28	33	85	1.00E-01	4.30E-01	2.30E-01	6.30E-01	3.13E-01	3.13E-01	3.04E-01	4.87E-01	5.67E-01	3.49E-01	3.49E-01
Methoxychlor	Not Tested	6	26	23	5.50E+00	4.50E+01	5.60E+00	1.53E+01	7.88E+00	7.88E+00	1.00E+01	3.13E+01	4.20E+01	1.70E+01	1.53E+01
Methylene chloride	Not Tested	2	22	9	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	4.00E+00	4.00E+00	5.11E+01	5.11E+01	8.20E+00	4.28E+01	1.71E+03	4.65E+02	4.00E+00
Naphthalene	Not Tested	5	39	13	5.00E+01	1.90E+04	1.90E+02	2.40E+03	9.97E+02	9.97E+02	6.60E+02	5.50E+03	3.42E+03	2.40E+03	2.40E+03
Nickel	Nonparametric	29	33	88	1.72E+01	3.00E+01	2.01E+01	1.26E+02	3.15E+01	3.15E+01	2.70E+01	5.37E+01	8.93E+01	3.78E+01	3.78E+01
Phenanthrene	Nonparametric	22	39	56	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	4.00E+02	1.10E+04	2.03E+03	2.03E+03	1.10E+03	5.70E+03	1.10E+04	4.66E+03	4.66E+03
Phenol	Not Tested	2	39	5	3.30E+02	1.90E+04	8.20E+02	9.00E+02	9.49E+02	9.49E+02	7.10E+02	5.50E+03	9.35E+03	3.35E+03	9.00E+02
Polychlorinated biphenyls	Lognormal	5	8	62	1.00E+02	1.00E+02	1.33E+02	9.31E+02	2.59E+02	2.59E+02	1.34E+02	9.31E+02	9.31E+02	1.76E+03	9.31E+02
Potassium	Gamma	19	20	95	1.32E+03	1.32E+03	4.97E+00	8.10E+03	2.90E+03	2.90E+03	1.64E+03	6.81E+03	8.04E+03	4.46E+03	4.46E+03
Pyrene	Lognormal	26	39	67	3.30E+02	8.70E+03	2.90E+02	1.30E+04	2.19E+03	2.19E+03	1.70E+03	5.40E+03	8.70E+03	1.00E+04	1.00E+04
Selenium	Gamma	24	33	73	5.00E-01	2.02E+00	1.20E+00	6.40E+00	2.20E+00	2.20E+00	1.89E+00	5.88E+00	6.40E+00	1.00E+01	6.40E+00
Silver	Not Tested	6	21	29	2.30E-01	2.60E+00	3.40E-01	8.70E-01	4.59E-01	4.59E-01	5.00E-01	2.06E+00	2.56E+00	1.10E+00	8.70E-01
Sodium	Not Tested	2	21	10	5.77E+02	5.06E+03	5.05E+02	6.19E+02	1.19E+03	1.19E+03	2.64E+03	4.68E+03	5.04E+03	2.69E+03	6.19E+02
Strontium	Normal	12	12	100	N/A	N/A	1.27E+02	4.04E+02	2.44E+02	2.44E+02	2.29E+02	3.81E+02	4.04E+02	2.82E+02	2.82E+02
Sulfide	Normal	8	8	100	N/A	N/A	1.87E+02	1.70E+03	6.11E+02	6.11E+02	4.95E+02	1.70E+03	1.70E+03	9.48E+02	9.48E+02
Thallium	Not Tested	1	17	6	2.00E-01	2.60E+00	1.30E+00	1.30E+00	4.92E-01	4.92E-01	9.90E-01	2.24E+00	2.60E+00	1.37E+00	1.30E+00
Tin	Normal	8	8	100	N/A	N/A	3.70E+00	1.30E+01	6.65E+00	6.65E+00	5.15E+00	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	8.75E+00	8.75E+00
Toluene	Not Tested	7	22	32	5.00E+00	2.00E+03	5.68E+00	4.37E+01	5.77E+01	5.77E+01	1.59E+01	1.71E+03	4.72E+02	4.37E+01	4.37E+01
Vanadium	Normal	16	17	94	1.25E+00	1.25E+00	1.70E+01	3.95E+01	2.29E+01	2.29E+01	2.15E+01	3.83E+01	3.95E+01	2.66E+01	2.66E+01
Zinc	Normal	33	33	100	N/A	N/A	9.60E+01	2.70E+02	1.77E+02	1.77E+02	1.68E+02	2.51E+02	2.70E+02	1.91E+02	1.91E+02
alpha-Chlordane	Not Tested	3	18	17	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.28E+00	9.30E+00	3.71E+00	3.71E+00	6.40E+00	9.92E+00	1.01E+01	7.33E+00	7.33E+00
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Not Tested	14	39	36	3.30E+02	8.70E+03	2.10E+02	7.10E+04	3.08E+03	3.08E+03	8.00E+02	5.50E+03	2.02E+04	1.14E+04	1.14E+04
gamma-Chlordane	Not Tested	6	18	33	2.70E+00	1.01E+01	2.00E+00	2.59E+01	5.63E+00	5.63E+00	6.30E+00	1.56E+01	2.59E+01	1.26E+01	1.26E+01
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Not Tested	1	4	25	5.00E+00	2.00E+02	1.70E+02	1.70E+02	9.31E+01	9.31E+01	1.85E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	N/A	1.70E+02
2,4-Dimethylphenol	Not Tested	1	71	1	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	6.90E+02	6.90E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.34E+03	2.15E+03	1.00E+03
2-Butanone	Not Tested	2	3	67	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	3.34E+01	1.60E+02	9.78E+01	9.78E+01	1.60E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	N/A	1.60E+02
2-Methylnaphthalene	Normal	64	71	90	6.60E+02	1.30E+03	1.60E+02	1.04E+04	2.82E+03	2.82E+03	2.60E+03	5.34E+03	7.00E+03	3.20E+03	3.20E+03
4,4-DDD	Not Tested	3	4	75	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	7.17E+00	5.50E+01	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	1.22E+01	5.50E+01	5.50E+01	N/A	5.50E+01
4,4-DDE	Not Tested	3	4	75	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	1.00E+01	2.00E+01	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	1.42E+01	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	N/A	2.00E+01
4,4-DDT	Not Tested	3	4	75	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	3.57E+00	1.52E+01	7.44E+00	7.44E+00	8.75E+00	1.52E+01	1.52E+01	N/A	1.52E+01
4-Methylphenol	Nonparametric	67	71	94	6.60E+02	8.00E+02	5.40E+02	1.05E+04	4.37E+03	4.37E+03	4.30E+03	7.42E+03	9.16E+03	5.51E+03	5.51E+03
Acenaphthene	Not Tested	3	71	4	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	9.00E+02	2.70E+03	7.42E+02	7.42E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.76E+03	2.22E+03	2.22E+03
Acenaphthylene	Not Tested	1	71	1	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	5.40E+01	5.40E+01	6.77E+02	6.77E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.34E+03	2.16E+03	5.40E+01
Acetone	Not Tested	1	3	33	7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.96E+02	1.96E+02	3.59E+02	3.59E+02	7.60E+02	1.00E+03	1.00E+03	N/A	1.96E+02
Aldrin	Not Tested	1	4	25	6.00E-01	1.00E+01	7.00E+00	7.00E+00	3.93E+00	3.93E+00	6.90E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	N/A	7.00E+00
Aluminum	Not Tested	4	4	100	N/A	N/A	9.47E+03	2.56E+04	1.47E+04	1.47E+04	1.18E+04	2.56E+04	2.56E+04	N/A	2.56E+04
Anthracene	Not Tested	4	71	6	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	2.20E+02	3.90E+03	7.39E+02	7.39E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.40E+03	2.19E+03	2.19E+03
Antimony	Not Tested	2	3	67	2.50E-01	2.50E-01	1.00E+00	1.40E+00	8.42E-01	8.42E-01	1.00E+00	1.40E+00	1.40E+00	N/A	1.40E+00
Aroclor 1254	Not Tested	2	4	50	1.30E+02	1.60E+02	1.23E+02	3.71E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	1.45E+02	3.71E+02	3.71E+02	N/A	3.71E+02
Aroclor 1260	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+02	1.60E+02	8.60E+01	8.60E+01	7.02E+01	7.02E+01	1.15E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02	N/A	8.60E+01
Arsenic	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.20E+01	2.46E+01	1.64E+01	1.64E+01	1.51E+01	2.46E+01	2.46E+01	2.01E+01	2.01E+01
Barium	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	8.50E+01	1.48E+02	1.24E+02	1.24E+02	1.30E+02	1.48E+02	1.48E+02	1.42E+02	1.42E+02
Benzene	Not Tested	1	2	50	9.00E+01	9.00E+01	1.01E+01	1.01E+01	2.76E+01	2.76E+01	5.01E+01	9.00E+01	9.00E+01	N/A	1.01E+01
Benzo[a]anthracene	Not Tested	16	71	23	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	3.00E+02	1.13E+04	1.04E+03	1.04E+03	1.10E+03	1.88E+03	2.64E+03	2.65E+03	2.65E+03
Benzo[a]pyrene	Not Tested	10	71	14	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	2.30E+02	8.30E+03	7.87E+02	7.87E+02	1.10E+03	1.40E+03	2.40E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Not Tested	8	70	11	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	4.10E+02	9.10E+03	7.38E+02	7.38E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.69E+03	1.36E+03	1.36E+03
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Not Tested	7	71	10	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	5.70								

**TABLE 6  
SEDIMENT - SPECIFIC SUMMARY STATISTICS AND EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL RECHES OF OTTER CREEK  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Distribution <sup>1</sup>	Number of Samples		Detection Frequency (Percent)	Censored Data		Detected Data		All Data						
		Detected	Total		Min	Max	Min	Max	Arithmetic Mean	Geometric Mean	Nonparametric Percentiles			UCL <sup>2</sup>	EPC
				50 <sup>th</sup>							90 <sup>th</sup>	95 <sup>th</sup>			
Beryllium	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	5.00E-01	1.00E+00	7.48E-01	7.48E-01	7.20E-01	1.00E+00	1.00E+00	9.64E-01	9.64E-01
Cadmium	Normal	4	6	67	4.90E-01	7.70E-01	7.76E-01	1.65E+00	9.16E-01	9.16E-01	8.38E-01	1.65E+00	1.65E+00	1.42E+00	1.42E+00
Calcium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.30E+05	1.42E+05	1.36E+05	1.36E+05	1.36E+05	1.42E+05	1.42E+05	N/A	1.42E+05
Carbon disulfide	Not Tested	1	3	33	5.00E+00	2.00E+02	2.80E+01	2.80E+01	4.35E+01	4.35E+01	2.80E+01	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	N/A	2.80E+01
Chromium	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	5.72E+01	2.00E+02	1.15E+02	1.15E+02	1.13E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	1.60E+02	1.60E+02
Chrysene	Nonparametric	52	71	73	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	5.20E+02	1.10E+04	1.82E+03	1.82E+03	1.40E+03	3.22E+03	6.02E+03	2.87E+03	2.87E+03
Cobalt	Not Tested	2	3	67	2.50E+00	2.50E+00	7.40E+00	7.60E+00	5.42E+00	5.42E+00	7.40E+00	7.60E+00	7.60E+00	N/A	7.60E+00
Copper	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	6.87E+01	1.32E+02	1.03E+02	1.03E+02	1.04E+02	1.32E+02	1.32E+02	1.21E+02	1.21E+02
Cyanide	Not Tested	1	3	33	9.50E-01	1.20E+00	1.40E-01	1.40E-01	4.05E-01	4.05E-01	9.50E-01	1.20E+00	1.20E+00	N/A	1.40E-01
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	Not Tested	5	71	7	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	8.00E+02	1.60E+03	7.37E+02	7.37E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.44E+03	2.18E+03	1.60E+03
Dieldrin	Not Tested	2	4	50	1.00E+01	1.60E+01	3.70E+00	8.73E+00	6.36E+00	6.36E+00	9.37E+00	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	N/A	8.73E+00
Endosulfan I	Not Tested	1	4	25	6.00E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	5.35E+00	5.35E+00	8.40E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	N/A	1.00E+01
Endosulfan II	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+01	1.60E+01	1.28E+01	1.28E+01	8.07E+00	8.07E+00	1.29E+01	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	N/A	1.28E+01
Endosulfan sulfate	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+01	6.00E+01	1.40E+01	1.40E+01	1.42E+01	1.42E+01	1.50E+01	6.00E+01	6.00E+01	N/A	1.40E+01
Endrin	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+01	1.60E+01	1.25E+01	1.25E+01	8.01E+00	8.01E+00	1.28E+01	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	N/A	1.25E+01
Endrin aldehyde	Not Tested	1	4	25	1.00E+01	1.80E+01	5.60E+00	5.60E+00	6.52E+00	6.52E+00	1.15E+01	1.80E+01	1.80E+01	N/A	5.60E+00
Endrin ketone	Not Tested	1	2	50	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	2.60E+00	2.60E+00	4.55E+00	4.55E+00	7.80E+00	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	N/A	2.60E+00
Fluoranthene	Not Tested	15	71	21	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	7.00E+02	1.90E+04	9.80E+02	9.80E+02	1.10E+03	1.92E+03	1.92E+03	2.18E+03	2.18E+03
Fluorene	Not Tested	34	71	48	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	4.20E+02	2.50E+03	1.03E+03	1.03E+03	1.20E+03	1.90E+03	2.14E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Not Tested	4	71	6	7.00E+02	2.30E+04	5.00E+01	3.90E+03	7.58E+02	7.58E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.52E+03	2.24E+03	2.24E+03
Iron	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	2.13E+00	3.11E+04	1.89E+04	1.89E+04	2.07E+04	3.11E+04	3.11E+04	2.99E+04	2.99E+04
Lead	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	4.23E+01	1.41E+02	9.80E+01	9.80E+01	9.85E+01	1.41E+02	1.41E+02	1.25E+02	1.25E+02
Magnesium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	7.58E+03	1.14E+04	9.49E+03	9.49E+03	9.49E+03	1.14E+04	1.14E+04	N/A	1.14E+04
Manganese	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	3.88E+02	5.00E+02	4.44E+02	4.44E+02	5.00E+02	5.00E+02	5.00E+02	N/A	5.00E+02
Mercury	Normal	4	6	67	1.30E-01	2.60E-01	1.64E-01	3.00E-01	1.93E-01	1.93E-01	2.31E-01	3.00E-01	3.00E-01	2.89E-01	2.89E-01
Methoxychlor	Not Tested	2	4	50	1.00E+01	3.00E+01	6.80E+00	1.00E+01	9.20E+00	9.20E+00	1.00E+01	3.00E+01	3.00E+01	N/A	1.00E+01
Naphthalene	Not Tested	20	71	28	9.00E+01	2.30E+04	9.80E+01	1.06E+04	1.33E+03	1.33E+03	1.10E+03	2.68E+03	6.56E+03	3.05E+03	3.05E+03
Nickel	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.99E+01	4.36E+01	2.98E+01	2.98E+01	2.82E+01	4.36E+01	4.36E+01	3.77E+01	3.77E+01
Phenanthrene	Gamma	67	71	94	6.60E+02	1.20E+03	4.00E+02	9.90E+03	3.08E+03	3.08E+03	2.60E+03	5.58E+03	7.06E+03	3.51E+03	3.51E+03
Phenol	Not Tested	5	71	7	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	9.00E+02	1.20E+03	7.30E+02	7.30E+02	1.10E+03	1.30E+03	1.34E+03	2.20E+03	1.20E+03
Polychlorinated biphenyls	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.23E+02	1.40E+03	7.62E+02	7.62E+02	7.62E+02	1.40E+03	1.40E+03	N/A	1.40E+03
Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	4.55E+00	4.55E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.55E+00
Potassium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	1.29E+03	1.48E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03	1.39E+03	1.48E+03	1.48E+03	N/A	1.48E+03
Pyrene	Nonparametric	60	71	85	6.60E+02	1.40E+03	2.00E+02	1.68E+04	2.38E+03	2.38E+03	2.10E+03	3.40E+03	5.28E+03	3.49E+03	3.49E+03
Selenium	Normal	5	5	100	N/A	N/A	3.38E+00	5.10E+00	4.21E+00	4.21E+00	3.80E+00	5.10E+00	5.10E+00	4.98E+00	4.98E+00
Silver	Not Tested	2	3	67	5.00E-01	5.00E-01	2.70E-01	3.40E-01	2.87E-01	2.87E-01	3.40E-01	5.00E-01	5.00E-01	N/A	3.40E-01
Sodium	Not Tested	2	4	50	5.32E+02	5.84E+02	4.03E+02	4.59E+02	3.55E+02	3.55E+02	4.96E+02	5.84E+02	5.84E+02	N/A	4.59E+02
Strontium	Not Tested	2	2	100	N/A	N/A	2.20E+02	2.64E+02	2.42E+02	2.42E+02	2.42E+02	2.64E+02	2.64E+02	N/A	2.64E+02
Sulfide	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	2.47E+02	2.47E+02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.47E+02
Tin	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	5.10E+00	5.10E+00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.10E+00
Toluene	Not Tested	1	4	25	9.00E+01	2.00E+02	1.92E+01	1.92E+01	6.61E+01	6.61E+01	1.45E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	N/A	1.92E+01
Vanadium	Not Tested	3	3	100	N/A	N/A	2.00E+01	3.93E+01	2.92E+01	2.92E+01	2.84E+01	3.93E+01	3.93E+01	N/A	3.93E+01
Vinyl acetate	Not Tested	1	1	100	N/A	N/A	1.06E+01	1.06E+01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.06E+01
Xylenes	Not Tested	1	3	33	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	1.05E+01	1.05E+01	7.02E+01	7.02E+01	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	2.00E+02	N/A	1.05E+01
Zinc	Normal	6	6	100	N/A	N/A	1.50E+02	3.20E+02	2.20E+02	2.20E+02	2.02E+02	3.20E+02	3.20E+02	2.82E+02	2.82E+02
alpha-Chlordane	Not Tested	2	3	67	6.80E+00	6.80E+00	5.20E+00	6.60E+00	5.07E+00	5.07E+00	6.60E+00	6.80E+00	6.80E+00	N/A	6.60E+00
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Not Tested	25	71	35	6.60E+02	2.30E+04	2.70E+02	3.80E+03	1.02E+03	1.02E+03	1.20E+03	1.58E+03	2.00E+03	2.48E+03	2.48E+03
delta-BHC	Not Tested	1	4	25	6.80E+00	1.00E+01	6.33E+00	6.33E+00	4.70E+00	4.70E+00	7.45E+00	1.00E+01	1.00E+01	N/A	6.33E+00
gamma-Chlordane	Not Tested	1	3	33	3.00E+00	6.80E+00	3.60E+00	3.60E+00	2.83E+00	2.83E+00	3.60E+00	6.80E+00	6.80E+00	N/A	3.60E+00

**Notes:** Units are milligrams per kilogram for metals and micrograms per kilogram for other chemicals.  
 One-half the detection limit was substituted for censored (nondetect) measurements in calculations of the mean and percentiles  
 1 Tested for all chemicals with at least 5 samples and detection frequencies greater than or equal to 50 percent using the Shapiro-Wilk W test (a 5 percent level of significance was used for all tests).  
 2 Calculated for all chemicals with at least 5 samples. For detection frequencies of at least 85 percent, one-half the detection limit was substituted for censored measurements and calculations were performed following the protocols described in EPA's ProUCL software package (EPA 2004a). For detection frequencies less than 85 percent, the UCL was calculated using stochastic methods following the "bounding" approach described in EPA (2002).  
 EPC Exposure point concentration, defined as the lesser of the UCL and the maximum detected concentration  
 Min Minimum concentration  
 Max Maximum concentration  
 N/A Not applicable  
 UCL One-sided upper confidence limit of the mean. Following EPA (2004a), this can either be a 95, 97.5, or 99 percent UCL.

**References**

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 2002. "Calculating exposure point concentrations at hazardous waste sites." OSWER 9285.6-10. Office of Emergency and Remedial Response. Washington, DC. December.  
 EPA. 2004a. "ProUCL Version 3.0 User Guide." Prepared by Singh, A., Singh, A.K. and R.W. Maichle for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Technical Support Center, Las Vegas, NV. April.

**TABLE 6a**  
**COMPLETE LIST OF SEDIMENT ANALYTES**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	2,6,10,14-Tetramethylpentadecane	4-Nitroaniline	Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2,6,10-Trimethyldodecane	4-Nitrophenol	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2,6-Dichlorophenol	4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	Bromobenzene
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	4H-Cyclopenta[def]phenanthrene	Bromochloromethane
1,1-Dichloroethane	2-(Phenylmethyl)naphthalene	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	Bromodichloromethane
1,1-Dichloroethene	2-Acetylaminofluorene	5-Propyltridecane	Bromoform
1,1-Dichloropropene	2-Butanone	7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene	Bromomethane
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	7H-Benzo[c]fluorene	Butylbenzylphthalate
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	9-Hexadecenoic acid	Cadmium
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	2-Chloronaphthalene	Acenaphthene	Calcium
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	2-Chlorophenol	Acenaphthylene	Carbazole
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2-Chlorotoluene	Acetone	Carbon Tetrachloride
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	2-Hexanone	Acetonitrile	Carbon disulfide
1,2-Dibromoethane	2-Methyl-1-butene	Acetophenone	Carbon tetrachloride
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	Acid-volatile sulfide	Chlordane
1,2-Dichloroethane	2-Methylantracene	Acrolein	Chlorobenzene
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	2-Methylnaphthalene	Acrylonitrile	Chlorodibromomethane
1,2-Dichloropropane	2-Methylphenol	Aldrin	Chloroethane
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	2-Methylpyrene	Aluminum	Chloroform
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	2-Naphthylamine	Aniline	Chloromethane
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	2-Nitroaniline	Anthracene	Chromium
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2-Nitrophenol	Antimony	Chrysene
1,3-Dichloropropane	2-Picoline	Aramite	Cobalt
1,3-Dichloropropene (total)	2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	Aroclor 1016	Copper
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	3 & 4-Methylphenol	Aroclor 1221	Cyanide
1,4,6-Trimethylnaphthalene	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	Aroclor 1232	Decahydro-4,4,8,9,10-pentamethylnapht
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	Aroclor 1242	Di-n-butylphthalate
1,4-Dioxane	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	Aroclor 1248	Di-n-octylphthalate
1,4-Naphthoquinone	3-Chloro-1-propene	Aroclor 1254	Diallate
1,6,7-Trimethylnaphthalene	3-Methylcholanthrene	Aroclor 1260	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene
1-Naphthylamine	3-Methylphenol	Arsenic	Dibenzofuran
1H-Benzo[b]fluorene	3-Nitroaniline	Barium	Dibromochloromethane
2,2-Dichloropropane	4,4'-DDD	Benzene	Dibromomethane
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	4,4'-DDE	Benzidine	Dichlorodifluoromethane
2,3,5-Trimethylphenanthrene	4,4'-DDT	Benzo[a]anthracene	Dichloroethyl ether
2,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	4,4'-Dimethylbiphenyl	Benzo[a]pyrene	Dieldrin
2,4,5-T	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Diethylphthalate
2,4,5-TP	4-Aminobiphenyl	Benzo[c]phenanthrene	Dimethoate
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	Benzo[e]pyrene	Dimethylphthalate
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Dinoseb
2,4-D	4-Chloroaniline	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Diphenylamine
2,4-Dichlorophenol	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	Benzoic acid	Disulfoton
2,4-Dimethylphenol	4-Chlorotoluene	Benzyl alcohol	Docosane
2,4-Dinitrophenol	4-Isopropyltoluene	Beryllium	Eicosane
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	Endosulfan I
2,5-Dimethylphenanthrene	4-Methylphenol	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	Endosulfan II

**TABLE 6a**  
**COMPLETE LIST OF SEDIMENT ANALYTES**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

Endosulfan sulfate	Mercury	Phenanthrene	alpha,alpha-Dimethylphenethylamine
Endrin	Methacrylonitrile	Phenol	alpha-BHC
Endrin aldehyde	Methapyrilene	Phorate	alpha-Chlordane
Endrin ketone	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Polychlorinated biphenyls	beta-BHC
Ethyl Benzene	Methoxychlor	Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane
Ethyl methacrylate	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Potassium	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether
Ethyl methanesulfonate	Methyl methacrylate	Pronamide	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether
Ethylbenzene	Methyl methanesulfonate	Propionitrile	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate
Famphur	Methyl parathion	Pyrene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
Fluoranthene	Methylene chloride	Pyridine	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
Fluorene	Mirex	Safrole	cis-Nonachlor
Fluoride	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	Selenium	delta-BHC
Heneicosane	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	Silver	gamma-BHC
Hentriacontane	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	Sodium	gamma-Chlordane
Heptachlor	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	Solids	gamma-Sitosterol
Heptachlor epoxide	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	Strontium	m & p-Xylenes
Heptacosane	N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	Styrene	n-Butylbenzene
Heptadecane	N-Nitrosomorpholine	Sulfide	n-Propylbenzene
Hexachlorobenzene	N-Nitrosopiperidine	Sulfotep	o-Toluidine
Hexachlorobutadiene	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	Tentatively Identified Compound	o-Xylene
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Naphthalene	Tetrachloroethene	p-Chlorobenzilate
Hexachloroethane	Nickel	Tetrahydrofuran	p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene
Hexachlorophene	Nitrobenzene	Thallium	p-Phenylenediamine
Hexachloropropene	Nonacosane	Thionazin	p-Xylene
Hexadecane	Nonadecane	Tin	pH
Hexadecanoic acid	O,O,O-Triethylphosphorothioate	Toluene	sec-Butylbenzene
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Octadecanal	Total organic carbon	tert-Butylbenzene
Iodomethane	Octadecane	Toxaphene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Iron	Oil and grease	Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Isobutyl alcohol	Oxychlordane	Trichloroethene	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene
Isodrin	Parathion	Trichlorofluoromethane	trans-Nonachlor
Isophorone	Pentachlorobenzene	Tridecane	
Isopropylbenzene	Pentachloroethane	Vanadium	
Isosafrole	Pentachloronitrobenzene	Vinyl acetate	
Kepone	Pentachlorophenol	Vinyl chloride	
Lead	Pentacosane	Xylenes	
Magnesium	Petroleum Distillates	Zinc	
Manganese	Phenacetin		

**TABLE 6b**  
**COMPLETE LIST OF SURFACE WATER ANALYTES**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**OREGON AND TOLDEDO, OHIO**

1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	2-Butanone	Acetone	Chlorobenzene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2-Chloro-1,3-butadiene	Acetonitrile	Chlorodibromomethane
1,1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	Acetophenone	Chloroethane
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	2-Chloronaphthalene	Acrolein	Chloroform
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2-Chlorophenol	Acrylonitrile	Chloromethane
1,1-Dichloroethane	2-Chlorotoluene	Aldrin	Chromium
1,1-Dichloroethene	2-Hexanone	Aluminum	Chrysene
1,1-Dichloropropene	2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	Ammonia	Cobalt
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	2-Methylnaphthalene	Aniline	Coliforms
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	2-Methylphenol	Anthracene	Conductivity
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	2-Naphthylamine	Antimony	Copper
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	2-Nitroaniline	Aramite	Cyanide
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2-Nitrophenol	Aroclor 1016	Di-n-butylphthalate
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	2-Picoline	Aroclor 1221	Di-n-octylphthalate
1,2-Dibromoethane	2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	Aroclor 1232	Diallate
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	3 & 4-Methylphenol	Aroclor 1242	Dibenz[a,h]anthracene
1,2-Dichloroethane	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	Aroclor 1248	Dibenzofuran
1,2-Dichloropropane	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	Aroclor 1254	Dibromochloromethane
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	Aroclor 1260	Dibromomethane
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	3-Chloro-1-propene	Arsenic	Dichlorodifluoromethane
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3-Methylcholanthrene	Barium	Dichloroethyl ether
1,3-Dichloropropane	3-Methylphenol	Benzene	Dieldrin
1,3-Dichloropropene (total)	3-Nitroaniline	Benzo[a]anthracene	Diethylphthalate
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	4,4'-DDD	Benzo[a]fluoranthene	Dimethoate
1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	4,4'-DDE	Benzo[a]pyrene	Dimethylphthalate
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4,4'-DDT	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	Diphenylamine
1,4-Dioxane	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	Dissolved oxygen
1,4-Naphthoquinone	4-Aminobiphenyl	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	Disulfoton
1-Methylnaphthalene	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	Benzoic acid	Dmiethylphthalate
1-Naphthylamine	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	Benzyl alcohol	E.Coli
2,2-Dichloropropane	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	Beryllium	Endosulfan I
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	4-Chloroaniline	Biochemical oxygen demand	Endosulfan II
2,4,5-T	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	Bromobenzene	Endosulfan sulfate
2,4,5-TP	4-Chlorotoluene	Bromochloromethane	Endrin
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	4-Isopropyltoluene	Bromodichloromethane	Endrin aldehyde
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	Bromoform	Ethyl acetate
2,4-D	4-Methylphenol	Bromomethane	Ethyl ether
2,4-Dichlorophenol	4-Nitroaniline	Butylbenzylphthalate	Ethyl methacrylate
2,4-Dimethylphenol	4-Nitrophenol	Cadmium	Ethyl methanesulfonate
2,4-Dinitrophenol	4-Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	Calcium	Ethylbenzene
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	4-methyl-2-pentanone	Carbon disulfide	Famphur
2,6-Dichlorophenol	5-Nitro-o-toluidine	Carbon tetrachloride	Fecal coliforms
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	7,12-Dimethylbenz[a]anthracene	Chemical oxygen demand	Fecal streptococci
2-Acetylaminofluorene	Acenaphthene	Chlordane	Fluoranthene
	Acenaphthylene	Chloride	Fluorene

**TABLE 6b**  
**COMPLETE LIST OF SURFACE WATER ANALYTES**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**OREGON AND TOLDEDO, OHIO**

Fluoride	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	Pronamide	alpha,alpha-Dimethylphenethylamine
Hardness	N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine	Propionitrile	alpha-BHC
Heptachlor	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	Pyrene	beta-BHC
Heptachlor epoxide	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	Pyridine	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane
Hexachlorobenzene	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	Safrole	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether
Hexachlorobutadiene	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	Selenium	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	Silver	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate
Hexachloroethane	N-Nitrosopiperidine	Sodium	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
Hexachlorophene	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	Styrene	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene
Hexachloropropene	Naphthalene	Sulfide	delta-BHC
Indene	Nickel	Sulfotepp	gamma-BHC
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	Nitrate	Temperature	m & p-Xylenes
Iodomethane	Nitrate+Nitrite	Tetrachloroethene	n-Butylbenzene
Iron	Nitrite	Tetrahydrofuran	n-Propylbenzene
Isobutyl alcohol	Nitrobenzene	Thallium	o-Toluidine
Isodrin	Nitrogen	Thionazin	o-Xylene
Isophorone	O,O,O-Triethylphosphorothioate	Tin	p-Chlorobenzilate
Isopropylbenzene	Oil and grease	Toluene	p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene
Isosafrole	Oxidation reduction potential	Total Kjeldahl nitrogen	p-Phenylenediamine
Kepon	Parathion	Total filterable residue	pH
Lead	Pentachlorobenzene	Total nonfilterable residue	sec-Butylbenzene
Magnesium	Pentachloroethane	Toxaphene	tert-Butylbenzene
Manganese	Pentachloronitrobenzene	Trichloroethene	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Mercury	Pentachlorophenol	Trichlorofluoromethane	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene
Methacrylonitrile	Phenacetin	Turbidity	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene
Methapyrilene	Phenanthrene	Vanadium	
Methoxychlor	Phenol	Vinyl acetate	
Methyl iodide	Phenolics	Vinyl chloride	
Methyl methacrylate	Phorate	Xylenes	
Methyl methanesulfonate	Phosphates	Zinc	
Methyl parathion	Phosphorus		
Methylene chloride	Polychlorinated biphenyls		
Mirex	Potassium		

**TABLE 7**  
**IDENTIFICATION OF SURFACE WATER CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Persistent, Bioaccumulative Toxin (PBT)	DF < 5%	Maximum Detected Concentration (MDC)	Screening Value (SV)	MDC > SV	Cummulative Impact	COPC	Basis
2,4-D			1.395	70				
4,4'-DDD	Y	Y	6.00E-03	8.71E-02			Y	Chemical is a PBT
4,4'-DDE	Y		1.30E-02	2.74E-02			Y	Chemical is a PBT
4,4'-DDT	Y		1.10E-02	5.29E-02			Y	Chemical is a PBT
Acetone			1.14E+01	8.07E+02				
Aldrin	Y	Y	1.00E-02	9.40E-04	Y		Y	Chemical is a PBT
Bromodichloromethane		Y	1.10E+00	1.03E+00	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Dieldrin	Y		9.00E-03	2.86E-03	Y		Y	Chemical is a PBT
Endosulfan I			2.00E-02	8.89E+00				
Endosulfan II			9.00E-03	8.89E+00				
Endosulfan sulfate		Y	2.40E-02	8.89E+00				
Endrin			1.40E-02	2.00E-01				
Endrin aldehyde			1.00E-02	2.00E-01				
Ethylbenzene		Y	1.00E+00	3.77E+01				
Heptachlor			6.00E-03	4.99E-02				
Heptachlor epoxide			9.00E-03	5.96E-05	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Phenolics (Phenol)			3.30E+01	4.43E+02				
Toluene		Y	1.00E+00	2.13E+01				
alpha-BHC			9.00E-03	9.38E-03		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative risk
delta-BHC			2.00E-02	2.00E-04	Y		Y	MDC > SV
gamma-BHC		Y	6.00E-03	9.38E-03				
Aluminum			3.72E+00	2.06E-01	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Antimony		Y	1.20E-02	1.20E-05	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Arsenic			3.30E-02	4.46E-05	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Barium			2.93E-01	1.00E-01	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Beryllium		Y	1.00E-03	4.00E-03				
Cadmium		Y	1.30E-02	5.00E-03	Y			
Chloroform			2.90E+00	1.53E-01	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Chromium			8.45E-02	1.00E-01				
Copper			5.50E-02	5.63E-02		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Cyanide			1.80E-02	2.00E-01				
Iron			4.60E+03	4.45E-01	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Lead			3.20E-01	ND				
Manganese			1.39E-01	1.80E-01				
Mercury	Y		2.17E-02	1.33E-04	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Nickel			5.50E-02	3.03E-02	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Selenium			7.00E-02	5.00E-02	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Tin			1.20E-02	ND				
Vanadium		Y	1.65E-02	1.12E-02	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Zinc			1.98E-01	4.60E-01				

Notes:

Units for concentrations and screening values are mg/L for metals and ug/L for organic chemicals.  
COPC: Chemical of Potential Concern  
DF: Detection Frequency  
ND: No Date  
Y: Yes



**TABLE 8**  
**IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Persistent, Bioaccumulative Toxin (PBT)	DF < 5%	Maximum Detected Concentration (MDC)	Screening Value (SV)	MDC > SV	Cummulative Impact	COPC	Basis
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		Y	1.70E+02	410		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative risk
2,4,5-TP			2.13E+01	61000				
2,4-Dimethylphenol		Y	1.00E+03	ND				
2-Butanone			2.26E+02	2.20E+06				
2-Methylnaphthalene			1.04E+04	ND				
2-Methylphenol		Y	1.30E+02	310000				
3 & 4-Methylphenol			4.10E+03	31000				
4,4'-DDD	Y		2.20E+03	2400			Y	Chemical is a PBT
4,4'-DDE	Y		9.49E+02	1700			Y	Chemical is a PBT
4,4'-DDT	Y		1.49E+02	1700			Y	Chemical is a PBT
4-Methylphenol			1.05E+04	ND				
Acenaphthene			2.70E+03	370000				
Acenaphthylene			1.50E+03	370000				
Acetone			1.23E+03	1.40E+06				
Acetonitrile			3.73E+03	42000				
Aldrin	Y		1.96E+01	2.90E-02	Y		Y	Chemical is a PBT
Aluminum			4.73E+04	7600	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Anthracene			1.00E+04	2.20E+06				
Antimony			1.40E+00	3.1		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Aroclor 1248	Y		1.68E+02	220		Y	Y	PCBs as a class are PBTs
Aroclor 1254	Y		1.76E+03	220	Y		Y	PCBs as a class are PBTs
Aroclor 1260	Y		2.14E+02	220		Y	Y	PCBs as a class are PBTs
Arsenic			7.20E+01	0.39	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Barium			3.16E+02	540		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Benzene			2.07E+01	640				
Benzoic Acid			1.70E+02	1.00E+05				
Benzo[a]anthracene			1.87E+04	620	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Benzo[a]pyrene	Y		1.95E+04	62	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Benzo[b]fluoranthene			1.67E+04	620	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene			1.24E+04	ND				
Benzo[k]fluoranthene			4.40E+04	6200	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Beryllium			3.57E+00	15				
Cadmium			2.09E+00	3.7		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Carbon disulfide			5.31E+01	36000				
Chromium			2.97E+02	100000				
Chrysene			2.80E+04	62000			Y	BaP is a PBT
Cobalt			1.12E+01	900		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Copper			1.97E+02	310		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Cyanide			1.45E+00	1.1	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene			3.80E+03	62	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Dibenzofuran			1.50E+03	15000				
Dieldrin	Y		8.73E+00	30			Y	Chemical is a PBT
Diethylphthalate			2.70E+03	4.90E+06				
Endosulfan I		Y	1.00E+01	37000				

**TABLE 8**  
**IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Persistent, Bioaccumulative Toxin (PBT)	DF < 5%	Maximum Detected Concentration (MDC)	Screening Value (SV)	MDC > SV	Cummulative Impact	COPC	Basis
Endosulfan II		Y	1.28E+01	37000				
Endosulfan sulfate			1.40E+01	37000				
Endrin			1.25E+01	1800				
Endrin aldehyde			5.60E+00	1800				
Endrin ketone			7.70E+00	1800				
Fluoranthene			5.90E+04	230000		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Fluorene			3.50E+03	270000				
Heptachlor epoxide			3.40E+00	53				
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene			1.40E+04	620	Y		Y	MDC > SV; BaP is a PBT
Iron			7.24E+04	2340	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Lead			4.85E+03	125	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Manganese			6.71E+02	180	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Mercury	Y		6.30E-01	2.3			Y	Chemical is a PBT
Methoxychlor			3.70E+02	31000				
Methylene chloride			4.18E+01	9100				
Naphthalene			1.06E+04	5600	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Nickel			1.26E+02	160		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Phenanthrene			3.37E+04	ND				
Phenol			1.20E+03	1.80E+06				
Pyrene			3.82E+04	230000		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
Selenium			8.23E+00	39				
Silver			8.70E-01	39				
Strontium			7.87E+02	4700				
Thallium			1.30E+00	0.52	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Tin			1.30E+01	4700				
Toluene			3.00E+02	52000				
Vanadium			4.06E+01	7.8	Y		Y	MDC > SV
Vinyl acetate			1.06E+01	43000				
Xylenes			1.05E+01	27000				
Zinc			3.76E+02	2300		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative hazard
alpha-BHC			1.01E+00	90				
alpha-Chlordane			1.61E+01	1600				
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate			7.10E+04	35000	Y		Y	MDC > SV
delta-BHC			6.33E+00	32		Y	Y	Contributes to cummulative risk
gamma-Chlordane			2.59E+01	1600				

Notes: Units for concentrations and screening values are mg/kg for metals and ug/kg for organic chemicals.  
BaP - Benzo(a)pyrene  
COPC - Chemical of Potential Concern  
DF - Detection Frequency  
ND - No Data  
Y - Yes

**TABLE 9**

**HUMAN HEALTH EXPOSURE AREAS HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

<b>Exposure Area</b>	<b>Boundaries</b>	<b>Basis</b>
<b>Duck Creek</b>		
DC-1	Hecklinger Pond	Only portion of Duck and Otter Creeks where fishing is assumed to occur.
DC-2	Hecklinger Pond to Consaul Street	Portion of Duck Creek that is located closest to residential areas. Also, there are preliminary plans to develop the wetland between Hecklinger Pond and Wheeling Street as an ecological educational center.
DC-3	Consaul Street to York Street	Location of Collins Golf Course; creek is accessible, but exposure is assumed to be limited due to on-going recreational activities (golf) and public safety concerns.
DC-4	York Street CSX Rail Crossing	Creek passes through commercial and industrial properties; residential area immediately south and west of York Street
DC-5	CSX Rail Crossing to Maumee River	Creek passes through commercial and industrial properties – most isolated portion of creek.
<b>Otter Creek</b>		
OC-1	South (upstream) end of creek to Brown Road	Creek passes through area with limited development and minimal residents
OC-2	Brown Road to Navarre Avenue	Creek passes between east and west portions of Sun Oil Company property; residential presence increases on east side of creek north of Pickle Road
OC-3	Navarre Avenue to Corduroy Road	Creek passes through largely residential area.
OC-4	Corduroy Road to Millard Avenue bridge	Creek passes through area with multiple industrial and waste disposal facilities and operations
OC-5	Millard Avenue bridge to Lake Erie	Creek passes through heavily industrial area with limited access potential due to elevated security

Note:

See Figure 5 for graphic representation of human health exposure areas.

**TABLE 10**

**EXPOSURE PARAMETER VALUES  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Exposure Parameter	Receptor-Specific Values			Source or Basis
	Adult Recreationalist	Youth (7 to 18) Recreationalist	Child (1 to 6) Recreationalist	
EPC (various)	Medium-specific	Medium-specific	Medium-specific	See Section 3.3.1 <sup>a</sup>
Exposure frequency – surface water direct contact (swd) and sediment (sed) (EF <sub>swd</sub> and EF <sub>sed</sub> ) (days/year)	34	60	60	Professional judgment <sup>b</sup>
Exposure frequency – surface water incidental ingestion (swi) (EF <sub>swi</sub> ) (days/year)	2	2	2	Professional judgment <sup>c</sup>
ED (years)	30	12	6	EPA 1989
BW (kg)	70	47	15	EPA 1989 and 1997 <sup>d</sup>
Ingestion rate - sediment (IR <sub>sed</sub> ) (mg/day)	100	200	200	EPA 1997 <sup>e</sup>
Fraction ingested (FI) (unitless)	0.67	0.33	0.33	EPA 1997 <sup>e</sup>
Ingestion rate - surface water (IR <sub>sw</sub> ) (L/day)	0.1	0.05	0.025	Professional judgment <sup>f</sup>
Skin surface area - sediment (SA <sub>sed</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> /event)	2,129	1,649	809	EPA 2004b <sup>g</sup>
Skin surface area - surface water (SA <sub>sw</sub> ) (cm <sup>2</sup> /event)	Exposure area-specific	Exposure area-specific	Exposure area-specific	EPA 2004b <sup>h</sup>
Adherence factor (AF) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	0.6	0.6	0.6	EPA 2004b <sup>j</sup>
Dermal absorption (ABS) (unitless)	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	EPA 2004b <sup>j</sup>
Absorbed dose per event (DA <sub>event</sub> ) (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> -event)	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	See note k.

**TABLE 10 (Continued)**

**EXPOSURE PARAMETER VALUES  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

Exposure Parameter	Receptor-Specific Values			Source or Basis
	Adult Recreationalist	Youth (7 to 18) Recreationalist	Child (1 to 6) Recreationalist	
Exposure time (ET) (hr/day)	1	2	2	Professional judgment <sup>1</sup>
Event frequency (EV) (event/day)	1	1	1	EPA 2004b
Conversion factor 1 (CF1) (mg/ g)	1E-03	1E-03	1E-03	NA
Conversion factor 2 (CF2) (kg/mg)	1E-06	1E-06	1E-06	NA
Averaging time - carcinogens (AT <sub>c</sub> ) (days)	25,550	25,550	25,550	EPA 1989
Averaging time - noncarcinogens (AT <sub>nc</sub> ) (days)	10,950	4,380	2,190	EPA 1989 <sup>m</sup>
Gastrointestinal absorption (GI) (unitless)	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	Chemical-specific	EPA 1989 and 2004b <sup>n</sup>

Notes:

BW	=	Body weight	L/day	=	Liter per day
cm <sup>2</sup>	=	Square centimeter	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	=	Milligram per square centimeter
ED	=	Exposure duration	mg/day	=	Milligram per day
EPA	=	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	mg/ g	=	Milligram per microgram
EPC	=	Exposure point concentration	NA	=	Not applicable
kg	=	Kilogram	SW	=	Surface water

<sup>a</sup> The EPCs for organic compounds will be in units of microgram per kilogram (ug/kg) in sediment and microgram per liter (ug/L) in surface water. Inorganic compounds will be in units of milligram per kilogram (mg/kg) in sediment and milligram per liter (mg/L) in surface water.

<sup>b</sup> Exposure frequency for youth (age 7 to 18) and child receptors potentially exposed to sediment and to surface water (direct contact only) in Duck and Otter Creeks was calculated based on the assumption of exposure for 4 days per week for 13 weeks (June through August) and 2 days per month for 4 months (April, May, September, and October). Exposure frequency for adult receptors exposed via the same

**TABLE 10 (Continued)**

**EXPOSURE PARAMETER VALUES  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

exposure pathways was calculated based on the assumption of exposure for 2 days per week for 13 weeks (June through August) and 2 days per month for 4 months (April, May, September, and October). Also, receptors are assumed to be exposed through direct contact with surface water in Hecklinger Pond 2 days/year as a result of accidentally falling into the pond.

- <sup>c</sup> It is assumed based on best professional judgment that twice per year receptors will ingest a mouthful of water. Ingestion is assumed to occur as a result of play activities or as a result of accidentally falling into deeper water.
- <sup>d</sup> The body weights for adult and child receptors are the standard default adult and child body weights (EPA 1989). The body weight for the youth receptor (age 7 to 18) was calculated as the average body weight for boys and girls age 7 to 18 (EPA 1997, Table 7-3).
- <sup>e</sup> The receptor-specific ingestion rates (IR<sub>sed</sub>) are based on soil ingestion rates which are calculated as annual average rates assuming exposure to outdoor soil and indoor dust rather than sediment (EPA 1989, 1997). Receptors are unlikely to be exposed to soil and sediment only in Duck and Otter Creeks. Therefore, for the purpose of the screening HHRA, the fraction ingested (FI) was conservatively calculated as the fraction of time spent at Duck and Otter Creeks as compared to the total time spent outdoors. EPA (1997) notes that adult and children 3 to 11 years old spend about 1.5 and 6 hours/day outdoors, respectively. As noted elsewhere in this table, it is assumed that adult receptors spend 1 hour/day in Duck and Otter Creeks and child and youth receptors spend 2 hours/day in the creeks. Therefore, receptor-specific FI values were calculated as follows: 1 hour/day/1.5 hours/day = 0.67 (adult) and 2 hours/day/6 hours/day = 0.33 (child and youth).
- <sup>f</sup> Adult, youth (7 to 18 years of age), and child (1 to 6 years of age) are assumed to ingest 0.1, 0.05 and 0.025 liters of water in each mouthful, respectively.
- <sup>g</sup> All surface areas were obtained for adult and youth (age 7 to 18) receptors from EPA (2004b), Exhibit C-1. It was assumed that receptors are exposed only through their hands and feet.
- <sup>h</sup> As discussed in Section 3.2.2, it is assumed that no swimming occurs in Duck and Otter Creeks due to the shallow water depths and warning signs (Hecklinger Pond only). The skin surface area exposed through direct contact to surface water will depend on the depth of water in the creeks and the height of the receptor. The table below summarizes the average depth of water in each creek-specific exposure area (see Section 3.2.2 and Figure 5), the body parts (or portions of body parts) assumed to be exposed, and the total skin surface area for each receptor. It should be noted that skin surface areas for youth receptors were calculated as the average of adult and child values. Details of the receptor-specific skin surface area calculations are presented in Table 11.

**TABLE 10 (Continued)**

**EXPOSURE PARAMETER VALUES  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

- <sup>i</sup> Sediment adherence factors were obtained from EPA (2004b). Consistent with this guidance, average or mean adherence factors associated with high end sediment contact activities were used as the basis for selecting sediment adherence factors. Geometric mean adherence factors developed for children playing in wet soil, pipe layers working in wet soil, and reed gatherers are 0.2, 0.6, and 0.3 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, respectively (EPA 2004b, Exhibit 3-3). The highest (most conservative) of these values, 0.6 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>, was selected as the adherence factor for all receptors.
- <sup>j</sup> Dermal absorption values will be obtained from EPA (2004b), Exhibit 3-4 after COPCs are determined.
- <sup>k</sup> Chemical-specific values for absorbed dose per event (DAevent) were calculated in accordance with EPA (2004a) using Equations 3.2 and 3.3 for organic compounds and Equation 3.4 for inorganic compounds. Chemical-specific input parameters for use in these equations will also be obtained from EPA (2004a). The chemical – specific input parameters and DAevents results calculated for exposure area Otter Creek 3 (OC-3) are presented in Table 12.
- <sup>l</sup> Table 15-67 in EPA (1997) indicates that the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile value for time spent in freshwater swimming pools for children is 3 hours. It is assumed that Duck and Otter Creeks are somewhat less appealing as play locations as compared to freshwater swimming pools. Therefore, it was assumed that child and youth receptors would be exposed 2 hour/day. The creeks are also assumed to be even less appealing for adult receptors. Therefore, it was assumed adults would be exposed 1 hour/day (this value equals the 50<sup>th</sup> percentile value for time spent in freshwater pools by children). Also, direct contact with surface water in Hecklinger Pond is assumed to be infrequent almost always accidental in nature largely as the result of the posting of signs indicating that the pond is unsafe for water activities (including swimming) (see Photographs 16 and 17 in the appendix). Therefore, it was assumed that all receptors would be exposed for only 0.25 hour/day in Hecklinger Pond.
- <sup>m</sup> Based on ED x 365 days/year.
- <sup>n</sup> Gastrointestinal absorption values will be obtained from EPA (2004b), Exhibit 4-1 after COPCs are determined.

**TABLE 11**  
**RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC SKIN SURFACE AREA CALCULATIONS**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**OREGON AND TOLEDO, OHIO**

Exposure Area	Average Water Depth (feet) <sup>a</sup>	Body Parts Assumed to Contact SW <sup>b</sup>		Total Skin Surface Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>c</sup>		Youth <sup>d</sup>
		Adult	Child	Adult	Child	
DC-1	3	F, L, HN	H, A, L, F, HN, 0.5T	6,811	5,422	6,117
DC-2	1.25	F, 0.5LL, HN	F, 1.25LL, HN	2,845	1,622	2,234
DC-3	1.25	F, 0.5LL, HN	F, 1.25LL, HN	2,845	1,622	2,234
DC-4	1.5	F, LL, HN	F, LL, 0.5(L-LL), HN	3,847	1,946	2,897
DC-5	3	F, L, HN	H, A, L, F, HN, 0.5T	6,811	5,422	6,117
OC-1	1	F, 0.375LL, HN	F, 0.9LL, HN	2,594	1,394	1,994
OC-2	1.25	F, 0.5LL, HN	F, 1.25LL, HN	2,845	1,622	2,234
OC-3	1.25	F, 0.5LL, HN	F, 1.25LL, HN	2,845	1,622	2,234
OC-4	2.5	F, 0.75L, HN	H, A, L, F, HN, 0.5T	5,569	5,422	5,496
OC-5	2.9	F, L, HN	NA	6,811	NA	6,117

Notes:

A = Arms

cm<sup>2</sup> = Square centimeters

DC = Duck Creek

F = Feet

H = Head

HN = Hands

L = Legs

LL = Lower Legs

OC = Otter Creek

SW = Surface water

T = Torso

<sup>a</sup> Water depths were obtained from Tetra Tech (2005c), Quanterra (1997), City of Oregon (2004a, 2005c), and OEPA (1995).

<sup>b</sup> Professional judgment.

<sup>c</sup> Body part-specific skin surface areas were obtained from EPA (1997, Table 6-4) – adults and EPA (2004b, Exhibit C-1) – children. Body part-specific skin surface areas (cm<sup>2</sup>) used in the calculations: adult – F (1,048), HN (793), LL (2,005), and L (4,969) and child – A (874), F (451), H (977), HN (358), L (1,624), LL (650), and T (2,276 – calculated as total body surface area [6,560] – [A + H + HN + F + L]).

<sup>d</sup> Skin surface areas for youth receptors were calculated as the average of adult and child values.



TABLE 12  
 CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC INPUT FACTORS FOR DERMAL EXPOSURE RESULTS  
 HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Dermal Absorbed Dose per Event for Organic Compounds - Water Contact										ABS	ABS <sub>SI</sub> (percent/100) <sup>a</sup>
	FA	K <sub>p</sub>	C <sub>w</sub>	T <sub>event</sub>	t <sub>event</sub> (adult/youth/child)	B	t*	t <sub>event</sub> ≤ t*	t <sub>event</sub> ≥ t*	DA <sub>event</sub>		
								DA <sub>event</sub>	DA <sub>event</sub>			
<b>Adult</b>												
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Chloroform	1	6.80E-03	2.90E-06	0.5	1	0	1.19	3.8541E-08	3.944E-08	3.85E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b</sup>
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	6.90E-03	--	0.93	1	0	2.232	--	--	--	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.8	2.50E-02	--	16.64	1	0.2	39.936	--	--	--	0.1	0.250 <sup>b</sup>
Bromodichloromethane	1	4.60E-03	1.10E-06	0.88	1	0	2.112	1.31197E-08	1.3966E-08	1.31E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
Benzo(a)anthracene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	1	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.77	1	4.3	12.03	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(k)fluoranthene			--		1		0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene			--		1		0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.69	1	4.3	11.67	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Chrysene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	1	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.6	1.50E+00	--	3.88	1	9.7	17.57	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Fluoranthene	1	2.20E-01	--	1.45	1	1.2	5.68	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.6	1.00E+00	--	3.78	1	6.7	16.83	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Naphthalene	1	4.70E-02	--	0.56	1	0.5	1.344	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Phenolics (Phenol)	1.00E+00	4.30E-03	3.30E-05	0.36	1	0	0.864	2.35323E-07	2.4407E-07	2.44E-07	0.1	0.950 <sup>b</sup>
Pyrene			--		1		0	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>												
Aldrin	1	1.40E-03	1.00E-08	11.89	1	0	28.536	1.33429E-10	3.4692E-10	1.33E-10	0.04	0.800
alpha-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	9.00E-09	4.57	1	0.1	10.968	5.26461E-10	9.7614E-10	5.26E-10	0.04	0.800
delta-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	2.00E-08	4.57	1	0.1	10.968	1.16991E-09	2.1692E-09	1.17E-09	0.04	0.800
gamma-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	6.00E-09	4.57	1	0.1	10.968	3.50974E-10	6.5076E-10	3.51E-10	0.04	0.800
gamma-Chlordane	0.7	3.80E-02	--	21.21	1	0.3	50.904	--	--	--	0.04	0.800
4,4'-DDD	0.8	1.80E-01	6.00E-09	6.65	1	1.2	25.99	6.15822E-09	2.1571E-08	6.16E-09	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDE	0.8	1.60E-01	1.30E-08	6.48	1	1.1	25.08	1.17077E-08	3.9571E-08	1.17E-08	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDT	0.7	2.70E-01	1.10E-08	10.45	1	1.9	42.51	1.85756E-08	9.1287E-08	1.86E-08	0.03	0.800
Dieldrin	0.8	1.20E-02	9.00E-09	14.62	1	0.1	35.088	9.131E-10	2.8554E-09	9.13E-10	0.04	0.800
Heptachlor epoxide	0.8	8.60E-03	9.00E-09	13.27	1	0.1	31.848	6.23443E-10	1.8626E-09	6.23E-10	0.04	0.800
Aroclor 1254	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	1	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
Aroclor 1260	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	1	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
<b>Metals</b>												
Aluminum	--	--	3.88E-03	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Antimony	--	1.00E-03	1.20E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	1.20E-08		0.150
Arsenic	--	1.00E-03	3.30E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	3.30E-08	0.03	0.950
Barium	--	1.00E-03	2.93E-03	--	1	--	--	--	--	2.93E-06		0.070
Cadmium	--	1.00E-03	1.30E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	1.30E-08	0.001	0.025
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Copper	--	1.00E-03	5.50E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	5.50E-08		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Cyanide	--	1.00E-03	1.80E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	1.80E-08		1.000 <sup>b</sup>
Iron	--	1.00E-03	2.18E-02	--	1	--	--	--	--	2.18E-05		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Lead	--	--	3.20E-01	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		--
Manganese	--	1.00E-03	1.39E-01	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		0.040
Mercury	--	1.00E-03	2.17E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	2.17E-08		0.070
Nickel	--	2.00E-04	5.50E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	1.10E-08		0.040
Selenium	--	1.00E-03	7.00E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	7.00E-08		0.500
Thallium	--	1.00E-03	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		1.000
Vanadium	--	1.00E-03	1.65E-05	--	1	--	--	--	--	1.65E-08		0.026
Zinc	--	6.00E-04	1.98E-01	--	1	--	--	--	--	--		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
<b>Youth</b>												
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Chloroform	1	6.80E-03	2.90E-06	0.5	2	0	1.19	5.45052E-08	5.916E-08	5.92E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b</sup>
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	6.90E-03	--	0.93	2	0	2.232	--	--	--	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.8	2.50E-02	--	16.64	2	0.2	39.936	--	--	--	0.1	0.250 <sup>b</sup>
Bromodichloromethane	1	4.60E-03	1.10E-06	0.88	2	0	2.112	1.8554E-08	1.9026E-08	1.86E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
Benzo(a)anthracene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	2	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.77	2	4.3	12.03	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(k)fluoranthene			--		2		0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene			--		2		0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.69	2	4.3	11.67	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Chrysene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	2	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.6	1.50E+00	--	3.88	2	9.7	17.57	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Fluoranthene	1	2.20E-01	--	1.45	2	1.2	5.68	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.6	1.00E+00	--	3.78	2	6.7	16.83	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Naphthalene	1	4.70E-02	--	0.56	2	0.5	1.344	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Phenolics (Phenol)	1.00E+00	4.30E-03	3.30E-05	0.36	2	0	0.864	3.32797E-07	3.8597E-07	3.86E-07	0.1	0.950 <sup>b</sup>
Pyrene			--		2		0	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>												
Aldrin	1	1.40E-03	1.00E-08	11.89	2	0	28.536	1.88697E-10	3.6092E-10	1.89E-10	0.04	0.800
alpha-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	9.00E-09	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	7.44529E-10	1.0571E-09	7.45E-10	0.04	0.800
delta-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	2.00E-08	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	1.65451E-09	2.3492E-09	1.65E-09	0.04	0.800
gamma-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	6.00E-09	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	4.96353E-10	7.0476E-10	4.96E-10	0.04	0.800
gamma-Chlordane	0.7	3.80E-02	--	21.21	2	0.3	50.904	--	--	--	0.04	0.800
4,4'-DDD	0.8	1.80E-01	6.00E-09	6.65	2	1.2	25.99	8.70904E-09	2.1963E-08	8.71E-09	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDE	0.8	1.60E-01	1.30E-08	6.48	2	1.1	25.08	1.65572E-08	4.0363E-08	1.66E-08	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDT	0.7	2.70E-01	1.10E-08	10.45	2	1.9	42.51	2.62699E-08	9.2004E-08	2.63E-08	0.03	0.800
Dieldrin	0.8	1.20E-02	9.00E-09	14.62	2	0.1	35.088	1.29132E-09	2.934E-09	1.29E-09	0.04	0.800
Heptachlor epoxide	0.8	8.60E-03	9.00E-09	13.27	2	0.1	31.848	8.81682E-10	1.9189E-09	8.82E-10	0.04	0.800
Aroclor 1254	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	2	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
Aroclor 1260	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	2	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
<b>Metals</b>												
Aluminum	--	--	3.88E-03	--	2	--	--	--	--	--		0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Antimony	--	1.00E-03	1.20E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.40E-08		0.150
Arsenic	--	1.00E-03	3.30E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	6.60E-08	0.03	0.950
Barium	--	1.00E-03	2.93E-03	--	2	--	--	--	--	5.86E-06		0.070
Cadmium	--	1.00E-03	1.30E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.60E-08	0.001	0.025

**TABLE 12  
CHEMICAL-SPECIFIC INPUT FACTORS FOR DERMAL EXPOSURE RESULTS  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Cobalt	--	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>	
Copper	--	1.00E-03	5.50E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	1.10E-07	0.010 <sup>c</sup>	
Cyanide	--	1.00E-03	1.80E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	3.60E-08	1.000 <sup>b</sup>	
Iron	--	1.00E-03	2.18E-02	--	2	--	--	--	--	4.36E-05	0.010 <sup>c</sup>	
Lead	--	--	3.20E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Manganese	--	1.00E-03	1.39E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	0.040	
Mercury	--	1.00E-03	2.17E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	4.34E-08	0.070	
Nickel	--	2.00E-04	5.50E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.20E-08	0.040	
Selenium	--	1.00E-03	7.00E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	1.40E-07	0.500	
Thallium	--	1.00E-03	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	1.000	
Vanadium	--	1.00E-03	1.65E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	3.30E-08	0.026	
Zinc	--	6.00E-04	1.98E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>	
<b>Child</b>												
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Chloroform	1	6.80E-03	2.90E-06	0.5	2	0	1.19	5.45052E-08	5.916E-08	5.92E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b</sup>
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	6.90E-03	--	0.93	2	0	2.232	--	--	--	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>												
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.8	2.50E-02	--	16.64	2	0.2	39.936	--	--	--	0.1	0.250 <sup>b</sup>
Bromodichloromethane	1	4.60E-03	1.10E-06	0.88	2	0	2.112	1.8554E-08	1.9026E-08	1.86E-08	0.1	1.000 <sup>b,d</sup>
Benzo(a)anthracene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	2	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.77	2	4.3	12.03	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	2	--	0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	2	--	0	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	7.00E-01	--	2.69	2	4.3	11.67	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Chrysene	1	4.70E-01	--	2.03	2	2.8	8.53	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.6	1.50E+00	--	3.88	2	9.7	17.57	--	--	--	0.13	0.890
Fluoranthene	1	2.20E-01	--	1.45	2	1.2	5.68	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.6	1.00E+00	--	3.78	2	6.7	16.83	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Naphthalene	1	4.70E-02	--	0.56	2	0.5	1.344	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
Phenolics (Phenol)	1.00E+00	4.30E-03	3.30E-05	0.36	2	0	0.864	3.32797E-07	3.8597E-07	3.86E-07	0.1	0.950 <sup>b</sup>
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	2	--	0	--	--	--	0.1	0.890
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>												
Aldrin	1	1.40E-03	1.00E-08	11.89	2	0	28.536	1.88697E-10	3.6092E-10	1.89E-10	0.04	0.800
alpha-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	9.00E-09	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	7.44529E-10	1.0571E-09	7.45E-10	0.04	0.800
delta-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	2.00E-08	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	1.65451E-09	2.3492E-09	1.65E-09	0.04	0.800
gamma-BHC	0.9	1.10E-02	6.00E-09	4.57	2	0.1	10.968	4.96353E-10	7.0476E-10	4.96E-10	0.04	0.800
gamma-Chlordane	0.7	3.80E-02	--	21.21	2	0.3	50.904	--	--	--	0.04	0.800
4,4'-DDD	0.8	1.80E-01	6.00E-09	6.65	2	1.2	25.99	8.70904E-09	2.1963E-08	8.71E-09	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDE	0.8	1.60E-01	1.30E-08	6.48	2	1.1	25.08	1.65572E-08	4.0363E-08	1.66E-08	0.03	0.800
4,4'-DDT	0.7	2.70E-01	1.10E-08	10.45	2	1.9	42.51	2.62699E-08	9.2004E-08	2.63E-08	0.03	0.800
Dieldrin	0.8	1.20E-02	9.00E-09	14.62	2	0.1	35.088	1.29132E-09	2.934E-09	1.29E-09	0.04	0.800
Heptachlor epoxide	0.8	8.60E-03	9.00E-09	13.27	2	0.1	31.848	8.81682E-10	1.9189E-09	8.82E-10	0.04	0.800
Aroclor 1254	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	2	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
Aroclor 1260	0.5	4.30E-01	--	11.29	2	3.2	47.9	--	--	--	0.14	0.800
<b>Metals</b>												
Aluminum	--	--	3.88E-03	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Antimony	--	1.00E-03	1.20E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.40E-08	--	0.150
Arsenic	--	1.00E-03	3.30E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	6.60E-08	0.03	0.950
Barium	--	1.00E-03	2.93E-03	--	2	--	--	--	--	5.86E-06	--	0.070
Cadmium	--	1.00E-03	1.30E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.60E-08	0.001	0.025
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Copper	--	1.00E-03	5.50E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	1.10E-07	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Cyanide	--	1.00E-03	1.80E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	3.60E-08	--	1.000 <sup>b</sup>
Iron	--	1.00E-03	2.18E-02	--	2	--	--	--	--	4.36E-05	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>
Lead	--	--	3.20E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	1.00E-03	1.39E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.040
Mercury	--	1.00E-03	2.17E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	4.34E-08	--	0.070
Nickel	--	2.00E-04	5.50E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	2.20E-08	--	0.040
Selenium	--	1.00E-03	7.00E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	1.40E-07	--	0.500
Thallium	--	1.00E-03	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.000
Vanadium	--	1.00E-03	1.65E-05	--	2	--	--	--	--	3.30E-08	--	0.026
Zinc	--	6.00E-04	1.98E-01	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	0.010 <sup>c</sup>

PCB-hexachlorobiphenyl for Aroclor 1254 and Aroclor 1260  
Lindane (gamma BHC) for gamma-, alpha, and delta-BHC  
Heptachlor for heptachlor epoxide

Exhibit B-3 from Final RAGS Part E

- <sup>a</sup> ABS<sub>GI</sub> values obtained from EPA (2004b), unless otherwise noted.  
<sup>b</sup> Source is the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry chemical-specific toxicity profiles (ATSDR 2005).  
<sup>c</sup> Source is the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency recommended default value(OEPA 2005).  
<sup>d</sup> Value based on similarity to chloroform.

Acronyms		Units
FA =	Fraction Absorbed Water	dimensionless
K <sub>p</sub> =	Dermal Permeability Coefficient of Compound in Water	cm/hr
C <sub>w</sub> =	Chemical Concentration in Water	mg/cm <sup>3</sup>
t <sub>event</sub> =	Lag Time per Event	hr/event
t <sub>event</sub> =	Event Duration	hr/event
B =	Dimensionless Ratio of the Permeability Coefficient of a	dimensionless
t* =	Time to Reach Steady State (2.4 x t <sub>event</sub> )	hr
ABS =	Dermal Absorption	dimensionless
ABS <sub>GI</sub> =	Gastrointestinal Absorption	dimensionless

**TABLE 13  
MEDIUM SPECIFIC EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATIONS  
HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEK  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemicals <sup>a</sup>	Otter Creek - 3 /Max Detected		Otter Creek - 4		Otter Creek - 5		Duck Creek - 1		Duck Creek - 2		Duck Creek - 3		Duck Creek - 4		Duck Creek - 5	
	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water	Sediment	Surface Water
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Chloroform	--	2.90E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	1.70E+02	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	3.24E+03	--	1.14E+04	--	2.48E+03	--	--	--	7.93E+02	--	1.05E+03	--	1.80E+03	--	4.00E+03	--
Bromodichloromethane	--	1.10E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.10E+03	--	2.00E+03	--	2.65E+03	--	--	--	3.10E+03	--	2.30E+03	--	1.69E+04	--	7.84E+02	--
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.00E+03	--	2.20E+03	--	1.36E+03	--	2.10E+03	--	4.60E+03	--	8.10E+03	--	1.02E+04	--	6.96E+02	--
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.78E+03	--	2.00E+03	--	2.35E+03	--	4.40E+04	--	4.90E+03	--	7.00E+03	--	9.60E+03	--	--	--
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.52E+03	--	1.60E+03	--	1.09E+03	--	1.70E+03	--	3.70E+03	--	5.50E+03	--	7.63E+03	--	--	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.60E+03	--	2.40E+03	--	1.39E+03	--	2.20E+03	--	5.50E+03	--	8.20E+03	--	1.19E+04	--	6.87E+02	--
Chrysene	3.89E+03	--	3.50E+03	--	2.87E+03	--	2.80E+04	--	5.10E+03	--	1.20E+04	--	1.33E+04	--	1.14E+03	--
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	7.00E+02	--	--	--	1.60E+03	--	--	--	7.15E+02	--	1.17E+03	--	2.46E+03	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	6.05E+03	--	3.19E+03	--	2.18E+03	--	5.90E+04	--	6.30E+03	--	1.10E+04	--	3.72E+04	--	1.22E+03	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.59E+03	--	1.40E+03	--	2.24E+03	--	1.70E+03	--	3.81E+03	--	5.60E+03	--	8.61E+03	--	--	--
Naphthalene	--	--	2.40E+03	--	3.05E+03	--	--	--	7.60E+01	--	2.09E+03	--	9.71E+02	--	8.13E+02	--
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	3.30E+01	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	5.92E+03	--	1.00E+04	--	3.49E+03	--	3.80E+03	--	8.00E+03	--	8.74E+03	--	3.43E+04	--	1.80E+03	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	1.00E-02	9.74E+00	--	7.00E+00	--	--	--	9.10E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	9.00E-03	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	2.00E-02	--	--	6.33E+00	--	--	--	--	--	4.11E+00	--	4.11E+00	--	3.19E+00	--
gamma-BHC	--	6.00E-03	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	1.58E+01	--	1.26E+01	--	3.60E+00	--	--	--	1.80E+00	--	--	--	9.30E+00	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	2.12E+01	6.00E-03	6.72E+01	--	5.50E+01	--	6.74E+01	--	1.20E+03	--	8.86E+02	--	4.46E+02	--	2.66E+01	--
4,4'-DDE	1.31E+01	1.30E-02	1.63E+01	--	2.00E+01	--	4.42E+01	--	2.34E+02	--	4.02E+02	--	3.76E+02	--	1.78E+01	--
4,4'-DDT	--	1.10E-02	1.36E+01	--	1.52E+01	--	--	--	5.44E+01	--	1.49E+02	--	4.49E+01	--	--	--
Dieldrin	--	9.00E-03	3.25E+00	--	8.73E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	9.00E-03	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	1.60E+02	--	1.76E+03	--	3.71E+02	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.80E+02	--	6.91E+01	--
Aroclor 1260	6.80E+01	--	1.12E+02	--	8.60E+01	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.14E+02	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	3.00E+04	3.88	2.28E+04	--	2.56E+04	--	2.49E+04	--	2.42E+04	--	4.04E+04	--	3.00E+04	--	8.78E+03	--
Antimony	--	1.20E-02	1.40E+00	--	1.40E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	3.32E+01	3.30E-02	1.78E+01	--	2.01E+01	--	3.68E+01	--	3.64E+01	--	2.37E+01	--	2.12E+01	--	4.76E+01	--
Barium	1.81E+02	2.93E+00	1.38E+02	--	1.42E+02	--	1.60E+02	--	1.15E+02	--	2.04E+02	--	1.52E+02	--	1.29E+02	--
Cadmium	1.15E+00	1.30E-02	9.48E-01	--	1.42E+00	--	9.08E-01	--	9.00E-01	--	1.20E+00	--	1.59E+00	--	2.09E+00	--
Cobalt	--	--	7.20E+00	--	7.60E+00	--	--	--	7.27E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	1.20E+02	5.50E-02	1.00E+02	--	1.21E+02	--	4.18E+01	--	2.75E+01	--	4.26E+01	--	6.32E+01	--	3.84E+01	--
Cyanide	--	1.80E-02	1.45E+00	--	1.40E-01	--	--	--	1.00E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	2.80E+04	2.18E+01	1.88E+04	--	2.99E+04	--	2.58E+04	--	1.97E+04	--	3.76E+04	--	4.15E+04	--	1.92E+04	--
Lead	1.63E+02	3.20E-01	8.87E+02	--	1.25E+02	--	8.20E+01	--	4.04E+01	--	6.14E+01	--	1.39E+02	--	9.86E+01	--
Manganese	4.17E+02	1.39E-01	4.16E+02	--	5.00E+02	--	5.04E+02	--	3.20E+02	--	5.59E+02	--	4.43E+02	--	--	--
Mercury	3.89E-01	2.17E-02	3.49E-01	--	2.89E-01	--	1.01E-01	--	9.80E-02	--	2.16E-01	--	1.78E-01	--	1.14E-01	--
Nickel	4.96E+01	5.50E-02	3.78E+01	--	3.77E+01	--	3.30E+01	--	2.71E+01	--	6.60E+01	--	5.48E+01	--	4.72E+01	--
Selenium	5.74E+00	7.00E-02	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	1.30E+00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	1.65E-02	2.66E+01	--	3.93E+01	--	--	--	3.35E+01	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	3.52E+02	1.98E-01	1.91E+02	--	2.82E+02	--	1.79E+02	--	1.62E+02	--	1.84E+02	--	3.19E+02	--	2.59E+02	--

**Notes**

a There are four different units of measurement used in this table. For organics and inorganics measured in sediment the concentrations are measured in ug/kg and mg/kg, respectively. For organics and inorganics measured in surface water the concentrations are measured in ug/L and mg/L, respectively.

-- not applicable

TABLE 14

**TOXICITY FACTORS  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Chronic Oral RfD (mg/kg-day)	Critical Effect	Source	Date Accessed	Oral SF (mg/kg-day) <sup>-1</sup>	Weight-of-Evidence	Source	Date Accessed
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>								
Chloroform	1.00E-02	Moderate/marked fatty cyst formation in the liver	IRIS	7/1/2005	3.10E-02	B2	CalEPA	7/1/2005
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6E-02	Hepatocellular vacuolization and increases in absolute and relative liver weights	PPRTV	7/1/2005	2.00E-01	C	IRIS	7/1/2005
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>								
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	2.00E-02	Increased relative liver weight	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.40E-02	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Bromodichloromethane	2.00E-02	Renal cytomegaly	IRIS	7/1/2005	6.20E-02	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.00E-01	NOEL <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E-01	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.00E-02	Nephropathy, increased liver weight <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E-01	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.00E-02	Nephropathy, increased liver weight <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E-02	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.00E-02	Kidney effects <sup>a</sup>	IRIS		--			
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.00E-02	Kidney effects <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E+00	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Chrysene	3.00E-01	NOEL <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E-03	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	3.00E-01	NOEL <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E+00	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Fluoranthene	4.00E-02	Nephropathy, increased liver weight	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.00E-02	Nephropathy, increased liver weight <sup>a</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	7.30E-01	B2	IRIS <sup>b</sup>	7/1/2005
Naphthalene	2.00E-02	Decreased mean terminal body weight	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.20E-02	C	CalEPA	7/1/2005
Phenolics (Phenol)	3.00E-01	Decreased maternal body weight	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Pyrene	3.00E-02	Kidney effects	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>								
Aldrin	3.00E-05	Liver toxicity	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.70E+01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
alpha-BHC	--				6.30E+00	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
delta-BHC	--				--			
gamma-BHC	3.00E-04	Liver and kidney toxicity	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.10E+00	B2	CalEPA	7/1/2005
gamma-Chlordane	5.00E-04	Hepatic necrosis <sup>c</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	3.50E-01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
4,4'-DDD	5.00E-04	Liver lesions <sup>d</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	2.40E-01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
4,4'-DDE	5.00E-04	Liver lesions <sup>d</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	3.40E-01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
4,4'-DDT	5.00E-04	Liver lesions	IRIS	7/1/2005	3.40E-01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Dieldrin	5.00E-05	Liver lesions	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.60E+01	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Heptachlor epoxide	1.30E-05	Increased liver-to-body weight ratio	IRIS	7/1/2005	9.10E+00	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Aroclor 1254	2.00E-05	prominent Meibomian glands,	IRIS	7/1/2005	2.00E+00	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Aroclor 1260	2.00E-05	Immune system	ATSDR	--	2.00E+00	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
<b>Metals</b>								
Aluminum	--				--			
Antimony	4.00E-04	Longevity, blood glucose, and cholesterol	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Arsenic	3.00E-04	Hyperpigmentation, keratosis, and possible vascular complications	IRIS	7/1/2005	1.50E+00	A	IRIS	7/1/2005
Barium	2.00E-01	Nephropathy	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Cadmium	5.00E-04	Significant proteinuria	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Cobalt	--				--			
Copper	--				--			
Cyanide	2.00E-02	NOAEL	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Iron	3.00E-01		NCEA		--			
Lead	--				--	B2	IRIS	7/1/2005
Manganese	1.40E-01	CNS effects	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Mercury	8.60E-05	CNS, PNS effects <sup>e</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Nickel	2.00E-02	Decreased organ and body weights	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Selenium	5.00E-03	Clinical selenosis	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Thallium	8.00E-05	NOAEL <sup>f</sup>	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			
Vanadium	--				--			
Zinc	3.00E-01	Decrease in erythrocyte superoxide dismutase (ESOD)	IRIS	7/1/2005	--			

## Notes:

-- Information not available

ATSDR Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. Values reported are minimal risk levels (MRL) and are available on-line at <http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls.html>CalEPA California Environmental Protection Agency. Values reported are from CalEPA's Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's *Toxicity Criteria Database* which is available on-line at <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/risk/chemicalDB/index.asp>

CNS Central nervous system

IRIS Integrated risk information system. Available on-line at <http://www.epa.gov/iriswebp/iris/index.html>

mg/kg-day Milligram per kilogram per day

NCEA National Center for Environmental Assessment. Value is as reported in U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's *Region 9 PRGs 2004 Table* -- available on-line at<http://www.epa.gov/region09/waste/sfund/prg/files/04prgtable.pdf>

NOAEL No observed adverse effect level

NOEL No observed effect level

PNS Peripheral nervous system

RfD Reference dose

SF Slope factor

<sup>a</sup> Surrogates were selected based primarily on structural similarities (see Section 4.2.3): anthracene for benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene; fluoranthene for benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene; and pyrene for benzo(g,h,i)perylene and benzo(a)pyrene.<sup>b</sup> Slope factor is based on the slope factor for benzo(a)pyrene and application of compound-specific toxicity equivalency factors: benzo(a)anthracene -- 0.1; benzo(b)fluoranthene -- 0.1; benzo(k)fluoranthene -- 0.01; chrysene -- 0.001; dibenzo(a,h)anthracene -- 1; and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene -- 0.1 (See Section 4.1.3).<sup>c</sup> Chlordane (technical) was used as a surrogate.<sup>d</sup> 4,4'-DDT was used as a surrogate.<sup>e</sup> Oral RfD was calculated based on this compound's reference concentration of 3E-04 milligram per cubic meter.<sup>f</sup> Thallium sulfate was used as a surrogate.

**TABLE 15**  
**COMPARISON OF MAXIMUM DETECTED SEDIMENT CONCENTRATIONS**  
**TO U.S. EPA REGION 9 RESIDENTIAL SOIL PRGS**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

COPC	Maximum Detected Concentration			EPA Region 9 Residential Soil PRG <sup>a</sup>
	OC-1	OC-2	DC-1	
4,4'-DDD	--	--	6.74E+01	2.40E+03
4,4'-DDE	3.49E+00	3.49E+00	4.42E+01	1.70E+03
4,4'-DDT	2.52E+00	2.52E+00	--	1.70E+03
Aluminum	2.55E+04	1.29E+04	2.49E+04	7.60E+04
Aroclor 1254	7.61E+01	7.61E+01	--	2.20E+02
Aroclor 1260	3.91E+01	3.91E+01	--	2.20E+02
Arsenic	3.02E+01	3.02E+01	3.68E+01	3.90E-01
Barium	1.55E+02	1.25E+02	1.60E+02	5.40E+03
Benzo[a]anthracene	1.60E+03	1.60E+03	--	6.20E+02
Benzo[a]pyrene	1.90E+03	1.50E+03	2.20E+03	6.20E+01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	2.10E+03	6.20E+02
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	4.60E+03	4.00E+03	4.40E+04	6.20E+03
Beryllium	1.13E+00	5.91E-01	1.63E+00	1.50E+02
Cadmium	1.82E+00	1.82E+00	9.08E-01	3.70E+01
Chrysene	2.60E+03	2.60E+03	2.80E+04	6.20E+04
Cobalt	1.12E+01	--	--	9.00E+02
Copper	5.38E+01	5.38E+01	4.18E+01	3.10E+03
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	6.00E+02	--	--	6.20E+01
Fluoranthene	5.40E+03	5.40E+03	5.90E+04	2.30E+06
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	2.10E+03	2.00E+03	1.70E+03	6.20E+02
Iron	3.67E+04	2.96E+04	2.58E+04	2.30E+04
Lead	9.70E+01	9.70E+01	8.20E+01	2.45E+02
Manganese	4.31E+02	--	5.04E+02	1.80E+03
Mercury	1.36E-01	1.36E-01	1.01E-01	2.30E+01
Nickel	5.54E+01	5.54E+01	3.30E+01	1.60E+03
Pyrene	4.10E+03	4.10E+03	3.80E+03	2.30E+03
Vanadium	3.25E+01	--	--	7.80E+01
Zinc	3.11E+02	3.11E+02	1.79E+02	2.30E+04
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	3.30E+03	3.30E+03	--	4.10E+05

Notes:

The concentrations for all organics are in microgram per kilogram (ug/kg) and the concentrations of all inorganics are in units of milligram per kilogram (mg/kg).

-- = Not detected or not available.

COPC = Chemical of potential concern

DC = Duck Creek

OC = Otter Creek

PRG = Preliminary remediation goal

<sup>a</sup> U.S. EPA Region 9 residential soil PRGs are available on-line at <http://www.epa.gov/region09/waste/sfund/prg/files/04prgtable.pdf>

**TABLE 16  
RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 3 (OC-3)  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Adult Receptor																
	Surface Water (Maximum Exposure)								Sediment (Otter Creek - 3)								
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact				
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																	
Chloroform	2.27E-08		2.27E-06	9.73E-09	3.02E-10	1.46E-07	1.46E-05	6.25E-08	1.94E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.89E-07	1.45E-05	1.24E-07	1.73E-09	5.51E-07	1.10E-04	2.36E-07	1.32E-08
Bromodichloromethane	8.61E-09	4.31E-07	3.69E-09	2.29E-10	4.97E-08	2.48E-06	2.13E-08	1.32E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.87E-07	6.24E-07	8.02E-08	5.86E-08	4.64E-07	1.74E-06	1.99E-07	1.63E-07	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.67E-07	6.69E-06	1.15E-07	8.37E-08	6.63E-07	1.86E-05	2.84E-07	2.33E-07	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.37E-07	8.43E-06	1.45E-07	1.06E-08	8.36E-07	2.35E-05	3.58E-07	2.94E-08	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.25E-07	7.50E-06	9.64E-08	--	5.58E-07	2.09E-05	2.39E-07	--	
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.32E-07	7.73E-06	9.93E-08	7.25E-07	5.75E-07	2.15E-05	2.46E-07	2.02E-06	
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.47E-07	1.16E-06	1.49E-07	1.09E-09	6.61E-07	2.48E-06	2.83E-07	2.33E-09	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.24E-08	2.08E-07	2.67E-08	1.95E-07	1.55E-07	5.79E-07	6.63E-08	5.44E-07	
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.40E-07	1.35E-05	2.31E-07	--	1.03E-06	2.89E-05	4.41E-07	--	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.30E-07	5.76E-06	9.88E-08	7.21E-08	4.39E-07	1.23E-05	1.88E-07	1.54E-07	
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Phenolics (Phenol)	2.58E-07	8.61E-07	1.11E-07	--	9.24E-07	3.24E-06	3.96E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.27E-07	1.76E-05	2.26E-07	--	1.01E-06	3.77E-05	4.31E-07	--	
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																	
Aldrin	7.83E-11	2.61E-06	3.35E-11	5.70E-10	5.05E-10	1.68E-05	2.16E-10	4.60E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
alpha-BHC	7.05E-11	--	3.02E-11	1.90E-10	1.99E-09	--	8.54E-10	6.73E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
delta-BHC	1.57E-10	--	6.71E-11	--	4.43E-09	--	1.90E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
gamma-BHC	4.70E-11	1.57E-07	2.01E-11	2.21E-11	1.33E-09	4.43E-06	5.69E-10	7.83E-10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.41E-09	2.82E-06	6.04E-10	2.11E-10	1.07E-09	2.69E-06	4.60E-10	2.01E-10	
4,4'-DDD	4.70E-11	9.39E-08	2.01E-11	4.83E-12	2.33E-08	4.66E-05	9.99E-09	3.00E-09	1.89E-09	3.78E-06	8.10E-10	1.94E-10	1.08E-09	2.70E-06	4.63E-10	1.39E-10	
4,4'-DDE	1.02E-10	2.04E-07	4.36E-11	1.48E-11	4.43E-08	8.86E-05	1.90E-08	8.07E-09	1.17E-09	2.34E-06	5.01E-10	1.70E-10	6.68E-10	1.67E-06	2.86E-10	1.22E-10	
4,4'-DDT	8.61E-11	1.72E-07	3.69E-11	1.25E-11	7.03E-08	1.41E-04	3.01E-08	1.28E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Dieldrin	7.05E-11	1.41E-06	3.02E-11	4.83E-10	3.46E-09	6.91E-05	1.48E-09	2.96E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Heptachlor epoxide	7.05E-11	5.42E-06	3.02E-11	2.75E-10	2.36E-09	1.82E-04	1.01E-09	1.15E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.43E-08	7.13E-04	6.11E-09	1.22E-08	3.81E-08	2.38E-03	1.63E-08	4.08E-08	
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.06E-09	3.03E-04	2.60E-09	5.20E-09	1.62E-08	1.01E-03	6.94E-09	1.73E-08	
<b>Metals</b>																	
Aluminum	3.04E-05	--	1.30E-05	--	--	--	--	--	2.67E-06	--	1.15E-06	--	--	--	--	--	
Antimony	9.39E-08	2.35E-04	4.03E-08	--	4.54E-08	1.14E-04	1.95E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Arsenic	2.58E-07	8.61E-04	1.11E-07	1.66E-07	1.25E-07	4.16E-04	5.35E-08	8.45E-08	2.96E-09	9.86E-06	1.27E-09	1.90E-09	1.69E-09	5.94E-06	7.25E-10	1.15E-09	
Barium	2.29E-05	1.15E-04	9.83E-06	--	1.11E-05	5.55E-05	4.75E-06	--	1.61E-08	8.05E-08	6.90E-09	--	--	--	--	--	
Cadmium	1.02E-07	2.04E-04	4.36E-08	--	4.92E-08	9.84E-05	2.11E-08	--	1.02E-10	2.05E-07	4.39E-11	--	1.95E-12	1.56E-07	8.36E-13	--	
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Copper	4.31E-07	--	1.85E-07	--	2.08E-07	--	8.92E-08	--	1.07E-08	--	4.59E-09	--	--	--	--	--	
Cyanide	1.41E-07	7.05E-06	6.04E-08	--	6.81E-08	3.41E-06	2.92E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Iron	1.71E-04	5.69E-04	7.31E-05	--	8.25E-05	2.75E-04	3.54E-05	--	2.49E-06	8.31E-06	1.07E-06	--	--	--	--	--	
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.45E-08	--	6.22E-09	--	--	--	--	--	
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.72E-08	2.66E-07	1.59E-08	--	--	--	--	--	
Mercury	1.70E-07	1.98E-03	7.28E-08	--	8.22E-08	9.55E-04	3.52E-08	--	3.47E-11	4.03E-07	1.49E-11	--	--	--	--	--	
Nickel	4.31E-07	2.15E-05	1.85E-07	--	4.16E-08	2.08E-06	1.78E-08	--	4.42E-09	2.21E-07	1.90E-09	--	--	--	--	--	
Selenium	5.48E-07	1.10E-04	2.35E-07	--	2.65E-07	5.30E-05	1.14E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Vanadium	1.29E-07	--	5.54E-08	--	6.25E-08	--	2.68E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.14E-08	1.05E-07	1.34E-08	--	--	--	--	--	
<b>Total</b>		4.11E-03		2.E-07		2.54E-03		2.E-07		1.13E-03		1.E-06		3.68E-03		3.E-06	

**TABLE 16**  
**RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:**  
**EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 3 (OC-3)**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Youth Receptor															
	Surface Water (Maximum Exposure)								Sediment (Otter Creek - 3)							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Chloroform	6.76E-09	6.76E-07	2.90E-09	8.98E-11	1.85E-07	1.85E-05	7.92E-08	2.46E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.99E-07	1.50E-05	1.28E-07	1.80E-09	5.80E-07	1.16E-04	1.92E-07	1.08E-08
Bromodichloromethane	2.56E-09	1.28E-07	1.10E-09	6.82E-11	5.80E-08	2.90E-06	2.49E-08	1.54E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.94E-07	6.46E-07	8.31E-08	6.07E-08	4.88E-07	1.83E-06	1.62E-07	1.33E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.77E-07	6.93E-06	1.19E-07	8.67E-08	6.97E-07	1.96E-05	2.31E-07	1.90E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.49E-07	8.74E-06	1.50E-07	1.09E-08	8.79E-07	2.47E-05	2.92E-07	2.39E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.33E-07	7.77E-06	9.99E-08	--	5.86E-07	2.20E-05	1.95E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.40E-07	8.00E-06	1.03E-07	7.51E-07	6.04E-07	2.26E-05	2.01E-07	1.64E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.59E-07	1.20E-06	1.54E-07	1.12E-09	6.95E-07	2.60E-06	2.31E-07	1.89E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.46E-08	2.15E-07	2.77E-08	2.02E-07	1.63E-07	6.09E-07	5.40E-08	4.43E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.59E-07	1.40E-05	2.40E-07	--	1.08E-06	3.04E-05	3.59E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.39E-07	5.97E-06	1.02E-07	7.47E-08	4.62E-07	1.30E-05	1.53E-07	1.26E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Phenolics (Phenol)	7.69E-08	2.56E-07	3.30E-08	--	1.21E-06	4.23E-06	5.17E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.46E-07	1.82E-05	2.34E-07	--	1.06E-06	3.96E-05	3.51E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	2.33E-11	7.77E-07	9.99E-12	1.70E-10	5.90E-10	2.46E-05	2.53E-10	5.37E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	2.10E-11	--	8.99E-12	5.67E-11	2.33E-09	--	9.97E-10	7.85E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	4.66E-11	--	2.00E-11	--	5.17E-09	--	2.22E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	1.40E-11	4.66E-08	6.00E-12	6.60E-12	1.55E-09	6.46E-06	6.65E-10	9.14E-10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.46E-09	2.92E-06	6.25E-10	2.19E-10	1.13E-09	2.82E-06	3.75E-10	1.64E-10
4,4'-DDD	1.40E-11	2.80E-08	6.00E-12	1.44E-12	2.72E-08	6.80E-05	1.17E-08	3.50E-09	1.96E-09	3.91E-06	8.39E-10	2.01E-10	1.14E-09	2.84E-06	3.77E-10	1.13E-10
4,4'-DDE	3.03E-11	6.06E-08	1.30E-11	4.42E-12	5.17E-08	1.29E-04	2.22E-08	9.43E-09	1.21E-09	2.42E-06	5.18E-10	1.76E-10	7.02E-10	1.76E-06	2.33E-10	9.91E-11
4,4'-DDT	2.56E-11	5.13E-08	1.10E-11	3.74E-12	8.21E-08	2.05E-04	3.52E-08	1.50E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dieldrin	2.10E-11	4.20E-07	8.99E-12	1.44E-10	4.04E-09	1.01E-04	1.73E-09	3.46E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	2.10E-11	1.61E-06	8.99E-12	8.18E-11	2.76E-09	2.65E-04	1.18E-09	1.34E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.48E-08	7.39E-04	6.33E-09	1.27E-08	4.00E-08	2.50E-03	1.33E-08	3.32E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.28E-09	3.14E-04	2.69E-09	5.38E-09	1.70E-08	1.06E-03	5.65E-09	1.41E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	9.05E-06	--	3.88E-06	--	--	--	--	--	2.77E-06	--	1.19E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	2.80E-08	7.00E-05	1.20E-08	--	7.50E-08	1.25E-03	3.21E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	7.69E-08	2.56E-04	3.30E-08	4.95E-08	2.06E-07	7.24E-04	8.84E-08	1.40E-07	3.06E-09	1.02E-05	1.31E-09	1.97E-09	1.78E-09	6.24E-06	5.91E-10	9.33E-10
Barium	6.83E-06	3.42E-05	2.93E-06	--	1.83E-05	1.31E-03	7.85E-06	--	1.67E-08	8.34E-08	7.15E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	3.03E-08	6.06E-05	1.30E-08	--	8.13E-08	6.50E-03	3.48E-08	--	1.06E-10	2.12E-07	4.54E-11	--	2.05E-12	1.64E-07	6.81E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	1.28E-07	--	5.50E-08	--	3.44E-07	--	1.47E-07	--	1.11E-08	--	4.76E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	4.20E-08	2.10E-06	1.80E-08	--	1.13E-07	5.63E-06	4.82E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	5.08E-05	1.69E-04	2.18E-05	--	1.36E-04	4.54E-02	5.84E-05	--	2.58E-06	8.61E-06	1.11E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.50E-08	--	6.44E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.85E-08	2.75E-07	1.65E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	5.06E-08	5.88E-04	2.17E-08	--	1.36E-07	2.25E-02	5.81E-08	--	3.59E-11	4.18E-07	1.54E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	1.28E-07	6.41E-06	5.50E-08	--	6.88E-08	8.59E-05	2.95E-08	--	4.58E-09	2.29E-07	1.96E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	1.63E-07	3.26E-05	7.00E-08	--	4.38E-07	1.75E-04	1.88E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	3.85E-08	--	1.65E-08	--	1.03E-07	--	4.42E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.25E-08	1.08E-07	1.39E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		1.22E-03		5.E-08		7.88E-02		2.E-07		1.17E-03		1.E-06		3.87E-03		3.E-06

**TABLE 16**  
**RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:**  
**EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 3 (OC-3)**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Chemical	Child Receptor															
	Surface Water (Maximum Exposure)						Sediment (Otter Creek - 3)									
	Ingestion			Dermal Contact			Ingestion			Dermal Contact						
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Chloroform	5.30E-09	5.30E-07	2.27E-09	7.04E-11	2.10E-07	2.10E-05	9.01E-08	2.79E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.69E-07	2.35E-05	2.01E-07	2.81E-09	3.45E-07	6.90E-05	1.48E-07	8.28E-09
Bromodichloromethane	2.01E-09	1.00E-07	8.61E-10	5.34E-11	6.60E-08	3.30E-06	2.83E-08	1.75E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.04E-07	1.01E-06	1.30E-07	9.50E-08	2.90E-07	1.09E-06	1.24E-07	1.02E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.34E-07	1.08E-05	1.86E-07	1.36E-07	4.15E-07	1.17E-05	1.78E-07	1.46E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.47E-07	1.37E-05	2.35E-07	1.71E-08	5.23E-07	1.47E-05	2.24E-07	1.84E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.65E-07	1.22E-05	1.56E-07	--	3.49E-07	1.31E-05	1.50E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.76E-07	1.25E-05	1.61E-07	1.18E-06	3.60E-07	1.35E-05	1.54E-07	1.26E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.63E-07	1.88E-06	2.41E-07	1.76E-09	4.14E-07	1.55E-06	1.77E-07	1.46E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-07	3.38E-07	4.34E-08	3.17E-07	9.68E-08	3.63E-07	4.15E-08	3.40E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.76E-07	2.19E-05	3.75E-07	--	6.44E-07	1.81E-05	2.76E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.74E-07	9.35E-06	1.60E-07	1.17E-07	2.75E-07	7.73E-06	1.18E-07	9.67E-08
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Phenolics (Phenol)	6.03E-08	2.01E-07	2.58E-08	--	1.37E-06	4.81E-06	5.88E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.56E-07	2.85E-05	3.67E-07	--	6.29E-07	2.36E-05	2.70E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	1.83E-11	6.09E-07	7.83E-12	1.33E-10	6.71E-10	2.80E-05	2.87E-10	6.11E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	1.64E-11	--	7.05E-12	4.44E-11	2.65E-09	--	1.13E-09	8.93E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	3.65E-11	--	1.57E-11	--	5.88E-09	--	2.52E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	1.10E-11	3.65E-08	4.70E-12	5.17E-12	1.76E-09	7.35E-06	7.56E-10	1.04E-09	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.29E-09	4.57E-06	9.80E-10	3.43E-10	6.72E-10	1.68E-06	2.88E-10	1.26E-10
4,4'-DDD	1.10E-11	2.19E-08	4.70E-12	1.13E-12	3.10E-08	7.74E-05	1.33E-08	3.98E-09	3.07E-09	6.13E-06	1.31E-09	3.15E-10	6.77E-10	1.69E-06	2.90E-10	8.70E-11
4,4'-DDE	2.37E-11	4.75E-08	1.02E-11	3.46E-12	5.89E-08	1.47E-04	2.52E-08	1.07E-08	1.90E-09	3.79E-06	8.12E-10	2.76E-10	4.18E-10	1.05E-06	1.79E-10	7.62E-11
4,4'-DDT	2.01E-11	4.02E-08	8.61E-12	2.93E-12	9.34E-08	2.33E-04	4.00E-08	1.70E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dieldrin	1.64E-11	3.29E-07	7.05E-12	1.13E-10	4.59E-09	1.15E-04	1.97E-09	3.93E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	1.64E-11	1.26E-06	7.05E-12	6.41E-11	3.13E-09	3.01E-04	1.34E-09	1.53E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.31E-08	1.16E-03	9.92E-09	1.98E-08	2.38E-08	1.49E-03	1.02E-08	2.55E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.84E-09	4.92E-04	4.22E-09	8.43E-09	1.01E-08	6.33E-04	4.34E-09	1.09E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	7.09E-06	--	3.04E-06	--	--	--	--	--	4.34E-06	--	1.86E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	2.19E-08	5.48E-05	9.39E-09	--	8.53E-08	1.42E-03	3.66E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	6.03E-08	2.01E-04	2.58E-08	3.87E-08	2.35E-07	8.23E-04	1.01E-07	1.59E-07	4.80E-09	1.60E-05	2.06E-09	3.09E-09	1.06E-09	3.72E-06	4.54E-10	7.17E-10
Barium	5.35E-06	2.68E-05	2.29E-06	--	2.08E-05	1.49E-03	8.93E-06	--	2.61E-08	1.31E-07	1.12E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	2.37E-08	4.75E-05	1.02E-08	--	9.24E-08	7.39E-03	3.96E-08	--	1.66E-10	3.32E-07	7.12E-11	--	1.22E-12	9.77E-08	5.23E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	1.00E-07	--	4.31E-08	--	3.91E-07	--	1.68E-07	--	1.74E-08	--	7.45E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	3.29E-08	1.64E-06	1.41E-08	--	1.28E-07	6.40E-06	5.48E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	3.98E-05	1.33E-04	1.71E-05	--	1.55E-04	5.17E-02	6.64E-05	--	4.05E-06	1.35E-05	1.73E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.36E-08	--	1.01E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.03E-08	4.31E-07	2.59E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	3.96E-08	4.61E-04	1.70E-08	--	1.54E-07	2.56E-02	6.61E-08	--	5.63E-11	6.54E-07	2.41E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	1.00E-07	5.02E-06	4.31E-08	--	7.82E-08	9.78E-05	3.35E-08	--	7.18E-09	3.59E-07	3.08E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	1.28E-07	2.56E-05	5.48E-08	--	4.98E-07	1.99E-04	2.13E-07	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	3.01E-08	--	1.29E-08	--	1.17E-07	--	5.03E-08	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.09E-08	1.70E-07	2.18E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		9.59E-04		4.E-08		8.97E-02		3.E-07		1.83E-03		2.E-06		2.30E-03		2.E-06

<b>Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)</b>				
	<b>Surface Water</b>		<b>Sediment</b>	
	<b>Ingestion</b>	<b>Dermal Contact</b>	<b>Ingestion</b>	<b>Dermal Contact</b>
<b>Total Risk</b>	2.E-07	4.E-07	3.E-06	5.E-06



TABLE 17  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 4 (OC-4)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS

Chemical	Adult Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-06	5.06E-05	4.34E-07	6.07E-09	1.93E-06	3.86E-04	8.27E-07	4.63E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.78E-07	5.94E-07	7.64E-08	5.58E-08	4.42E-07	1.66E-06	1.89E-07	1.55E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.96E-07	4.90E-06	8.41E-08	6.14E-08	4.86E-07	1.37E-05	2.08E-07	2E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.78E-07	4.46E-06	7.64E-08	5.58E-09	4.42E-07	1.24E-05	1.89E-07	1.55E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.43E-07	4.76E-06	6.11E-08	--	3.54E-07	1.32E-05	1.52E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.14E-07	7.13E-06	9.17E-08	6.69E-07	5.30E-07	1.99E-05	2.27E-07	1.86E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.12E-07	1.04E-06	1.34E-07	9.76E-10	5.95E-07	2.23E-06	2.55E-07	2.09E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.85E-07	7.12E-06	1.22E-07	--	5.43E-07	1.52E-05	2.33E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.25E-07	3.12E-06	5.35E-08	3.91E-08	2.38E-07	6.68E-06	1.02E-07	8.37E-08
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.14E-07	1.07E-05	9.17E-08	1.10E-09	4.08E-07	2.29E-05	1.75E-07	2.36E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.93E-07	2.98E-05	3.83E-07	--	1.70E-06	6.37E-05	7.29E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.69E-10	2.90E-05	3.72E-10	6.33E-09	6.63E-10	2.76E-05	2.84E-10	6.03E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.13E-09	2.25E-06	4.82E-10	1.69E-10	8.58E-10	2.15E-06	3.68E-10	1.61E-10
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.99E-09	1.20E-05	2.57E-09	6.16E-10	3.43E-09	8.57E-06	1.47E-09	4.41E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.46E-09	2.91E-06	6.24E-10	2.12E-10	8.33E-10	2.08E-06	3.57E-10	1.52E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.22E-09	2.43E-06	5.22E-10	1.77E-10	6.96E-10	1.74E-06	2.98E-10	1.27E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.90E-10	5.80E-06	1.24E-10	1.99E-09	2.21E-10	5.52E-06	9.47E-11	1.89E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.57E-07	7.85E-03	6.73E-08	1.35E-07	4.19E-07	2.62E-02	1.80E-07	4.49E-07
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.00E-08	5.00E-04	4.29E-09	8.57E-09	2.67E-08	1.67E-03	1.14E-08	2.86E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.03E-06	--	8.71E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.25E-10	3.12E-07	5.35E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.58E-09	5.28E-06	6.79E-10	1.02E-09	9.06E-10	3.18E-06	3.88E-10	6.13E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.23E-08	6.15E-08	5.27E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.45E-11	1.69E-07	3.62E-11	--	1.61E-12	1.29E-07	6.91E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.42E-10	--	2.75E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.95E-09	--	3.83E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-10	6.46E-09	5.54E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.67E-06	5.58E-06	7.17E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.90E-08	--	3.39E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.71E-08	2.65E-07	1.59E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.11E-11	3.61E-07	1.33E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.37E-09	1.68E-07	1.44E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.16E-10	1.45E-06	4.97E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.37E-09	--	1.02E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.70E-08	5.68E-08	7.30E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		8.54E-03		1.E-06		2.85E-02		3.E-06

TABLE 17  
RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 4 (OC-4)  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS

Chemical	Youth Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.05E-06	5.24E-05	4.49E-07	6.29E-09	2.03E-06	4.06E-04	6.74E-07	3.77E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.85E-07	6.16E-07	7.91E-08	5.78E-08	4.65E-07	1.74E-06	1.54E-07	1.27E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.03E-07	5.08E-06	8.71E-08	6.36E-08	5.11E-07	1.44E-05	1.70E-07	1.39E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.85E-07	4.62E-06	7.91E-08	5.78E-09	4.65E-07	1.31E-05	1.54E-07	1.27E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.48E-07	4.92E-06	6.33E-08	--	3.72E-07	1.39E-05	1.23E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.22E-07	7.39E-06	9.50E-08	6.93E-07	5.58E-07	2.09E-05	1.85E-07	1.52E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.23E-07	1.08E-06	1.39E-07	1.01E-09	6.25E-07	2.34E-06	2.08E-07	1.70E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.95E-07	7.37E-06	1.26E-07	--	5.71E-07	1.60E-05	1.89E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-07	3.23E-06	5.54E-08	4.04E-08	2.50E-07	7.03E-06	8.31E-08	6.81E-08
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.22E-07	1.11E-05	9.50E-08	1.14E-09	4.29E-07	2.41E-05	1.42E-07	1.92E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.24E-07	3.08E-05	3.96E-07	--	1.79E-06	6.70E-05	5.94E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.00E-10	3.00E-05	3.86E-10	6.56E-09	6.97E-10	2.90E-05	2.31E-10	4.91E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.17E-09	2.33E-06	4.99E-10	1.75E-10	9.02E-10	2.26E-06	2.99E-10	1.31E-10
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.20E-09	1.24E-05	2.66E-09	6.38E-10	3.60E-09	9.01E-06	1.20E-09	3.59E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.51E-09	3.02E-06	6.46E-10	2.20E-10	8.75E-10	2.19E-06	2.91E-10	1.23E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.26E-09	2.52E-06	5.40E-10	1.84E-10	7.32E-10	1.83E-06	2.43E-10	1.03E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.00E-10	6.00E-06	1.29E-10	2.06E-09	2.32E-10	5.81E-06	7.71E-11	1.54E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.63E-07	8.13E-03	6.96E-08	1.39E-07	4.40E-07	2.75E-02	1.46E-07	3.65E-07
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.04E-08	5.18E-04	4.44E-09	8.88E-09	2.81E-08	1.75E-03	9.31E-09	2.33E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.11E-06	--	9.02E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-10	3.23E-07	5.54E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-09	5.47E-06	7.03E-10	1.05E-09	9.53E-10	3.34E-06	3.16E-10	4.99E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.27E-08	6.37E-08	5.46E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.76E-11	1.75E-07	3.75E-11	--	1.69E-12	1.36E-07	5.62E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.65E-10	--	2.85E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.27E-09	--	3.97E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.34E-10	6.69E-09	5.74E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.73E-06	5.77E-06	7.42E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.19E-08	--	3.51E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.84E-08	2.75E-07	1.65E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.22E-11	3.74E-07	1.38E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.49E-09	1.74E-07	1.50E-09	--	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.20E-10	1.50E-06	5.14E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.46E-09	--	1.05E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.76E-08	5.88E-08	7.56E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		8.84E-03		1.E-06		2.99E-02		2.E-06

TABLE 17  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 4 (OC-4)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS

Chemical	Child Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-06	8.21E-05	7.04E-07	9.85E-09	1.21E-06	2.42E-04	5.18E-07	2.90E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.89E-07	9.64E-07	1.24E-07	9.05E-08	2.77E-07	1.04E-06	1.19E-07	9.72E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.18E-07	7.96E-06	1.36E-07	9.96E-08	3.04E-07	8.55E-06	1.30E-07	1.07E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.89E-07	7.23E-06	1.24E-07	9.05E-09	2.77E-07	7.77E-06	1.19E-07	9.72E-09
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.31E-07	7.72E-06	9.92E-08	--	2.21E-07	8.29E-06	9.48E-08	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.47E-07	1.16E-05	1.49E-07	1.09E-06	3.32E-07	1.24E-05	1.42E-07	1.17E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.06E-07	1.69E-06	2.17E-07	1.58E-09	3.72E-07	1.39E-06	1.60E-07	1.31E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.62E-07	1.15E-05	1.98E-07	--	3.40E-07	9.54E-06	1.46E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.03E-07	5.06E-06	8.68E-08	6.34E-08	1.49E-07	4.18E-06	6.38E-08	5.24E-08
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.47E-07	1.74E-05	1.49E-07	1.79E-09	2.55E-07	1.43E-05	1.09E-07	1.48E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.45E-06	4.83E-05	6.21E-07	--	1.07E-06	3.99E-05	4.56E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.41E-09	4.70E-05	6.04E-10	1.03E-08	4.15E-10	1.73E-05	1.78E-10	3.78E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.83E-09	3.65E-06	7.82E-10	2.74E-10	5.37E-10	1.34E-06	2.30E-10	1.01E-10
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.72E-09	1.94E-05	4.17E-09	1.00E-09	2.14E-09	5.36E-06	9.19E-10	2.76E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.36E-09	4.72E-06	1.01E-09	3.44E-10	5.21E-10	1.30E-06	2.23E-10	9.49E-11
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.97E-09	3.95E-06	8.46E-10	2.88E-10	4.36E-10	1.09E-06	1.87E-10	7.93E-11
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.70E-10	9.40E-06	2.01E-10	3.22E-09	1.38E-10	3.46E-06	5.93E-11	1.19E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.55E-07	1.27E-02	1.09E-07	2.18E-07	2.62E-07	1.64E-02	1.12E-07	2.81E-07
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.62E-08	8.11E-04	6.95E-09	1.39E-08	1.67E-08	1.04E-03	7.16E-09	1.79E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.30E-06	--	1.41E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.03E-10	5.06E-07	8.68E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.57E-09	8.57E-06	1.10E-09	1.65E-09	5.67E-10	1.99E-06	2.43E-10	3.84E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.99E-08	9.97E-08	8.55E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.37E-10	2.74E-07	5.88E-11	--	1.01E-12	8.07E-08	4.32E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.04E-09	--	4.46E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.45E-08	--	6.22E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.10E-10	1.05E-08	8.99E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.71E-06	9.05E-06	1.16E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.28E-07	--	5.50E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.02E-08	4.30E-07	2.58E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.04E-11	5.86E-07	2.16E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.47E-09	2.73E-07	2.34E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.88E-10	2.35E-06	8.06E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.85E-09	--	1.65E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.76E-08	9.22E-08	1.18E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		1.39E-02		2.E-06		1.78E-02		2.E-06

Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)				
Total Risk	Surface Water		Sediment	
	Ingestion	Dermal Contact	Ingestion	Dermal Contact
	0.E+00	0.E+00	3.E-06	5.E-06

TABLE 18  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 5 (OC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Adult Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.52E-08	2.53E-07	6.50E-09	1.30E-09	2.89E-08	4.82E-07	1.24E-08	2.48E-09
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.22E-07	1.11E-05	9.49E-08	1.33E-09	4.22E-07	8.45E-05	1.81E-07	1.E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.36E-07	7.87E-07	1.01E-07	7.39E-08	5.85E-07	2.19E-06	2.51E-07	2.06E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.22E-07	3.04E-06	5.21E-08	3.80E-08	3.01E-07	8.47E-06	1.29E-07	1.06E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.09E-07	5.24E-06	8.98E-08	6.55E-09	5.19E-07	1.46E-05	2.23E-07	1.83E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.76E-08	3.25E-06	4.18E-08	--	2.42E-07	9.06E-06	1.04E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.24E-07	4.14E-06	5.32E-08	3.88E-07	3.08E-07	1.15E-05	1.32E-07	1.08E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.56E-07	8.52E-07	1.10E-07	8.00E-10	4.87E-07	1.83E-06	2.09E-07	1.71E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.43E-07	4.76E-07	6.11E-08	4.46E-07	3.54E-07	1.32E-06	1.52E-07	1.24E-06
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.95E-07	4.87E-06	8.34E-08	--	3.71E-07	1.04E-05	1.59E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.00E-07	4.99E-06	8.56E-08	6.25E-08	3.81E-07	1.07E-05	1.63E-07	1.34E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.72E-07	1.36E-05	1.17E-07	1.40E-09	5.18E-07	2.91E-05	2.22E-07	3.00E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.11E-07	1.04E-05	1.33E-07	--	5.93E-07	2.22E-05	2.54E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.24E-10	2.08E-05	2.67E-10	4.55E-09	4.76E-10	1.98E-05	2.04E-10	4.33E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.64E-10	--	2.42E-10	--	4.30E-10	--	1.84E-10	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.21E-10	6.42E-07	1.38E-10	4.81E-11	2.45E-10	6.12E-07	1.05E-10	4.59E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.90E-09	9.81E-06	2.10E-09	5.04E-10	2.80E-09	7.01E-06	1.20E-09	3.61E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.78E-09	3.57E-06	7.64E-10	2.60E-10	1.02E-09	2.55E-06	4.37E-10	1.86E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.35E-09	2.71E-06	5.80E-10	1.97E-10	7.74E-10	1.93E-06	3.32E-10	1.41E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.78E-10	1.56E-05	3.34E-10	5.34E-09	5.94E-10	1.48E-05	2.54E-10	5.09E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.31E-08	1.65E-03	1.42E-08	2.83E-08	8.82E-08	5.51E-03	3.78E-08	9.45E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.66E-09	3.83E-04	3.28E-09	6.57E-09	2.05E-08	1.28E-03	8.77E-09	2.19E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.28E-06	--	9.78E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.25E-10	3.12E-07	5.35E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.79E-09	5.96E-06	7.66E-10	1.15E-09	1.02E-09	3.59E-06	4.38E-10	6.92E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.27E-08	6.33E-08	5.42E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.26E-10	2.53E-07	5.42E-11	--	2.41E-12	1.93E-07	1.03E-12	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.78E-10	--	2.90E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.08E-08	--	4.64E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.25E-11	6.24E-10	5.35E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.67E-06	8.89E-06	1.14E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.12E-08	--	4.79E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.46E-08	3.18E-07	1.91E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.58E-11	3.00E-07	1.10E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.36E-09	1.68E-07	1.44E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.50E-09	--	1.50E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.52E-08	8.39E-08	1.08E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		2.17E-03		1.E-06		7.05E-03		3.E-06

TABLE 18  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 5 (OC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Youth Receptor								Sediment							
	Surface Water				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.57E-08	2.62E-07	6.73E-09	1.35E-09	3.04E-08	5.06E-07	1.01E-08	2.02E-09
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.29E-07	1.15E-05	9.83E-08	1.38E-09	4.44E-07	8.88E-05	1.47E-07	8.25E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.44E-07	8.15E-07	1.05E-07	7.65E-08	6.15E-07	2.30E-06	2.04E-07	1.67E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.26E-07	3.15E-06	5.40E-08	3.94E-08	3.17E-07	8.90E-06	1.05E-07	8.63E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.17E-07	5.42E-06	9.30E-08	6.79E-09	5.46E-07	1.53E-05	1.81E-07	1.49E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-07	3.37E-06	4.33E-08	--	2.54E-07	9.52E-06	8.44E-08	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-07	4.29E-06	5.51E-08	4.02E-07	3.24E-07	1.21E-05	1.07E-07	8.81E-07
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.65E-07	8.83E-07	1.13E-07	8.28E-08	5.12E-07	1.92E-06	1.70E-07	1.40E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.48E-07	4.92E-07	6.33E-08	4.62E-07	3.72E-07	1.39E-06	1.23E-07	1.01E-06
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.02E-07	5.04E-06	8.64E-08	--	3.90E-07	1.10E-05	1.30E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.07E-07	5.17E-06	8.86E-08	6.47E-08	4.00E-07	1.12E-05	1.33E-07	1.09E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.82E-07	1.41E-05	1.21E-07	1.45E-09	5.45E-07	3.06E-05	1.81E-07	2.44E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.22E-07	1.07E-05	1.38E-07	--	6.24E-07	2.34E-05	2.07E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.46E-10	2.15E-05	2.77E-10	4.71E-09	5.00E-10	2.08E-05	1.66E-10	3.53E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.84E-10	--	2.50E-10	--	4.52E-10	--	1.50E-10	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.32E-10	6.65E-07	1.42E-10	4.99E-11	2.57E-10	6.43E-07	8.54E-11	3.74E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.08E-09	1.02E-05	2.18E-09	5.22E-10	2.95E-09	7.37E-06	9.79E-10	2.94E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.85E-09	3.69E-06	7.91E-10	2.69E-10	1.07E-09	2.68E-06	3.56E-10	1.51E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.40E-09	2.80E-06	6.00E-10	2.04E-10	8.13E-10	2.03E-06	2.70E-10	1.15E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.06E-10	1.61E-05	3.45E-10	5.53E-09	6.24E-10	1.56E-05	2.07E-10	4.14E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.42E-08	1.71E-03	1.47E-08	2.93E-08	9.28E-08	5.80E-03	3.08E-08	7.70E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.94E-09	3.97E-04	3.40E-09	6.80E-09	2.15E-08	1.34E-03	7.14E-09	1.78E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.36E-06	--	1.01E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-10	3.23E-07	5.54E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.85E-09	6.17E-06	7.94E-10	1.19E-09	1.08E-09	3.77E-06	3.57E-10	5.64E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.31E-08	6.55E-08	5.62E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.31E-10	2.62E-07	5.61E-11	--	2.53E-12	2.03E-07	8.41E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.02E-10	--	3.01E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.12E-08	--	4.80E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.29E-11	6.46E-10	5.54E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.76E-06	9.21E-06	1.18E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.16E-08	--	4.96E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.62E-08	3.30E-07	1.98E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.67E-11	3.10E-07	1.14E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.48E-09	1.74E-07	1.49E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.63E-09	--	1.56E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.61E-08	8.69E-08	1.12E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		2.25E-03		1.E-06		7.41E-03		2.E-06

TABLE 18  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA OTTER CREEK 5 (OC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Child Receptor								Sediment							
	Surface Water				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.46E-08	4.10E-07	1.05E-08	2.11E-09	1.81E-08	3.01E-07	7.75E-09	1.55E-09
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.59E-07	1.80E-05	1.54E-07	2.16E-09	2.64E-07	5.29E-05	1.13E-07	6.34E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.83E-07	1.28E-06	1.64E-07	1.20E-07	3.66E-07	1.37E-06	1.57E-07	1.29E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.97E-07	4.93E-06	8.45E-08	6.17E-08	1.89E-07	5.30E-06	8.08E-08	6.63E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.40E-07	8.50E-06	1.46E-07	1.06E-08	3.25E-07	9.13E-06	1.39E-07	1.14E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.58E-07	5.28E-06	6.79E-08	--	1.51E-07	5.67E-06	6.49E-08	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.01E-07	6.72E-06	8.63E-08	6.30E-07	1.93E-07	7.21E-06	8.25E-08	6.77E-07
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.15E-07	1.38E-06	1.78E-07	1.30E-09	3.05E-07	1.14E-06	1.31E-07	1.07E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.31E-07	7.72E-07	9.92E-08	7.24E-07	2.21E-07	8.29E-07	9.48E-08	7.78E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.16E-07	7.90E-06	1.35E-07	--	2.32E-07	6.53E-06	9.96E-08	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.24E-07	8.10E-06	1.39E-07	1.01E-07	2.38E-07	6.69E-06	1.02E-07	8.38E-08
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.41E-07	2.21E-05	1.89E-07	2.27E-09	3.25E-07	1.82E-05	1.39E-07	1.88E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.05E-07	1.68E-05	2.16E-07	--	3.71E-07	1.39E-05	1.59E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.01E-09	3.38E-05	4.34E-10	7.38E-09	2.98E-10	1.24E-05	1.28E-10	2.71E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.16E-10	--	3.92E-10	--	2.69E-10	--	1.15E-10	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.21E-10	1.04E-06	2.23E-10	7.81E-11	1.53E-10	3.83E-07	6.57E-11	2.87E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.96E-09	1.59E-05	3.41E-09	8.18E-10	1.76E-09	4.39E-06	7.52E-10	2.26E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.89E-09	5.79E-06	1.24E-09	4.22E-10	6.38E-10	1.60E-06	2.74E-10	1.16E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.19E-09	4.39E-06	9.40E-10	3.20E-10	4.84E-10	1.21E-06	2.08E-10	8.82E-11
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.26E-09	2.53E-05	5.41E-10	8.66E-09	3.72E-10	9.29E-06	1.59E-10	3.18E-09
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.36E-08	2.68E-03	2.30E-08	4.60E-08	5.52E-08	3.45E-03	2.37E-08	5.92E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.24E-08	6.22E-04	5.33E-09	1.07E-08	1.28E-08	8.00E-04	5.49E-09	1.37E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.70E-06	--	1.59E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.03E-10	5.06E-07	8.68E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.90E-09	9.67E-06	1.24E-09	1.87E-09	6.40E-10	2.25E-06	2.74E-10	4.33E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.05E-08	1.03E-07	8.80E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.05E-10	4.10E-07	8.79E-11	--	1.51E-12	1.21E-07	6.47E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.10E-09	--	4.71E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.75E-08	--	7.52E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.03E-11	1.01E-09	8.68E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.33E-06	1.44E-05	1.86E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.81E-08	--	7.77E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.23E-08	5.17E-07	3.10E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.18E-11	4.86E-07	1.79E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.45E-09	2.73E-07	2.34E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	NA	NA	NA	NA	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.69E-09	--	2.44E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.09E-08	1.36E-07	1.75E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		3.52E-03		2.E-06		4.41E-03		2.E-06

Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)

Total Risk	Surface Water		Sediment	
	Ingestion	Dermal Contact	Ingestion	Dermal Contact
	0.E+00	0.E+00	3.E-06	5.E-06

TABLE 19  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 2 (DC-2)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Adult Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.07E-08	3.54E-06	3.03E-08	4.24E-10	1.35E-07	2.70E-05	5.78E-08	3.24E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.76E-07	9.21E-07	1.18E-07	8.65E-08	6.85E-07	2.57E-06	2.94E-07	2.41E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.10E-07	1.03E-05	1.76E-07	1.28E-07	1.02E-06	2.86E-05	4.36E-07	3.57E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.37E-07	1.09E-05	1.87E-07	1.37E-08	1.08E-06	3.04E-05	4.64E-07	3.81E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.30E-07	1.10E-05	1.41E-07	--	8.18E-07	3.06E-05	3.50E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.90E-07	1.63E-05	2.10E-07	1.53E-06	1.22E-06	4.55E-05	5.21E-07	4.27E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.55E-07	1.52E-06	1.95E-07	1.42E-09	8.67E-07	3.25E-06	3.72E-07	3.05E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.38E-08	2.13E-07	2.73E-08	1.99E-07	1.58E-07	5.92E-07	6.77E-08	5.56E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.62E-07	1.40E-05	2.41E-07	--	1.07E-06	3.01E-05	4.59E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.40E-07	8.50E-06	1.46E-07	1.06E-07	6.48E-07	1.82E-05	2.78E-07	2.28E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.78E-09	3.39E-07	2.90E-09	3.48E-11	1.29E-08	7.26E-07	5.54E-09	7.47E-11
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.13E-07	2.38E-05	3.06E-07	--	1.36E-06	5.09E-05	5.83E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.11E-10	2.70E-05	3.48E-10	5.91E-09	6.19E-10	2.58E-05	2.65E-10	5.64E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.60E-10	3.21E-07	6.88E-11	2.41E-11	1.22E-10	3.06E-07	5.25E-11	2.29E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.07E-07	2.14E-04	4.58E-08	1.10E-08	6.11E-08	1.53E-04	2.62E-08	7.86E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.09E-08	4.18E-05	8.95E-08	3.04E-09	1.19E-08	2.99E-05	5.12E-09	2.18E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.85E-09	9.70E-06	2.08E-09	7.07E-10	2.77E-09	6.94E-06	1.19E-09	5.05E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.16E-06	--	9.25E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.25E-09	1.08E-05	1.39E-09	2.09E-09	1.86E-09	6.52E-06	7.96E-10	1.26E-09
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.03E-08	5.14E-08	4.40E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.03E-11	1.61E-07	3.44E-11	--	1.53E-12	1.22E-07	6.56E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.48E-10	--	2.78E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.45E-09	--	1.05E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.92E-11	4.46E-09	3.82E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.75E-06	5.84E-06	7.51E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.61E-09	--	1.55E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.85E-08	2.04E-07	1.22E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.74E-12	1.02E-07	3.74E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.42E-09	1.21E-07	1.04E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.99E-09	--	1.28E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.44E-08	4.81E-08	6.18E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		4.11E-04		2.E-06		4.91E-04		6.E-06

TABLE 19  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 2 (DC-2)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Youth Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.32E-08	3.66E-06	3.14E-08	4.39E-10	1.42E-07	2.84E-05	4.71E-08	2.64E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.86E-07	9.54E-07	1.23E-07	8.96E-08	7.20E-07	2.70E-06	2.39E-07	1.96E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.25E-07	1.06E-05	1.82E-07	1.33E-07	1.07E-06	3.00E-05	3.55E-07	2.91E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.52E-07	1.13E-05	1.94E-07	1.42E-08	1.14E-06	3.20E-05	3.78E-07	3.10E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.42E-07	1.14E-05	1.46E-07	--	8.60E-07	3.22E-05	2.85E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.08E-07	1.69E-05	2.18E-07	1.59E-06	1.28E-06	4.79E-05	4.24E-07	3.48E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.71E-07	1.57E-06	2.02E-07	1.47E-09	9.11E-07	3.41E-06	3.03E-07	2.48E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.60E-08	2.20E-07	2.83E-08	2.07E-07	1.66E-07	6.22E-07	5.51E-08	4.52E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.82E-07	1.45E-05	2.49E-07	--	1.13E-06	3.16E-05	3.74E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.52E-07	8.80E-06	1.51E-07	1.10E-07	6.81E-07	1.91E-05	2.26E-07	1.85E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.02E-09	3.51E-07	3.01E-09	3.61E-11	1.36E-08	7.63E-07	4.51E-09	6.08E-11
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.39E-07	2.46E-05	3.17E-07	--	1.43E-06	5.35E-05	4.75E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.40E-10	2.80E-05	3.60E-10	6.12E-09	6.51E-10	2.71E-05	2.16E-10	4.59E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.66E-10	3.32E-07	7.12E-11	2.49E-11	1.29E-10	3.22E-07	4.27E-11	1.87E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.11E-07	2.21E-04	4.74E-08	1.14E-08	6.42E-08	1.61E-04	2.13E-08	6.40E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.16E-08	4.33E-05	9.27E-09	3.15E-09	1.26E-08	3.14E-05	4.17E-09	1.77E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.02E-09	1.00E-05	2.15E-09	7.32E-10	2.92E-09	7.29E-06	9.68E-10	4.12E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.24E-06	--	9.58E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.36E-09	1.12E-05	1.44E-09	2.16E-09	1.95E-09	6.85E-06	6.48E-10	1.02E-09
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.06E-08	5.32E-08	4.56E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.31E-11	1.66E-07	3.56E-11	--	1.61E-12	1.29E-07	5.34E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.71E-10	--	2.88E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.54E-09	--	1.09E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.23E-11	4.62E-09	3.96E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.82E-06	6.05E-06	7.78E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.73E-09	--	1.60E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.96E-08	2.11E-07	1.27E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.05E-12	1.05E-07	3.88E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.50E-09	1.25E-07	1.07E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.10E-09	--	1.33E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.49E-08	4.98E-08	6.40E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		4.26E-04		2.E-06		5.16E-04		5.E-06



TABLE 19  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 2 (DC-2)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Child Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.15E-07	5.74E-06	4.92E-08	6.88E-10	8.44E-08	1.69E-05	3.62E-08	2.03E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.48E-07	1.49E-06	1.92E-07	1.40E-07	4.29E-07	1.61E-06	1.84E-07	1.51E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.65E-07	1.66E-05	2.85E-07	2.08E-07	6.36E-07	1.79E-05	2.73E-07	2.24E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.09E-07	1.77E-05	3.04E-07	2.22E-08	6.78E-07	1.90E-05	2.90E-07	2.38E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.35E-07	1.78E-05	2.29E-07	--	5.12E-07	1.92E-05	2.19E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.96E-07	2.65E-05	3.41E-07	2.49E-06	7.61E-07	2.85E-05	3.26E-07	2.67E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.38E-07	2.46E-06	3.16E-07	2.31E-09	5.43E-07	2.03E-06	2.33E-07	1.91E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.03E-07	3.45E-07	4.43E-08	3.24E-07	9.89E-08	3.70E-07	4.24E-08	3.48E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.12E-07	2.28E-05	3.91E-07	--	6.70E-07	1.88E-05	2.87E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.51E-07	1.38E-05	2.36E-07	1.73E-07	4.06E-07	1.14E-05	1.74E-07	1.43E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.10E-08	5.50E-07	4.71E-09	5.65E-11	8.09E-09	4.54E-07	3.47E-09	4.67E-11
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.16E-06	3.86E-05	4.96E-07	--	8.51E-07	3.19E-05	3.65E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.32E-09	4.39E-05	5.64E-10	9.59E-09	3.87E-10	1.61E-05	1.66E-10	3.53E-09
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.60E-10	5.21E-07	1.12E-10	3.91E-11	7.66E-11	1.92E-07	3.28E-11	1.44E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.73E-07	3.47E-04	7.43E-08	1.78E-08	3.82E-08	9.56E-05	1.64E-08	4.92E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.39E-08	6.78E-05	1.45E-08	4.94E-09	7.48E-09	1.87E-05	3.20E-09	1.36E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.87E-09	1.57E-05	3.37E-09	1.15E-09	1.74E-09	4.34E-06	7.44E-10	3.16E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.50E-06	--	1.50E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.27E-09	1.76E-05	2.26E-09	3.39E-09	1.16E-09	4.08E-06	4.98E-10	7.87E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.67E-08	8.34E-08	7.15E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.30E-10	2.61E-07	5.58E-11	--	9.58E-13	7.66E-08	4.11E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.05E-09	--	4.51E-10	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.98E-09	--	1.70E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.45E-10	7.23E-09	6.20E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.84E-06	9.48E-06	1.22E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.85E-09	--	2.51E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.63E-08	3.31E-07	1.98E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.42E-11	1.65E-07	6.08E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.92E-09	1.96E-07	1.68E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.85E-09	--	2.08E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.34E-08	7.80E-08	1.00E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		6.67E-04		3.E-06		3.03E-04		4.E-06
<b>Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)</b>																
	Surface Water				Sediment											
	Ingestion		Dermal Contact		Ingestion		Dermal Contact									
<b>Total Risk</b>	0.E+00		0.E+00		5.E-06		9.E-06									

TABLE 20  
RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 3 (DC-3)  
DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Adult Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.37E-08	4.68E-06	4.01E-08	5.62E-10	1.79E-07	3.57E-05	7.65E-08	4.29E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.05E-07	6.84E-07	8.79E-08	6.42E-08	5.08E-07	1.90E-06	2.18E-07	1.79E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.22E-07	1.81E-05	3.10E-07	2.26E-07	1.79E-06	5.03E-05	7.67E-07	6.29E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.24E-07	1.56E-05	2.67E-07	1.95E-08	1.55E-06	4.35E-05	6.63E-07	5.44E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.90E-07	1.63E-05	2.10E-07	--	1.22E-06	4.55E-05	5.21E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.31E-07	2.44E-05	3.13E-07	2.29E-06	1.81E-06	6.79E-05	7.77E-07	6.37E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.07E-06	3.57E-06	4.59E-07	3.35E-09	2.04E-06	7.64E-06	8.74E-07	7.17E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.04E-07	3.48E-07	4.48E-08	3.27E-07	2.59E-07	9.70E-07	1.11E-07	9.10E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.77E-07	2.44E-05	4.19E-07	--	1.86E-06	5.23E-05	7.98E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.99E-07	1.25E-05	2.14E-07	1.56E-07	9.52E-07	2.67E-05	4.08E-07	3.35E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.86E-07	9.31E-06	7.98E-08	9.57E-10	3.55E-07	1.99E-05	1.52E-07	2.05E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.79E-07	2.60E-05	3.34E-07	--	1.49E-06	5.56E-05	6.37E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.66E-10	--	1.57E-10	--	2.79E-10	--	1.20E-10	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.90E-08	1.58E-04	3.38E-08	8.12E-09	4.52E-08	1.13E-04	1.94E-08	5.81E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.58E-08	7.17E-05	1.54E-08	5.22E-09	2.05E-08	5.12E-05	8.78E-09	3.73E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.33E-08	2.66E-05	5.69E-09	1.94E-09	7.60E-09	1.90E-05	3.26E-09	1.38E-09
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.60E-06	--	1.54E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.11E-09	7.03E-06	9.04E-10	1.36E-09	1.21E-09	4.23E-06	5.17E-10	8.16E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.82E-08	9.09E-08	7.79E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.07E-10	2.14E-07	4.58E-11	--	2.04E-12	1.63E-07	8.73E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.80E-09	--	1.63E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.35E-06	1.12E-05	1.44E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.47E-09	--	2.35E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.98E-08	3.56E-07	2.14E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.93E-11	2.24E-07	8.25E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.88E-09	2.94E-07	2.52E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-08	5.47E-08	7.03E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		4.31E-04		3.E-06		5.96E-04		9.E-06

TABLE 20  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 3 (DC-3)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Youth Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.70E-08	4.85E-06	4.16E-08	5.82E-10	1.88E-07	3.75E-05	6.23E-08	3.49E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.12E-07	7.08E-07	9.10E-08	6.64E-08	5.34E-07	2.00E-06	1.77E-07	1.45E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.48E-07	1.87E-05	3.21E-07	2.34E-07	1.88E-06	5.29E-05	6.25E-07	5.12E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.46E-07	1.62E-05	2.77E-07	2.02E-08	1.63E-06	4.57E-05	5.40E-07	4.43E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.08E-07	1.69E-05	2.18E-07	--	1.28E-06	4.79E-05	4.24E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.57E-07	2.52E-05	3.24E-07	2.37E-06	1.91E-06	7.13E-05	6.32E-07	5.19E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.11E-06	3.69E-06	4.75E-07	3.47E-09	2.14E-06	8.03E-06	7.12E-07	5.84E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.08E-07	3.61E-07	4.64E-08	3.39E-07	2.72E-07	1.02E-06	9.04E-08	7.41E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-06	2.53E-05	4.33E-07	--	1.96E-06	5.50E-05	6.50E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.17E-07	1.29E-05	2.22E-07	1.62E-07	1.00E-06	2.81E-05	3.32E-07	2.72E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.93E-07	9.64E-06	8.26E-08	9.92E-10	3.73E-07	2.10E-05	1.24E-07	1.67E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.07E-07	2.69E-05	3.46E-07	--	1.56E-06	5.85E-05	5.18E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.79E-10	--	1.63E-10	--	2.94E-10	--	9.75E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.18E-08	1.64E-04	3.51E-08	8.41E-09	4.75E-08	1.19E-04	1.58E-08	4.73E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.71E-08	7.42E-05	1.59E-08	5.41E-09	2.15E-08	5.39E-05	7.15E-09	3.04E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.38E-08	2.75E-05	5.90E-09	2.00E-09	7.99E-09	2.00E-05	2.65E-09	1.13E-09
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.73E-06	--	1.60E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.18E-09	7.28E-06	9.36E-10	1.40E-09	1.27E-09	4.45E-06	4.21E-10	6.65E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.88E-08	9.41E-08	8.07E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.11E-10	2.21E-07	4.74E-11	--	2.14E-12	1.71E-07	7.11E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.94E-09	--	1.69E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.47E-06	1.16E-05	1.49E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.67E-09	--	2.43E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.16E-08	3.69E-07	2.21E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.99E-11	2.32E-07	8.55E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.09E-09	3.05E-07	2.61E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.70E-08	5.66E-08	7.28E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		4.47E-04		3.E-06		6.26E-04		7.E-06

TABLE 20  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 3 (DC-3)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Child Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.52E-07	7.60E-06	6.51E-08	9.12E-10	1.12E-07	2.24E-05	4.79E-08	2.68E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.33E-07	1.11E-06	1.43E-07	1.04E-07	3.18E-07	1.19E-06	1.36E-07	1.12E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.17E-06	2.93E-05	5.02E-07	3.67E-07	1.12E-06	3.15E-05	4.80E-07	3.94E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-06	2.53E-05	4.34E-07	3.17E-08	9.68E-07	2.72E-05	4.15E-07	3.40E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.96E-07	2.65E-05	3.41E-07	--	7.61E-07	2.85E-05	3.26E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.19E-06	3.95E-05	5.08E-07	3.71E-06	1.13E-06	4.25E-05	4.86E-07	3.99E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.74E-06	5.79E-06	7.44E-07	5.43E-09	1.28E-06	4.78E-06	5.47E-07	4.49E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.70E-07	5.65E-07	7.27E-08	5.30E-07	1.62E-07	6.07E-07	6.95E-08	5.70E-07
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.58E-06	3.96E-05	6.79E-07	--	1.17E-06	3.27E-05	4.99E-07	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.10E-07	2.03E-05	3.47E-07	2.53E-07	5.96E-07	1.67E-05	2.55E-07	2.09E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.02E-07	1.51E-05	1.29E-07	1.55E-09	2.22E-07	1.25E-05	9.52E-08	1.28E-09
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.26E-06	4.21E-05	5.42E-07	--	9.30E-07	3.48E-05	3.98E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.95E-10	--	2.55E-10	--	1.75E-10	--	7.50E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.28E-07	2.56E-04	5.49E-08	1.32E-08	2.83E-08	7.07E-05	1.21E-08	3.63E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.81E-08	1.16E-04	2.49E-08	8.47E-09	1.28E-08	3.21E-05	5.50E-09	2.34E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.16E-08	4.31E-05	9.24E-09	3.14E-09	4.76E-09	1.19E-05	2.04E-09	8.66E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.84E-06	--	2.50E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.42E-09	1.14E-05	1.47E-09	2.20E-09	7.55E-10	2.65E-06	3.24E-10	5.11E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.95E-08	1.47E-07	1.26E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.73E-10	3.47E-07	7.43E-11	--	1.28E-12	1.02E-07	5.46E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.17E-09	--	2.64E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.43E-06	1.81E-05	2.33E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.88E-09	--	3.81E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.09E-08	5.78E-07	3.47E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.13E-11	3.63E-07	1.34E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.55E-09	4.77E-07	4.09E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.66E-08	8.87E-08	1.14E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		7.00E-04		5.E-06		3.73E-04		5.E-06
<b>Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)</b>																
	Surface Water				Sediment											
	Ingestion		Dermal Contact		Ingestion		Dermal Contact									
<b>Total Risk</b>	0.E+00		0.E+00		8.E-06		1.E-05									

TABLE 21  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 4 (DC-4)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Adult Receptor								Sediment							
	Surface Water				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.60E-07	8.02E-06	6.88E-08	9.63E-10	3.06E-07	6.12E-05	1.31E-07	7.34E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.50E-06	5.01E-06	6.44E-07	4.70E-07	3.73E-06	1.40E-05	1.60E-06	1.31E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.07E-07	2.27E-05	3.89E-07	2.84E-07	2.25E-06	6.31E-05	9.63E-07	7.90E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.56E-07	2.14E-05	3.67E-07	2.68E-08	2.12E-06	5.96E-05	9.09E-07	7.45E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.80E-07	2.27E-05	2.91E-07	--	1.69E-06	6.31E-05	7.22E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.06E-06	3.53E-05	4.54E-07	3.32E-06	2.63E-06	9.84E-05	1.13E-06	9.23E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.19E-06	3.95E-06	5.08E-07	3.71E-09	2.26E-06	8.47E-06	9.69E-07	7.95E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.20E-07	7.32E-07	9.41E-08	6.87E-07	5.44E-07	2.04E-06	2.33E-07	1.91E-06
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.32E-06	8.29E-05	1.42E-06	--	6.32E-06	1.78E-04	2.71E-06	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.68E-07	1.92E-05	3.29E-07	2.40E-07	1.46E-06	4.11E-05	6.28E-07	5.15E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.66E-08	4.33E-06	3.71E-08	4.45E-10	1.65E-07	9.28E-06	7.08E-08	9.54E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.06E-06	1.02E-04	1.31E-06	--	5.83E-06	2.18E-04	2.50E-06	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.66E-10	--	1.57E-10	--	2.79E-10	--	1.20E-10	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.29E-10	1.66E-06	3.55E-10	1.24E-10	6.32E-10	1.58E-06	2.71E-10	1.19E-10
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.98E-08	7.95E-05	1.70E-08	4.09E-09	2.27E-08	5.68E-05	9.75E-09	2.92E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.35E-08	6.71E-05	1.44E-08	4.89E-09	1.92E-08	4.79E-05	8.22E-09	3.49E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.00E-09	8.00E-06	1.72E-09	5.83E-10	2.29E-09	5.72E-06	9.81E-10	4.17E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.60E-08	8.02E-04	6.88E-09	1.38E-08	4.28E-08	2.68E-03	1.84E-08	4.59E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-08	5.07E-04	4.34E-09	8.68E-09	2.70E-08	1.69E-03	1.16E-08	2.90E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.68E-06	--	1.15E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.89E-09	6.30E-06	8.11E-10	1.22E-09	1.08E-09	3.80E-06	4.64E-10	7.32E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.35E-08	6.76E-08	5.79E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.42E-10	2.83E-07	6.07E-11	--	2.70E-12	2.16E-07	1.16E-12	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.64E-09	--	2.42E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.70E-06	1.23E-05	1.59E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.24E-08	--	5.32E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.95E-08	2.82E-07	1.69E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.59E-11	1.84E-07	6.79E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.89E-09	2.44E-07	2.10E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.84E-08	9.47E-08	1.22E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		1.81E-03		5.E-06		5.30E-03		1.E-05

TABLE 21  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 4 (DC-4)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON CREEKS  
 Youth Receptor

Chemical	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.66E-07	8.31E-06	7.12E-08	9.97E-10	3.22E-07	6.43E-05	1.07E-07	5.98E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.56E-06	5.19E-06	6.67E-07	4.87E-07	3.92E-06	1.47E-05	1.30E-06	1.07E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.39E-07	2.35E-05	4.03E-07	2.94E-07	2.36E-06	6.64E-05	7.84E-07	6.43E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.86E-07	2.22E-05	3.80E-07	2.77E-08	2.23E-06	6.26E-05	7.40E-07	6.07E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.04E-07	2.35E-05	3.02E-07	--	1.77E-06	6.64E-05	5.88E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.10E-06	3.66E-05	4.70E-07	3.43E-06	2.76E-06	1.03E-04	9.17E-07	7.52E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.23E-06	4.09E-06	5.26E-07	3.84E-09	2.38E-06	8.90E-06	7.89E-07	6.47E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.27E-07	7.58E-07	9.75E-08	7.12E-07	5.72E-07	2.14E-06	1.90E-07	1.56E-06
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.43E-06	8.59E-05	1.47E-06	--	6.65E-06	1.87E-04	2.21E-06	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.95E-07	1.99E-05	3.41E-07	2.49E-07	1.54E-06	4.32E-05	5.11E-07	4.19E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.97E-08	4.48E-06	3.84E-08	4.61E-10	1.74E-07	9.75E-06	5.76E-08	7.77E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.16E-06	1.05E-04	1.36E-06	--	6.13E-06	2.29E-04	2.03E-06	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.79E-10	--	1.63E-10	--	2.94E-10	--	9.75E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.59E-10	1.72E-06	3.68E-10	1.29E-10	6.65E-10	1.66E-06	2.21E-10	9.65E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.12E-08	8.23E-05	1.76E-08	4.23E-09	2.39E-08	5.98E-05	7.94E-09	2.38E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.47E-08	6.94E-05	1.49E-08	5.06E-09	2.02E-08	5.04E-05	6.69E-09	2.84E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.14E-09	8.29E-06	1.78E-09	6.04E-10	2.41E-09	6.02E-06	7.99E-10	3.40E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.66E-08	8.31E-04	7.12E-09	1.42E-08	4.50E-08	2.81E-03	1.49E-08	3.74E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.05E-08	5.25E-04	4.50E-09	8.99E-09	2.84E-08	1.78E-03	9.44E-09	2.36E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.77E-06	--	1.19E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.96E-09	6.53E-06	8.39E-10	1.26E-09	1.14E-09	3.99E-06	3.78E-10	5.96E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.40E-08	7.00E-08	6.00E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.47E-10	2.93E-07	6.28E-11	--	2.84E-12	2.27E-07	9.42E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.84E-09	--	2.50E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.83E-06	1.28E-05	1.64E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.28E-08	--	5.51E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.09E-08	2.92E-07	1.75E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-11	1.91E-07	7.04E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.06E-09	2.53E-07	2.17E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.94E-08	9.81E-08	1.26E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		1.88E-03		5.E-06		5.57E-03		1.E-05

TABLE 21  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 4 (DC-4)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Child Receptor								Sediment							
	Surface Water				Sediment				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.60E-07	1.30E-05	1.12E-07	1.56E-09	1.92E-07	3.83E-05	8.21E-08	4.60E-09
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.44E-06	8.13E-06	1.05E-06	7.63E-07	2.33E-06	8.73E-06	9.99E-07	8.20E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.47E-06	3.68E-05	6.31E-07	4.60E-07	1.41E-06	3.95E-05	6.03E-07	4.95E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.39E-06	3.47E-05	5.95E-07	4.34E-08	1.33E-06	3.73E-05	5.69E-07	4.67E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.10E-06	3.68E-05	4.73E-07	--	1.05E-06	3.95E-05	4.52E-07	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.72E-06	5.73E-05	7.37E-07	5.38E-06	1.64E-06	6.16E-05	7.04E-07	5.78E-06
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.92E-06	6.41E-06	8.25E-07	6.02E-09	1.42E-06	5.30E-06	6.07E-07	4.97E-09
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.56E-07	1.19E-06	1.53E-07	1.12E-06	3.41E-07	1.28E-06	1.46E-07	1.20E-06
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.38E-06	1.35E-04	2.31E-06	--	3.96E-06	1.11E-04	1.70E-06	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.25E-06	3.12E-05	5.34E-07	3.90E-07	9.16E-07	2.57E-05	3.93E-07	3.22E-07
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.41E-07	7.03E-06	6.02E-08	7.23E-10	1.03E-07	5.81E-06	4.43E-08	5.97E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.96E-06	1.65E-04	2.12E-06	--	3.65E-06	1.37E-04	1.56E-06	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.95E-10	--	2.55E-10	--	1.75E-10	--	7.50E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.35E-09	2.69E-06	5.77E-10	2.02E-10	3.96E-10	9.89E-07	1.70E-10	7.42E-11
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.45E-08	1.29E-04	2.76E-08	6.63E-09	1.42E-08	3.56E-05	6.10E-09	1.83E-09
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.44E-08	1.09E-04	2.33E-08	7.93E-09	1.20E-08	3.00E-05	5.14E-09	2.19E-09
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.49E-09	1.30E-05	2.78E-09	9.46E-10	1.43E-09	3.58E-06	6.14E-10	2.61E-10
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.60E-08	1.30E-03	1.12E-08	2.23E-08	2.68E-08	1.68E-03	1.15E-08	2.87E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-08	8.22E-04	7.05E-09	1.41E-08	1.69E-08	1.06E-03	7.25E-09	1.81E-08
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.34E-06	--	1.86E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.07E-09	1.02E-05	1.32E-09	1.97E-09	6.77E-10	2.38E-06	2.90E-10	4.58E-10
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.19E-08	1.10E-07	9.40E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.30E-10	4.59E-07	9.84E-11	--	1.69E-12	1.35E-07	7.24E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.15E-09	--	3.92E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.01E-06	2.00E-05	2.57E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.01E-08	--	8.63E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.41E-08	4.58E-07	2.75E-08	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.57E-11	2.99E-07	1.10E-11	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.93E-09	3.97E-07	3.40E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.61E-08	1.54E-07	1.98E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		2.94E-03		8.E-06		3.32E-03		9.E-06
<b>Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)</b>																
	<b>Surface Water</b>				<b>Sediment</b>											
	<b>Ingestion</b>		<b>Dermal Contact</b>		<b>Ingestion</b>		<b>Dermal Contact</b>									
<b>Total Risk</b>	0.E+00		0.E+00		1.E-05		2.E-05									

TABLE 22  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 5 (DC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Adult Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.57E-07	1.78E-05	1.53E-07	2.14E-09	6.80E-07	1.36E-04	2.91E-07	1.63E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.99E-08	2.33E-07	2.99E-08	2.19E-08	1.73E-07	6.49E-07	7.42E-08	6.09E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.21E-08	1.55E-06	2.66E-08	1.94E-08	1.54E-07	4.32E-06	6.59E-08	5.41E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.12E-08	2.04E-06	2.62E-08	1.92E-07	1.52E-07	5.68E-06	6.50E-08	5.34E-07
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-07	3.38E-07	4.34E-08	3.17E-10	1.93E-07	7.23E-07	8.28E-08	6.79E-10
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.08E-07	2.71E-06	4.65E-08	--	2.07E-07	5.81E-06	8.87E-08	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.25E-08	3.62E-06	3.11E-08	3.73E-10	1.38E-07	7.76E-06	5.92E-08	7.99E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.60E-07	5.35E-06	6.88E-08	--	3.06E-07	1.15E-05	1.31E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.84E-10	--	1.22E-10	--	2.17E-10	--	9.30E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.38E-09	4.75E-06	1.02E-09	2.44E-10	1.36E-09	3.40E-06	5.82E-10	1.75E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.59E-09	3.18E-06	6.81E-10	2.32E-10	9.09E-10	2.27E-06	3.90E-10	1.66E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.16E-09	3.08E-04	2.64E-09	5.28E-09	1.64E-08	1.03E-03	7.05E-09	1.76E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.83E-07	--	3.35E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.24E-09	1.41E-05	1.82E-09	2.73E-09	2.43E-09	8.52E-06	1.04E-09	1.64E-09
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.15E-08	5.75E-08	4.93E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.86E-10	3.73E-07	7.99E-11	--	3.55E-12	2.84E-07	1.52E-12	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.42E-09	--	1.47E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.71E-06	5.71E-06	7.34E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.79E-09	--	3.77E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.02E-11	1.18E-07	4.36E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.21E-09	2.10E-07	1.80E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.31E-08	7.70E-08	9.90E-09	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		3.70E-04		2.E-07		1.21E-03		7.E-07



TABLE 22  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 5 (DC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Youth Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.69E-07	1.85E-05	1.58E-07	2.22E-09	7.15E-07	1.43E-04	2.37E-07	1.33E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.24E-08	2.41E-07	3.10E-08	2.26E-08	1.82E-07	6.82E-07	6.04E-08	4.96E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.43E-08	1.61E-06	2.75E-08	2.01E-08	1.62E-07	4.54E-06	5.37E-08	4.40E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.34E-08	2.11E-06	2.72E-08	1.98E-07	1.60E-07	5.98E-06	5.30E-08	4.34E-07
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.05E-07	3.50E-07	4.50E-08	3.28E-10	2.03E-07	7.61E-07	6.74E-08	5.53E-10
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.12E-07	2.81E-06	4.82E-08	--	2.17E-07	6.11E-06	7.22E-08	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7.51E-08	3.75E-06	3.22E-08	3.86E-10	1.45E-07	8.16E-06	4.82E-08	6.50E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.66E-07	5.54E-06	7.12E-08	--	3.22E-07	1.20E-05	1.07E-07	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.95E-10	--	1.26E-10	--	2.28E-10	--	7.57E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.46E-09	4.92E-06	1.05E-09	2.53E-10	1.43E-09	3.57E-06	4.74E-10	1.42E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.65E-09	3.29E-06	7.06E-10	2.40E-10	9.56E-10	2.39E-06	3.17E-10	1.35E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.38E-09	3.19E-04	2.73E-09	5.47E-09	1.73E-08	1.08E-03	5.74E-09	1.43E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.11E-07	--	3.47E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.40E-09	1.47E-05	1.88E-09	2.83E-09	2.55E-09	8.95E-06	8.47E-10	1.34E-09
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.19E-08	5.96E-08	5.10E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.93E-10	3.86E-07	8.27E-11	--	3.74E-12	2.99E-07	1.24E-12	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.55E-09	--	1.52E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.77E-06	5.91E-06	7.60E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.10E-09	--	3.90E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.05E-11	1.22E-07	4.51E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.36E-09	2.18E-07	1.87E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.39E-08	7.97E-08	1.02E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		3.78E-04		3.E-07		1.28E-03		6.E-07

TABLE 22  
 RECEPTOR-SPECIFIC EXPOSURE, HAZARD, AND RISK RESULTS:  
 EXPOSURE AREA DUCK CREEK 5 (DC-5)  
 DUCK AND OTTER CREEKS  
 TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO

Chemical	Child Receptor															
	Surface Water								Sediment							
	Ingestion				Dermal Contact				Ingestion				Dermal Contact			
	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk	ADD	Hazard	LADD	Risk
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Semivolatile Organic Compounds</b>																
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.79E-07	2.89E-05	2.48E-07	3.47E-09	4.26E-07	8.51E-05	1.82E-07	1.02E-08
Bromodichloromethane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.13E-07	3.78E-07	4.86E-08	3.55E-08	1.08E-07	4.06E-07	4.65E-08	3.81E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.01E-07	2.52E-06	4.32E-08	3.15E-08	9.63E-08	2.70E-06	4.13E-08	3.38E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Benzo(a)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9.94E-08	3.31E-06	4.26E-08	3.11E-07	9.50E-08	3.56E-06	4.07E-08	3.34E-07
Chrysene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.64E-07	5.48E-07	7.04E-08	5.14E-10	1.21E-07	4.53E-07	5.18E-08	4.25E-10
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fluoranthene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.76E-07	4.40E-06	7.54E-08	--	1.29E-07	3.64E-06	5.55E-08	--
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Naphthalene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.18E-07	5.88E-06	5.04E-08	6.05E-10	8.65E-08	4.86E-06	3.71E-08	5.00E-10
Phenolics (Phenol)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pyrene	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.60E-07	8.68E-06	1.12E-07	--	1.92E-07	7.17E-06	8.21E-08	--
<b>Pesticides/Polychlorinated Biphenyls</b>																
Aldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
alpha-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
delta-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.61E-10	--	1.98E-10	--	1.36E-10	--	5.82E-11	--
gamma-BHC	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
gamma-Chlordane	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4,4'-DDD	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.85E-09	7.71E-06	1.65E-09	3.96E-10	8.50E-10	2.13E-06	3.64E-10	1.09E-10
4,4'-DDE	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.58E-09	5.16E-06	1.11E-09	3.76E-10	5.69E-10	1.42E-06	2.44E-10	1.04E-10
4,4'-DDT	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dieldrin	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heptachlor epoxide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Aroclor 1254	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.00E-08	5.00E-04	4.28E-09	8.57E-09	1.03E-08	6.43E-04	4.41E-09	1.10E-08
Aroclor 1260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Metals</b>																
Aluminum	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.27E-06	--	5.44E-07	--	--	--	--	--
Antimony	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arsenic	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.89E-09	2.30E-05	2.95E-09	4.43E-09	1.52E-09	5.33E-06	6.51E-10	1.03E-09
Barium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.87E-08	9.33E-08	8.00E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cadmium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.02E-10	6.05E-07	1.30E-10	--	2.22E-12	1.78E-07	9.53E-13	--
Cobalt	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Copper	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.55E-09	--	2.38E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Cyanide	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Iron	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.78E-06	9.26E-06	1.19E-06	--	--	--	--	--
Lead	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.43E-08	--	6.11E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Manganese	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mercury	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1.65E-11	1.92E-07	7.07E-12	--	--	--	--	--
Nickel	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6.83E-09	3.41E-07	2.93E-09	--	--	--	--	--
Selenium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Thallium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vanadium	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Zinc	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.75E-08	1.25E-07	1.61E-08	--	--	--	--	--
<b>Total</b>		0.00E+00		0.E+00		0.00E+00		0.E+00		6.01E-04		4.E-07		7.60E-04		4.E-07
<b>Total Risk = Total Risk (Adult) + Total Risk (Child)</b>																
	<b>Surface Water</b>				<b>Sediment</b>											
	<b>Ingestion</b>		<b>Dermal Contact</b>		<b>Ingestion</b>		<b>Dermal Contact</b>									
<b>Total Risk</b>	0.E+00		0.E+00		6.E-07		1.E-06									

**TABLE 23**  
**SUMMARY OF EXPOSEURE AREA-, RECEPTOR-, AND EXPOSURE PATHWAY - SPECIFIC AND TOTAL RISKS AND HAZARDS**  
**HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT**  
**DUCK AND OTTER CREEK**  
**TOLEDO AND OREGON, OHIO**

Exposure Pathway	OC-3		OC-4		OC-5		DC-2		DC-3		DC-4		DC-5	
	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk	Hazard	Risk
<b>Adult Receptors</b>														
Surface Water - Ingestion	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07	4.1E-03	2E-07
Surface Water - Dermal	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07	2.5E-03	2E-07
Sediment - Ingestion	1.1E-03	1E-06	8.5E-03	1E-06	2.2E-03	1E-06	4.1E-04	2E-06	4.3E-04	3E-06	1.8E-03	5E-06	3.7E-04	2E-07
Sediment - Dermal	3.7E-03	3E-06	2.9E-02	3E-06	7.1E-03	3E-06	4.9E-04	6E-06	6.0E-04	9E-06	5.3E-03	1E-05	1.2E-03	7E-07
Totals	1.1E-02	4E-06	4.4E-02	4E-06	1.6E-02	4E-06	7.5E-03	8E-06	7.6E-03	1E-05	1.4E-02	2E-05	8.2E-03	1E-06
<b>Youth Receptors</b>														
Surface Water - Ingestion	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08	1.2E-03	5E-08
Surface Water - Dermal	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07	7.9E-02	2E-07
Sediment - Ingestion	1.2E-03	1E-06	8.8E-03	1E-06	2.3E-03	1E-06	4.3E-04	2E-06	4.5E-04	3E-06	1.9E-03	5E-06	3.8E-04	3E-07
Sediment - Dermal	3.9E-03	3E-06	3.0E-02	2E-06	7.4E-03	2E-06	5.2E-04	5E-06	5.2E-04	7E-06	5.6E-03	1E-05	1.3E-03	6E-07
Totals	8.5E-02	5E-06	1.2E-01	3E-06	9.0E-02	3E-06	8.1E-02	7E-06	8.1E-02	1E-05	8.8E-02	2E-05	8.2E-02	1E-06
<b>Child Receptors</b>														
Surface Water - Ingestion	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08	9.6E-04	4E-08
Surface Water - Dermal	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07	9.0E-02	3E-07
Sediment - Ingestion	1.8E-03	2E-06	1.4E-02	2E-06	3.5E-03	2E-06	6.7E-04	3E-06	7.0E-04	5E-06	2.9E-03	8E-06	6.0E-04	4E-07
Sediment - Dermal	2.3E-03	2E-06	1.8E-02	2E-06	4.4E-03	2E-06	3.0E-04	4E-06	3.7E-04	5E-06	3.2E-03	9E-06	7.6E-04	4E-07
Totals	9.5E-02	4E-06	1.2E-01	3E-06	9.9E-02	4E-06	9.2E-02	8E-06	9.2E-02	1E-05	9.7E-02	2E-05	9.2E-02	1E-06
<b>Total - Adult and Child</b>														
Surface Water - Ingestion	--	4E-08	--	4E-08	--	4E-08	--	4E-08	--	4E-08	--	4E-08	--	4E-08
Surface Water - Dermal	--	2E-08	--	2E-08	--	2E-08	--	2E-08	--	2E-08	--	2E-08	--	2E-08
Sediment - Ingestion	--	3E-06	--	3E-06	--	3E-06	--	5E-06	--	8E-06	--	1E-05	--	6E-07
Sediment - Dermal	--	5E-06	--	5E-06	--	5E-06	--	9E-06	--	1E-05	--	2E-05	--	1E-06
Totals	--	8E-06	--	8E-06	--	8E-06	--	1E-05	--	2E-05	--	3E-05	--	2E-06

NOTES: DC - Duck Creek  
OC - Otter Creek  
-- not calculated

**APPENDIX A**

**PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG, DUCK AND OTTER CREEK SITE VISIT,  
FEBRUARY 2 AND 3, 2005**

(34 Pages)



Photograph No. 1

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at CSX Transportation; west of point where Otter Creek Road becomes Bayshore Road.

Location: Otter Creek (1)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 2

Orientation: South

Description: Otter Creek at CSX Transportation; west of point where Otter Creek Road becomes Bayshore Road.

Location: Otter Creek (1)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 3

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Millard Avenue bridge; note large number of rail tracks and two sets of pipes crossing creek.

Location: Otter Creek (2)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 4

Orientation: South

Description: Otter Creek at Millard Avenue bridge; note wells associated with Westover Landfill above east bank at top of photo.

Location: Otter Creek (2)

Date: February 2, 2005





Photograph No. 5  
Orientation: North  
Description: Duck Creek at Millard Avenue bridge

Location: Duck Creek (3)  
Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 6

Orientation: South

Description: Duck Creek at Millard Avenue bridge. Note wetland plants on both sides of creek.

Location: Duck Creek (3)

Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 7

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at York Street; note two pipelines crossing creek

Location: Otter Creek (4)

Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 8

Orientation: South

Description: Otter Creek at York Street; note single pipeline crossing creek

Location: Otter Creek (4)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 9

Orientation: North

Description: Duck Creek at York Street; Duck Creek enters Collins Park Golf Course immediately south of York Street.

Location: Duck Creek (5)

Date: February 2, 2005





Photograph No. 10

Orientation: North

Description: Duck Creek at Consaul Street; Consaul Street is the southern boundary of Collins Park Golf Course. Note: (1) pipeline and 55-gallon drum frozen in creek and (2) tunnel in background through which Duck Creek goes underground as it flows north.

Location: Duck Creek (6)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 11

Orientation: North

Description: Duck Creek at Consaul Street; close-up of tunnel in Photograph No. 10

Location: Duck Creek (6)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 12  
Orientation: North  
Description: Otter Creek at Consaul Street and Torch Drive

Location: Otter Creek (7)  
Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.





Photograph No. 13  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Consaul Street and Torch Drive

Location: Otter Creek (7)  
Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 14

Orientation: West-Southwest

Description: Duck Creek at Wheeling Street; this is the likely location of wetland restoration project

Location: Duck Creek (8)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 15

Orientation: West

Description: Duck Creek at Wheeling Street; this is the likely location of wetland restoration project

Location: Duck Creek (8)

Date: February 2, 2005





Photograph No. 16

Orientation: Southwest

Description: Hecklinger Pond – headwaters of Duck Creek; note warning signs.

Location: Duck Creek (9)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 17

Orientation: South-Southwest

Description: Hecklinger Pond; close-up of warning signs

Location: Duck Creek (9)

Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in “location” refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 18

Orientation: West

Description: Hecklinger Pond; note steep bank of north shore and storm water drain (small rectangular shape) at far (west) end of pond.

Location: Duck Creek (9)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 19

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Wheeling Street; houses are located along east side of creek at this point

Location: Otter Creek (10)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 20  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Wheeling Street

Location: Otter Creek (10)  
Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.





Photograph No. 21

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Starr Avenue near east side of Church of the Nazarene school parking lot.  
Note ladder used as bridge across creek and adjacent homes.

Location: Otter Creek (11)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 22

Orientation: South

Description: Otter Creek at Starr Avenue near east side of Church of the Nazarene school parking lot.

Location: Otter Creek (11)

Date: February 2, 2005





Photograph No. 23

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Earlwood Avenue; Highway 280 is immediately adjacent to the south

Location: Otter Creek (12)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 24

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Navarre Road; note Auto Max store on east side above creek

Location: Otter Creek (13)

Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 25  
Orientation: North  
Description: Otter Creek at Willow Cemetery, north of Pickle Road; note debris trapped at entrance to tunnel going beneath Sunoco property

Location: Otter Creek (14)  
Date: February 2, 2005



Photograph No. 26  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Willow Cemetery; note Sunoco operations above creek on east side

Location: Otter Creek (14)  
Date: February 2, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.





Photograph No. 27  
Orientation: East  
Description: Otter Creek at Yarrow Street

Location: Otter Creek (15)  
Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 28  
Orientation: West  
Description: Otter Creek at Taylor Road; note 4-wheel track used to access area along north side of creek.

Location: Otter Creek (16)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 29  
Orientation: East  
Description: Otter Creek at Taylor Road

Location: Otter Creek (16)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 30

Orientation: East

Description: Otter Creek at Whittlesey Avenue and Worth Street; note 4-wheel tracks heading east toward creek. Note creek at tree line.

Location: Otter Creek (17)

Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 31

Orientation: East

Description: Otter Creek at Whittlesey Avenue and Worth Street; note 4-wheel tracks heading east toward creek. Note creek at tree line.

Location: Otter Creek (17)

Date: February 3, 2005





Photograph No. 32

Orientation: East

Description: Otter Creek at Whittlesey Avenue and Worth Street; note new storm drain

Location: Otter Creek (17)

Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 33

Orientation: East

Description: Otter Creek at Grasser Street and Ridgeway Drive. Creek is in depression near center of photo. Area across (east) of creek is used for paintball games.

Location: Otter Creek (18)

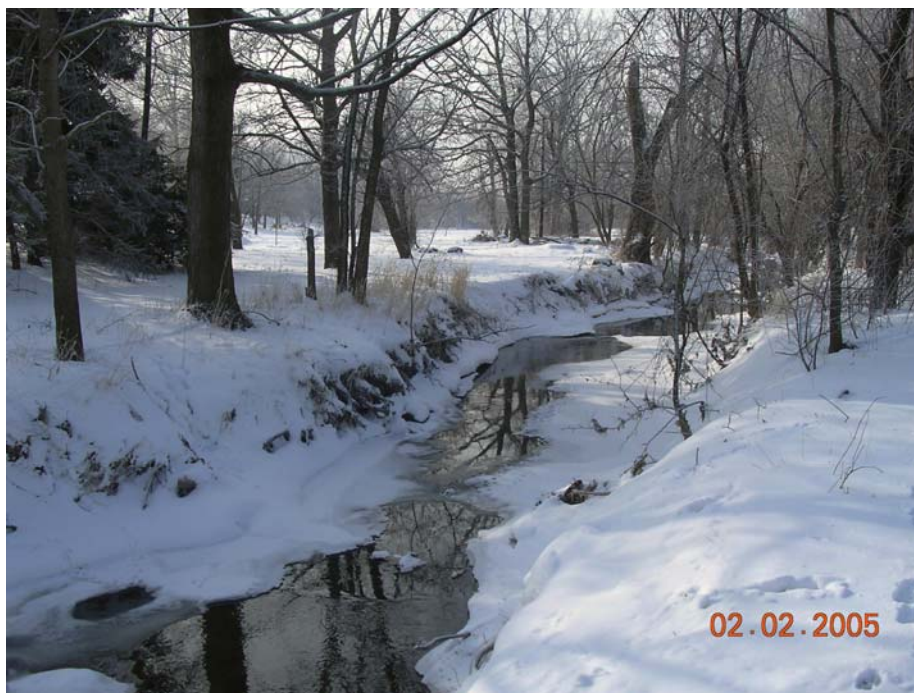
Date: February 3, 2005





Photograph No. 34  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Starr Avenue; note culvert and open water 6 inches to 1 foot deep

Location: Otter Creek (19)  
Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 35  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Pickle Road; note open land east of creek

Location: Otter Creek (20)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 36  
Orientation: South  
Description: Otter Creek at Oakdale Avenue

Location: Otter Creek (21)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.





Photograph No. 37

Orientation: South

Description: Otter Creek at Oakdale Avenue; note wetland vegetation west of creek

Location: Otter Creek (21)

Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 38

Orientation: North

Description: Duck Creek at Ravine Park, west of Wheeling Street and north of Lutheran Housing Service; note likely location of wetland restoration project

Location: Duck Creek (22)

Date: February 3, 2005





Photograph No. 39  
Orientation: West  
Description: View of likely wetland restoration project – north side (Ridgeway Community trailer park at top of bank)

Location: Duck Creek (8)  
Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 40  
Orientation: West  
Description: View of likely wetland restoration project – north side (trailer park at top of bank); note Lutheran Housing Service at far left

Location: Duck Creek (8)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in “location” refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.



Photograph No. 41

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Starr Avenue; path going into paintball area east of creek

Location: Otter Creek (23)

Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 42

Orientation: North

Description: Otter Creek at Starr Avenue; paintball area (creek is going from left to right) is about 80% up from bottom of photo.

Location: Otter Creek (23)

Date: February 3, 2005





Photograph No. 43  
Orientation: North  
Description: Otter Creek north of Starr Avenue; paintball area on east side of the creek at this location

Location: Otter Creek (23)  
Date: February 3, 2005



Photograph No. 44  
Orientation: North  
Description: Headwaters of Otter Creek at Tracy Road and Wales Road. Turner Vault Co. (casket makers) just to the west of photo location. Ditch south of Wales Road drains field south of Wales Road and feeds into Otter Creek.

Location: Otter Creek (24)  
Date: February 3, 2005

Note: Disregard the date on the actual photograph, as it was off by one day. All photographs indicating 02.01.2005 were taken on 02/02/05 and photographs indicating 02.02.2005 were taken on 02/03/05. The dates in the text are correct. Also, the parenthetical number in "location" refers to the location at which the photograph was taken, as shown in the figures.

**APPENDIX B**

**ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

(Not included here – are included as part of project database)